The New-York Times.

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THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.

THE DOUGLAS BARBECUE.

Thirty Thousand People in Jones' Wood.

The "Grand Political Carnival and Ox-Roast" Declared a Success.

The Democracy Attack the Beef Stands and Demolish the Edibles.

Speeches of Messrs. Douglas and Johnson.

Remarks of Auguste Belmont and Others.

Processions, Music, Transparencies, Cannon, &c.

POLITICAL INDICATIONS ELSEWHERE.

The Douglas Democrats held a large meeting at Jones' Wood yesterday. The "Grand Political Carnival and Ox-roast," so extensively advertised, drew together an assemblage of from 20,000 to 30,000 people. The monstrous blue eagle in the poster, that stared citizens in the face from every board fence and new brick wall, from whose beak streamed the pleonastic placard, "*Popular* Sovereignty of the *People*," was not limned for nothing. Early in the day the beef-eating Democrats began to gather without the inclosure from which the viands were to be dispensed. The native voters and the unnaturalized votaries of the party on empty stomachs wended to the Wood, and awaited the feast for which they had reserved their appetites. But disappointment waits on expectation. Of all those who for hours stood there in hungry anticipation, comparatively few obtained a dinner. An ox, a sheep, a calf, and a hog, were the sacrifices by which the people were sought to be propitiated. The ox, it is said, weighed 2,200 pounds before it was slaughtered, and was from Kentucky. All were presented by New-York butchers, and were killed on Monday. At 6 P. M. on that day the cooking commenced. In a trench sixteen feet long, eight feet wide, and five feet deep, lined with stone, a fire was built, and when the heat became intense, the ox spitted on a young hickory tree, forty-eight feet long, was laid across the hole. Every now and then the spit was turned, that the meat might be equably roasted on all sides. The fire occupied only a portion of the bottom of the trench. On the other part tin pans were laid, in which the juice of the meat was caught. Into these the necessary condiments were thrown, and the cooks, with long dippers, poured the gravy thus seasoned upon the beef. With long-handled pitchforks they supported the huge roasting piece when it needed support, and from time to time tested the tenderness of the side turned towards the fire. The veteran Palmo was chief cook, and four assistants divided his labors. Councilman Campbell had the general superintendence of the barbecue. The cooking of the ox occupied twelve hours, and was completed early yesterday morning. The other animals were first prepared for food. Besides these, there were 2,000 loaves of bread, and 10 barrels of Boston crackers. Most of those who went to the Wood at a seasonable hour supposed that the roasting would take place before their eyes, and were by no means pleased to find the cooks already engaged in cutting the meat into slices.

It was nearly 2 o'clock, and everything was prepared for the orderly and quiet feeding of the people, when,—*cito concurritur*,—there was a sudden rush, the barriers were overthrown, the policemen and the cooks were driven back, and Popular Sovereignty in its most extended signification was practically exemplified. Around and upon the tables that groaned under the dismembered parts of the ox and his fellow-victims the crowd swarmed like so many ants. There was a wild scramble for the choice bits; a pulling and hauling at greasy bones and gravy-soaked fibre, a *melée* over the rind of pork, a tossing of crackers and bread and meat hither and thither, and the barbecue was ended. The timid among the hungry ones went unfed, and were left to

> "Whet the hungry edge of appetite
> By bare imagination of a feast;"

while those who went forward wasted more than they ate, and sturdy beggars, who had got wind of the free lunch and were present in great numbers, speedily made way with the morsels that were scattered around. One of these, an old man, mounted on crutches, managed to strap a huge side of mutton on his back and thus accoutred hobbled off towards the entrance of Jones' Wood, to the astonishment of the throngs that he met still pouring in at the gateway.

It was shortly after this scene occurred that Mr. Douglas arrived on the ground in a covered carriage, accompanied by the Committee appointed to escort him. Immediately the carriage was surrounded by a vociferating crowd, which accompanied it to the hotel, where Mr. Douglas alighted and with some difficulty was conveyed into the building, his adherents shouting the while as if they expected that in the event of his election he would remember the tone of every one of them and reward each in proportion to the strength of his lungs. While their leader was undergoing refreshment,—not by any means the least of the hardships that a public man must suffer at the hands of his friends,—the people began to congregate in front of the stand from which he was to speak. The grand stand was erected on the green in the hollow which is generally the scene of the public exhibitions at Jones Wood. It was decorated copiously with flags and political banners, and in front of it was a placard thus inscribed:

"Let us stand firm by our principles; let us maintain the integrity of the Democratic Party, and then trust our cause to God and the People. DOUGLAS."

From this stand it was designed that Mr. Douglas and Mr. Johnson alone should address the assemblage. Three other stands, at convenient distances from each other, were provided for the speakers of less note. At each stand there was a band of music, which during the entire morning gave music to the multitude.

ORGANIZATION AT THE MAIN STAND.

At 2½ P. M. Messrs. Douglas and Johnson arrived at the main stand, amid the shouts of the people, and immediately John R. Briggs, Esq., went forward upon the platform and said that the meeting which appeared that day before him was in the strictest sense of the word a mass meeting, and one which he was happy and proud to see. [Applause.] He was now about to perform a pleasing duty, and that was to propose that Auguste Belmont, Esq., do act as President of the assemblage. [Cheers.]

When the list of Vice-Presidents and Secretaries had been read and adopted, the organization stood as follows:

President—Auguste Belmont.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

F. B. Cutting,
Geo. Douglas,
A. V. Stout,
Benjamin Wood,
H. G. Stebbins,
Geo. W. McLean,
Udolpho Wolfe,
Nathan C. Platt,
Rich. F. Carman,
D. S. Jackson,
Richard Busteed,
Andre Froment,
R. B. Connolly,
J. A. McMasters,
Jere. Lambert,
Wm. Miner,
M. T. Brennan,
Thos. F. Meagher,
Chas. M. Connelly,
John Rogers,
Chas. W. Baker,
James R. Smith,
H. Arcularius,
Leonard Taylor,
Jas. L. Miller,
Isaac Dubois,
Jas. C. Burnham,
Jas. G. Burnett,
Wm. H. Holland,
Gilbert M. Platt,
James Salmon,
Richard Murphy,
Hugh Smith,
John J. Bradley,
Isaac Bell,
Elijah F. Purdy,
Geo. N. Sanders,
Peter B. Sweeny,
Cyrus Lawton,
Wm. C. Conner,
Bartlet Smith,
Thos. C. Fields,
A. V. Williams,
John Cochrane,
A. Eickoff,
A. Dugro,
Henry Wood,
Dr. Sitler,
John Kerr,
James Mahoney,
A. S. Vosburg,
Edwd. C. West,
Wm. H. Leonard,
Patrick Henry,
Terence Farley,
Henry W. Genet,
F. W. Coolidge,
C.P.Schermerh'rn,
John S. Giles,
Rob't L. Cutting,
Pierre C. Kane,
James Monroe,
John Vance,
John Quinn,
Gustavus Leneck,
Nicholas Diamond,
Wm. Schirmer,
Hawley D. Clapp,
Andrew H. Green,
L. J. Tilden,
J. B. Nicholson,
B. Lawrence,
C. G. Cornell,
Wesley Smith,
John Dimond,
Geo. C. Genet,
Chas. A. Secor,
B. McCahill,
Thos. McSpedon,
Dennis Buckley,
Eugene Kelly,
Danl. E. Delevan,
Hugh Kelly,
John McMenomy,
John Bryan,
John T. Doyle,
Wm. E. Robinson,
Thos. E. Davis,
Geo. W. Jackson,
Robt. McGinnis,
Wm. Henry,
Joseph Cornell,
Fred. Voltee,
Bernard Reilly,
Rich'd C. Downy,
Robert O. Glover,
P. G. Maloney,
Michael Begg,
E. J. Shandley,
J. G. Breuning,
Andrew Clark,
Edward Halley,
Reuben Rowley,
John E. Devlin,
Geo. G. Barnard,
James Connelly,
Daniel W. Norris,
W. J. Peck,
John Murphy,
Jas. Murphy,
Geo. Law,
Oliver Charlick,
W. H. Hayes,
Henry Hart,
C. Swackhamer,
A. Mataran,
Thos. B. Tappen,
Peter Y. Cutler,
W. F. Havemeyer,
Dan'l F. Tiemann,
John H. McCunn,
Michael Halpin,
John McKewan,
Wm. H. Leaver,
W. DrakeParsons,
Richard Squires,
Wm. C. Kennedy,
O. Otendorff,
A. L. Pinney,
George Kuster,
Smith Ely, Jr.,
H. O. Brewer,
John Richardson,
Owen Kinney,
Chas. McBrien,
John H. Wetjohn,
Benj. Fairchild,
R. B. Bradford,
Benj. Wood,
J. Daggett Hunt,
F. McCarthy,
C. J. Dougherty,
J. T. Hoffman,
James Lynch.
James M. Smith,
C. B. Smith,
J. McLeod Murphy,
Bernard Kelly,
Peter Mitchell,
John Kelly,
Wm. M. Tweed,
P. O'Grady,
Patrick Kerwin,
J. B. Williams,
Thos. Kidlin,
John Clancy,
Wilson Small,
J. Y. Savage, Jr.,
Wm. C. Gover,
Peter McKnight,
E. J. Genet,
Henry P. West,
Joseph Corlies,
Devine H. Cowles,
J. H. Manahan,
C. Stark Newell,
James Mc. McLean,

SECRETARIES.

Joseph Holland,
John J. Donnelly,
Patrick Cuff,
M. J. D. McGlynn,
Wm. Bradley,
John Brophy,
Joseph Whelan,
W. Y. Cartwright,
Thompson Cudlipp,
James Ferguson,
Lawrence Worrall,
Wm. F. Traphagen,
Theo. M. Squires,
J. H. Anthon, Jr.,
John Stacim,
Dennis Byrnes,
John Ellis,
Thomas Walsh,
Thomas Wallace,
James Cowlan,
Jas. L. Kerrigan,
Richard French,
M. C. Goss,
William Wilson,
N. H. Fowler,
John Hotaling.
Edward Timpson,
A. G. Wallace,
H. P. Carr,
Joseph Connor,
John Lord,
H. G. Randolph,
Jas. McGowan,
J. Barrett Cohen,
John Healey,
Daniel Donovan,
Dan'l M. O'Brien,
James K. Reilly,
John Keynton,
J. M. Harrington,
Michael Conway,
J. E. McMenomy,
Jos. T. Duryer,
Vincent Clark,
A. D. Kenton,
Theo. Voorhies,
Jas. W. McCarty,
Jos. A. Kenny,
Hiram Eagle,
Thos. A. Glover,
P. Daly,
W. J. Van Arsdale,
J. S. Swackhamar,
Jas. P. Dunn,
C. V. Richardson,
Jas. O. C. Fabb,
Jas. A. Riley,
John A. Parise,
Richard Oates,
Michael McCann,
John H. Manahan,
Philip F. Smith,
Andrew Smith,
P. Masterson,
Arthur J. Delany,
M. Diefendorf,
Fred W. Lowe,
Jas. J. Gumbleton,
Geo. Caulfield,
Sam. Boardman,
Nicholas Kirsell,
John N. Reynolds,
Lloyd Bryant,
O. F. McNierney,
William Baird,
Michael Looman,

MR. BELMONT'S REMARKS.

Mr. Belmont now said: Fellow-citizens—You have conferred an honor upon me which I am not capable of duly appreciating, but which I shall endeavor to sustain during the meeting as well as I am able. [Applause.] We have all assembled here to-day for a great object, and one which will be hailed with delight by all true and faithful friends of the Democracy and the Union. [Loud cheers.] Men of eloquence will be called upon to address you; but when I mention the fact to you that this large assemblage will be addressed by such men as Stephen A Douglas and Herschel V. Johnson, whom we hope to see President and Vice-President of the United States shortly, I am sure you will exult with me, that we have two such men, who will never yield to the introduction of sectionalism into this great country, but will stand fast by the Union and Non-intervention. [Applause.] I have no doubt whatever on the subject, that if the Democratic Party in the North and South stand firmly united together, that next November shall witness the glorious election of Stephen A. Douglas as President of the United States, and H. V. Johnson as Vice-President. [Cheers.]

John McMasters, Esq., having been introduced, was received with loud cheers. He came forward to submit to the meeting the following series of resolutions, which, he hoped, would be approved of. He said they had been carefully prepared, and were truthful both in expression and sentiment.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That in this Presidential canvass there is presented to the American people the issue, clearly defined, whether we will live in the Union as it is, under the Constitution as our fathers made it, or whether we will permit sectional parties to precipitate us on new experiments of Government, at the cost of disunion and civil war.

Resolved, That the National Democratic Party, in its time-honored platform of principles reaffirmed, and in its regular nominations, offers the only distinct, satisfactory, adequate and effective means of perpetuating the Union of the States, and of harmonizing their varied interests, and we are therefore authorized most earnestly to urge on all Union-loving men the duty of casting their votes in favor of the great champion of the Union, the heroic asserter of all its constitutional liberties and all its constitutional obligations, Stephen A. Douglas, add his most worthy associate on the ticket, the honored son of the South, Herschel V. Johnson.

Resolved, That the regular organization of the party in this State, having adopted an electoral ticket in accordance with the usages of the party, and standing upon the platform adopted at Charleston and Baltimore, and under the resolutions of the Conventions which nominated them, pledged to the support of Douglas and Johnson, we call upon all conservative and Union men to rally to its support; that in this conquest the question is union or disunion, and therefore all men of conservative principles can march under our banner to victory and triumph; that we reaffirm the following resolution unanimously adopted by the mass meeting of the National Democracy, held in the Park on the 26th September, 1853, viz.:

Resolved, That while we earnestly desire the cordial and permanent union of the Democratic Party, we are admonished, as well by reason as by dearly purchased experience, that no union can be either successful or tolerable but such as is founded on concurrence in principles; that all attempts to establish or maintain a union between those of conflicting sentiments, by whatever name it may be dignified, is but a coalition hostile to harmonious action, demoralizing in all its tendencies, destructive of the interests of the Democratic Party, and inevitably tending to defeat, disruption and disgrace.

Resolved, That the course of the present Federal Administration, claiming to be Democratic, in proscribing true and faithful Democrats for no other reason than that they support the regular nominee of the Democratic Party, deserves and will receive the execration of all fairminded and honorable men, as an evidence of selfish vindictiveness and personal revenge unknown to our history as a nation, and unworthy the character of statesmen claiming the respect and confidence of the American people.

Resolved. That we hereby ratify the nominations for State officers made by the Convention of the regular Democratic Party assembled at Syracuse August 15, 1860. That in William Kelly, William F. Allen, Wm. W. Wright and William C. Rhodes, we recognize citizens among the most eminent of the State, representing the various interests and sections of the Commonwealth, and that their election will be a sure guarantee that the wise and economical principles of the Democratic Party will be reinaugurated in the administration of the State Government.

At the conclusion of the reading of the resolutions, they were loudly cheered, and having been put to the meeting, were carried unanimously.

ADDRESS OF HON. HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON.

The Chairman then introduced Hon. Herschel V. Johnson, who was received with loud demonstrations of applause. When silence was restored, he addressed the meeting as follows:

Fellow-citizens: I appear before you, in obedience to the invitation of your Committee, to address you on the questions which are at present prominent before the country. Gentlemen, the mass of freemen that I see before me is unmistakable evidence that the great popular heart of this country is moved and agitated— [Here the speaker was interrupted by loud cries of "Make room," "Come in front," and similar expressions, which continued for some minutes; when order was restored, he proceeded.] Fellow-citizens, if you will all stand quiet in your positions, you will be in a condition to hear best and to be most contented and most comfortable. The occasion which has brought us together is one of momentous interest, and the questions which are involved are questions which, as they ought, agitate the public mind from one extreme of our vast Republic to the other. [Hear, hear.] It is becoming in freemen that we meet together, and that we calmly and dispassionately consider what is our duty in this momentous crisis. [Cheers.]

[Here the speaker was interrupted by the entrance of the Eleventh Ward Douglas and Johnson Club, which numbered nearly one thousand members.]

Mr. Johnson proceeded; The great Democratic Party of the United States is now passing through an ordeal which will test its integrity and its competency to preserve the Government for the future, as it has preserved the Government in the past. [Cheers.] We have a happy country—we have a wise Government—the price of Revolutionary blood. [Cheers.] We have a great Union, consecrated by the progress of Christian patriotism.

A Voice—Thank God for that.

Mr. Johnson—And you are called upon in this contest to decide whether the Constitution shall be preserved in its integrity, and whether this Union, with all its blessings, shall be handed down to our posterity, or whether it shall be torn into factions. [Hear, hear.] This great Democratic Party of the United States is divided. We are separated by schism, and it is well that we inquire whence the necessity of such a division of this great political brotherhood? Was there ever a period, fellow-citizens, in the history of our Republic, when we enjoyed more prosperity—when we were crowned with richer blessings; when labor received a more remunerative reward, or capital a richer interest. It has been said by a distinguished statesman, the great head and front of the Republican Party, that our Government since the year 1820, has proved a failure.

A Voice—No such thing.

Another—It is a lie.

Mr. Johnson—Cast your minds back upon the past, and then decide the question for yourselves. Why, instead of seeing that our Government is a failure, we find that it has been one continued and unbroken march of progress to greatness and to glory.

A Voice—That is so.

Mr. Johnson—Yes, and in every step which we have advanced, something else has been achieved for human liberty, human happiness, and human civilization.

A Voice—That is so.

Mr. Johnson—Contemplate for a moment our rapid growth in all the elements of national prosperity and greatness. What were we when our national career began? We were but thirteen States, sparsely populated, scattered along the Atlantic coast and impoverished by a Seven Years' War which our fathers maintained in the vindication of rights which we now enjoy. Now, fellow-citizens, we number thirty-three States, covering all the Territories from the Pacific Coast, and from the frozen regions of the North, to the purple, flowery banks of the Gulf of Mexico; and over all these Territories you see scattered thirty millions of Freemen, in the enjoyment of thrift and property. Our territory, dotted all over with evidences of high and rapid advancing Civilization, Education, Religion, Industry, Enterprise, everything that contributes to human alleviation and human happiness are presented to you on every hand, upon every hill top, and in every valley, and upon every smiling plain, and wherever your eye lights upon our broad territory, you see smiling evidence of thrift and prosperity. [Loud cheers.] I ask you, fellow-citizens, if such a picture as this presents to the mind of a candid spectator evidences that our Government is a failure. [Cries of "No," "No."] But to a certain extent there has been an evil, one baulk, one obstacle to this march of prosperity, and that has been occasioned by the frequent departures from the professions of our Fathers, and the Constitution under which we live. [Hear, hear.] Wherever a principle of the Constitution has been violated, or its spirit disregarded, to that extent there are dark spots upon our history; but it is true now, and it will be true throughout all the future, that the Constitution under which we live is the only and best device which human ingenuity can conceive for the purpose of protecting freemen in the enjoyment of their rights, and of binding together the Confederated States so that the Federal Government may move in its appropriate sphere; [cheers;] and I say that such a Constitution, adhered to in future, will bring us in as rich fruits as it has brought us in the past. Fellow-citizens, it is a glorious anticipation for us to look along down the vista of future years, when all these Territories shall be bound in one common Union, and inhabited by a free and industrious people; and when our population, instead of being thirty millions, shall be three hundred millions of freemen? Who can contemplate the future without feeling pride that he is an American citizen? Who is it that has the heart to indulge in any course of policy calculated to impede our march of career of prosperity, or to tolerate a course of policy on the part of any faction, or any political faction of men, which would result in a severance of this great sisterhood of States, and the extinguishment of that bright star of hope which encourages and animates all who look forward to the enjoyment of the blessings of liberty which are bequeathed to us. [Cheers.] Fellow-citizens, why should we be dissatisfied with our country as she is? Why should anybody, North or South, East or West, be discontented with his lot, or be disposed to kindle up the fires of faction and of discord amongst brothers, and endeavor to dissever and divert us from that great path to National glory which we are treading with a rapidity unknown in the history of the civilized world. [Cheers.]

A Voice—We split the rails for them. [Laughter.]

Mr. Johnson—And above all, fellow-citizens, I ask you why should Democrats be dissatisfied?

A Voice—Why, Sir, we are not.

Mr. Johnson—Why should there be a note of discord throughout the ranks of the National Democratic Party?

A Voice—"There cannot be."

Mr. Johnson—Why should there be discord among brothers, or efforts made to dissever and divert us from that great pathway to national glory? It is a historical fact that all our movements which have thus blessed us have been made under the guidance and direction of a Democratic policy, and wherever greatness and glory were achieved it was due to the administration of Democratic leaders.

A Voice—"That is true." [Cheers.]

Mr. Johnson—I say that so far from being dissatisfied it ought to be a source of pride and congratulation to every Democrat in every section of our country, that he belongs to that great political organization through whose instrumentality these blessings and the great victory in the onward march of nations have been achieved; and that from the weakness of infancy our country has grown to the strength of the great Giant of the West. [Loud cheers.] What is it, fellow-citizens, that has produced this division? Why is it that here in New-York, in all the States north of Mason and Dixon's line, and in all the South, you find one portion of the Democratic Party at war with another portion? Whence the necessity for such a division? Why are you told that it is necessary that Slavery shall receive at the hands of Congress legislative protection in the Territories of the United States.

A Voice—That ought not to be done.

Mr. Johnson—In order that the Congress of the United States shall depart from the great principles of non-intervention, which has been established as a paramount and fixed basis of settlement between the North and the South, and for the purpose of interposing in the Territories the direct protection of Slavery. Now, fellow-citizens, I beg leave to call your respectful and careful attention for a few moments, while I consider the question that is propounded in this policy sought to be inaugurated in our country.

A Voice—That is what we want. Good.

Mr. Johnson—What is to be the effect of it?

A Voice—We want to see that.

Mr. Johnson resumed. Now let us inquire whether it is good faith on the part of the North or the South to depart from that principle of Non-intervention; and whether that departure would result in good to either section of the Union, or whether or not a persistence in the demand for Congressional protection will not inevitably lead to the dismemberment of the Union, without bringing any corresponding benefit to any part or any section of our country. You remember, fellow-citizens, the occurrence that transpired in the city of Charleston during the assemblage of the National Democratic Convention? Up to that time, let me ask you, did you ever hear a syllable of complaint coming up from one quarter of the Union in reference to the question of protection in these territories?

A Voice—No.

Mr. Johnson—Who demanded it?

A Voice—Jefferson Davis.

Mr. Johnson—Who asked it? Was there anybody in any one of the territories that had Slavery there or desired its being protected? Was there any State in the Union, except the State of Alabama, that uttered a word of complaint or a syllable of demand upon the Convention or upon Congress for the inauguration of such a policy? [Cries of "No, no."] I ask you then, up to that hour, as far as I know, or believe, or are informed, do you not know that the great National Democratic Party was a unit?

A Voice.—Yes it was, and will be. [Cheers.]

Mr. Johnson—And that we were united as a band of brothers, North and South. [Hear, hear.] We thought that this great question had found its repose in that great basis or compromise—the doctrine of non-intervention, and that it was not henceforth to be disturbed. And do you not believe, fellow-citizens, if we had remained harmonious, and that no schism had been introduced at Charleston, no demand made upon the National Democrats—do you believe there would have been a note of discord throughout all the ranks of the Democratic Party in this contest. Do you not believe that we would have marched on to victory in this contest, without a doubt, just as we have marched on to victory in former contests. Is it not almost a certainty that no matter who should have been the nominee of the Charleston Convention, if he had been nominated by the cordial coöperation of all the States, by the harmonious action of the delegations from all the States, that he would have gone before the country, and there would not have rested a shadow of doubt upon the contest; and that the issue would have been a triumph more glorious, if anything, than any of the achievements of the past.

Then, fellow-citizens, we say that there are obstacles to-day in our progress to victory. Alabama sends her delegation to Charleston, instructed to demand of the Charleston Convention the affirmance of the doctrine that it was the duty of Congress to intervene in the Territories for the protection of Slavery, and in the event of a refusal of that demand, that the delegation from Alabama should withdraw from the Convention. Now, I ask you, fellow-citizens, for the purpose of arriving at the policy which probably was contemplated by this movement, just to consider the position of Alabama four years previous to this time. In 1856 the Democratic Convention—the State Convention of Alabama—through their Chairman, reported and adopted a set of resolutions, one of which instructed the delegation from Alabama to go to the Cincinnati Convention and to demand the affirmance by that Convention of the principle of non-intervention.

A Voice—"That's so."

Mr. Johnson—And in the event of a failure to get that, that they were to withdraw from the Convention. That was the position of Alabama in 1856. Just four years after that Alabama shifts her ground, and her Democratic State Convention instructs their delegation to go to Charleston and to demand, not what they asked for in 1856, but a reversal of that position; they demand Congressional protection in the Territories, and in the event of refusal, to withdraw from the Convention. Now, fellow-citizens, you perceive at once that here is a perfect revolution of sentiment. It was hoped in 1856 that the National Democratic Convention of Cincinnati would refuse to come up to the platform of non-intervention, and that Alabama would then have a goood excuse to withdraw. But the delegations all voted harmoniously in favor of the doctrine of non-intervention, which Alabama had demanded as a *sine quâ non*, and then the excuse was offered for a bolt. In 1860, as I remarked, Alabama reverses her position, comes up and demands the intervention of Congress, and her delegation is instructed to withdraw in the event of the refusal of that demand. In 1860 Alabama succeeded in seducing to her cause a large portion of the delegations from the Southern States—the Cotton States, and they united in that demand. The demand was refused, and they withdrew. The remaining portion of the body then adopted the old Cincinnati platform upon which we had fought and conquered in 1852 and 1856. The speaker then referred at some length to the proceedings of the Baltimore and Charleston Conventions, and commented upon the course adopted by the Southern delegations in withdrawing upon the non-adoption of their demands by the Convention. He proceeded:

Now, fellow-citizens, I ask you to look at these facts and then tell me what must have been the animus of those who produced this schism in the great National Douglas Party. Everybody knows and admits that if the Democratic Party had remained united and harmonious that victory would have been certain, and that we would have triumphed in this canvass as we have in the canvasses which have preceded it.

A Voice—"We will triumph, Sir."

Mr. Johnson—Now, fellow-citizens, in order to see the probable tendency and the fallacy of this movement, it is well for you to look at the actors and movers in this matter. Who are they? Why, fellow-citizens, they are men who never professed to have any devotion to the Democratic party; and they are men who never had or never professed to have any devotion to the Union of the States. [Here Mr. Johnson referred to the Richmond Convention and resumed.] The Seceeding delegation go to Baltimore with a concocted platform in one hand and a drawn sword in another, and they say to the Convention "give us this platform or we will sheath this sword in the bosom of the Democratic Party." During these proceedings in Baltimore a few men were left at Richmond to adjourn over from day to day in order to keep the question of sectionalism warm. The speaker here referred to the nomination of Breckinridge and Lane, and insisted that the course which the seceders had taken would ultimately tend towards a dissolution of the Union. He was no alarmist, but he warned his fellow-citizens that there was danger of the separation of the States—danger of an overthrow of our glorious free institutions, and danger that all the interests of industry and of the Union of the States would be overwhelmed in one common ruin. He impressed upon them to think of the danger at hand, and to do their duty as Democrats. After alluding to the state of feeling throughout the States on the question of Slavery, the speaker urged upon the meeting the necessity of union to achieve success in their present canvass. He then alluded to President Buchanan, and said: Far be it from me to say a word of disrespect to the present President. The only regret I ever felt arose from the fact that the present Chief Magistrate of the United States would, or had almost expressed himself that he should, support Breckinridge and Lane, and by doing so would destroy the fabric of the Constitution. [Hear, hear.] This to be found to be the fact in regard to a man whose head was silvered over with the insignia of age was not much to the credit of Mr. Buchanan. Let the people have their free and unfettered choice, and then the Union would be safe; and if not, a fire would be kindled that could not easily be extinguished. Let the Democrats of the North and of the South ever keep before their eyes "Union and Non-Intervention;" and so long as they did so, there was no reason to fear. [Applause.] Do your duty firmly, fearlessly, and patriotically. Breckinridge and Lane were enemies to the Union and the Constitution. No sensible man ever believed that they were the choice men of the people of the South. No man, he asserted, ever believed that. [A voice—"Nor no madman either."] The men of Kentucky were for Douglas and Johnson to a man. Let them nobly do their duty, and rally round the standard of Douglas; and let the great Empire State especially show that they are determined to support the Union and keep inviolate the Constitution and its laws. The people of the South are true, and will be found so on the doctrine of non-intervention. It may be that the popular voice might not be concentrated in their choice of a Democratic candidate; yet he feared not when the day of trial came the South would support the Democratic cause nobly. [Cheers.]

After paying a compliment to Mr. Douglas, whom he insisted was the proper man to receive the votes of the Democratic Party, and speaking at great length on the danger of dissolution with the South, he concluded by stating that he would give place to Mr. Douglas, who would next address them. [Loud cheers.]

ADDRESS OF SENATOR DOUGLAS.

Senator Douglas was then introduced to the meeting by the Chairman, and after the enthusiastic applause which greeted him had, to some extent, subsided, he said:

Fellow-citizens of New-York: I appear before you to-day, for the purpose of making an earnest appeal on behalf of this glorious Union. [Loud cheers, and cries of "Good boy."] There can be no disunionist—there can be no enemy of this Union in the Empire City of America. [A Voice—"That's so," and loud applause.] New-York is not Northern, nor is it Southern, nor is it Western, nor is it Eastern—but she is Continental and Metropolitan. [Loud cheers.] New-York is the great commercial centre, the great monetary heart of the American Continent; and, as such, every New-Yorker ought to sympathize with every State, with every Territory, and with every People in the whole Union. [Applause.] Now, I ask your attention as to the mode in which this glorious Union is to be maintained and perpetuated forever to our posterity. There is but one mode, fellow-citizens, in which this can be done.

[A band which accompanied a party of excursionists who had arrived in a steamboat to participate in the festivities of the day, commenced to play the national air, which seemed rather to irritate the honorable Senator, who exclaimed, "Stop that music."]

In compliance with his request the music was discontinued, and he proceeded with the thread of his argument thus: Although they are playing now the music of the Union, yet we wish to utter Union sentiments first, and have, with your permission, the music afterwards. [Laughter.] There is but one mode in which this glorious country can be permanently preserved. That mode is by maintaining inviolate every provision of the Constitution as our Fathers made it. The Union under the Constitution, and in conformity with its guarantees, is the greatest blessing ever transmitted to a free people. [Vehement cheers, and cries of "you are the boy for us."] I am told they are still coming [Laughter.] I have been told that Jones' Wood was large enough to contain all New-York—[laughter,] but I find that Kentucky and New Jersey are also here. [Loud laughter and cheers, and cries of "That's so."] But, I was remarking to you fellow-citizens, that it is the first duty of every American citizen, to perform all the obligations under the Constitution. [Bravo.] I care not whether you like or dislike all its provisions, yet every American and foreign-born citizen, rests under hereditary obligations to fulfill its provisions. Every naturalized and adopted citizen, has taken an oath of fidelity to the Constitution; and he who is not willing to carry out, in good faith, every clause, every word, every letter of the Constitution, is a traitor in his heart to his country. [Bravo, and tremendous applause.] I tell the Abolitionists that they are bound, as honest men, to carry into effect that clause of the Constitution providing for the surrender of fugitive slaves, just as much as any and every other clause. [Cheers, and "That's so."]

A Voice—How about secession?

A gentleman in the crowd asked me about secession. I will answer him. I tell you that when you have performed all your duties under the Constitution, when you have carried into effect every provision that the instrument contains, there is no excuse, no pretext whatever for secession. [Applause.] But I am prepared to return a more definite and specific answer to the inquiry. When I landed at Norfolk, Virginia, the head of a Breckinridge electoral ticket, propounded to me the question whether the inauguration of Abraham Lincoln as President of the United States would be a justifiable cause for breaking up this Union. [Shouts of "Never," "never."] I answered him thus, as I will answer everywhere in America where I may go to address my fellow-citizens, the election of any man by the American people according to the provisions of the Constitution, is no pretext for breaking up this Government. [Loud cheers, and a cry of "Go it, lemons."] I should regret the election of Abraham as a great national calamity. [Applause, and a voice, "So would I."] I know him well—very well. I have had good reason to know him, and he has still better reason to remember me. [Laughter and loud cheers.]

A Voice—Douglas, your not gone yet. He will know you better by and by. [Applause.]

Mr. Douglas—I have no word of unkindness, or of personal disrespect to say to him, (Mr. Lincoln,) but I do believe that he holds political opinions which, if carried out, would be subversive of all the principles of the American Constitution. [Loud cheers.]

A Voice—"Narytime, Douglas! We are going to vote for you and no one else." [Cheers.]

And if it be true, as its advocates say, that I am honest in these convictions; that his policy is destructive to the well-being of the country—that his election will be dangerous to the country, I boldly assert here that I am prepared to act with all men who are loyal to the Constitution and to the Union, and to the law, against the Abolition or Republican Party, which I believe to be the enemy of this Government. [Cheers, and "That is so."]

I was also asked, at Norfolk, Va., and other places, whether, in the event that any of the Southern States should secede from this Union when Lincoln was elected, that I would go for the enforcement of the laws of the United States. I tell you, as I told them, that whoever may be President, he is bound by his oath to carry out the laws to their faithful execution. I also tell you that it is the duty of every law-abiding man, I care not what may be his politics, to aid and assist in the execution of the law. [Cries of "Good, good," and applause.] And if Lincoln shall be elected, which God in his mercy forbid—[loud cheers, and cries of "He never will be"]—if Lincoln, I say, should be elected, which God in his mercy forbid, he must be inaugurated, according to the Constitution and laws of his country; and I, as his firmest and most strenuous and most irreconcileable opponent, will sustain him in the exercise of every constitutional function. [Applause.] But if, after that shall have been done, he shall attempt to subvert the Constitution, violate its provisions, or make war upon the rights and interests of any section of this Confederacy, I will aid to the full extent of my power, according to the Constitution and law, in hanging him higher than Virginia hanged John Brown. [Tremendons cheers.]

A Voice—There's plenty of rope in New-York for *them* traitors. "Go it Little Giant—go it Dug."

We live (continued Mr. Douglas) under a Government of law. Our rights, our liberty, our property, our lives are dependent upon the laws of the land for protection. I have children whom I love as tenderly as any man upon earth loves his offspring, and yet I have no wish to see them survive the union of these States. [Loud cheers.] When we shall perform all of our duties, according to the law and according to the Constitution, then we have a right to demand that every other man shall obey the same laws and the same Constitution. I had supposed that there was no loyal citizen—no friend of this country—who could find fault with these sentiments; but I discover in the newspapers of to-day a protest against my Norfolk speech, signed by Mr. Keitt, of South Carolina, and some forty or fifty other disunionists, declaring that these sentiments must be repelled and resisted, and calling upon the American people to repudiate me in order to repudiate those sentiments. I mean no disrespect to the gentlemen who have signed this protest, but I have as much reason to protest against their treason as they have against my loyalty and devotion to the Constitution. [Loud cheers.] They assert in their protest that I treat the Union as a perpetual bond to be acquiesced in and obeyed in all future time by the weaker section toward the stronger. They misapprehend totally my position. My position is this: that this Union is a perpetual bond, demanding and requiring implicit obedience to the Constitution and laws by every good citizen—not by the weaker section towards the stronger, but obedience from every honest man to the Government under which he was born, and which he has sworn to support. [Loud cheers.] But they assert in this protest that they have a right to secede from this Government. I tell you, as Gen. Jackson told the nullifiers in 1832, that secession is but another name for revolution. I hold that every People upon earth have the inalienable right to overthrow their Government by revolution whenever the Government becomes destructive of the ends and purposes for which it was established. It was upon that principle that our revolutionary fathers, in the American Colonies, seceded from the British Empire. [Loud applause.] But when Washington, and Jefferson, and Hancock, and Adams seceded from the British Government, they boldly and fearlessly avowed that it was a "revolution." It was a lucky day, and they gallantly looked the halter in the face, and exposed themselves to the penalties of treason, if they did not succeed. [Loud cheers.] Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, did not screen himself behind the plea of peaceable secession. When he signed the Declaration of Independence some man said to him, that he would escape the gallows because there were so many Charles Carrolls that the King's sheriff would not find him—[cheers]—but the gallant old patriot went right back to the desk, and added these words, "of Carrollton." [Enthusiastic cheers.]

A Voice—Three cheers for Stephen A. Douglas. He's the man that will be our next President.

The audience shouted until they were hoarse, when Mr. Douglas resumed:

If these gentlemen combine together to break up this Government, and are determined to carry their treasonable projects into effect, let them take upon themselves the responsibility of their conduct. I tell you that revolution is never justifiable, until the evils of submitting to the laws are greater than the horrors of civil war and disunion.

I appeal to you to-day, whether there are any such evils afflicting this country. [Shouts of "No, no."] What country upon the face of this globe was ever more prosperous, more happy, more bountifully blessed by Divine Providence than these United States? What, then, can you think of him who would be willing, without cause, merely because the people have elected him President according to the Constitution, to precipitate this glorious land into revolution? [Cries of "Never, never."] These Disunionists, who protest against my Norfolk speech, who have such a horror of the gallows in the event they cry out for their purposes, and talk in their protest about me making war on the sovereign States. I desire them to understand that sovereign States never commit treason. [Cries of "Good," "Good," and cheers.] Individuals may do it—but States, never. It is a principle in this Government, that the laws have to be enforced against the individuals who violate them. Why, these nullifiers and disunionists seem to think that we are still living under the old articles of Confederation. That old system was abandoned in 1787, merely because it proved impracticable. The great defect in the old system of government was that the Federal Government had no power to execute its own laws. They abolished that Government, and adopted the Constitution under which we live, conferring on the Federal Government all the power necessary to carry its own decrees into effect according to the Constitution. Are the Southern men prepared to acknowledge the doctrine, that a State may release citizens from their oaths to obey the Constitution? How was it in Vermont, in Wisconsin, in Massachusetts, not long ago, when the Abolitionists attempted to resist by mob violence the execution of the Fugitive Slave law? Did not the President of the United States send troops to Boston? Will it be the duty of the present Executive, or any other who may be elected, in case the Fugitive Slave law was resisted, to employ the whole power of the Army, Navy, and the militia, if necessary, to carry it into effect against mob violence? And are the Southern men prepared to admit that Vermont can pass a law, called a "personal liberty bill," to release the honest and conscientious men from their Constitutional obligation? No, sir. Whenever any one of these Abolition States set up their unconstitutional laws as an excuse for resisting the Federal authorities, we will hang them higher than Haman for treason. [Loud applause, and with an oath, "Hang the Black Republicans."] And my fellow-citizens, it will not do for the Abolitionists to set up the plea that we are making war on the Sovereignty of any State of this Union, merely because we are carrying into execution in good faith the Constitution and laws of our country. So, on the other hand, when the State of South Carolina in 1832 attempted to resist the laws of the United States for the collection of the public revenue, Old Hickory told them that they must and they should obey. [Tremendous applause.] I wish to God we had an old Hickory now alive—[loud cheers]—in order that he might hang Northern and Southern traitors on the same gallows.

[A scene of great confusion here followed. Hundreds of Democratic voices shrieked for three cheers for Stephen A. Douglas, our next President. One patriotic individual in the crowd suggested that Messrs. Bell and Everett were more competent to fill the responsible positions of President and Vice-President, but he was speedily silenced, and the Senator proceeded.]

Now, gentlemen, you cannot fail to perceive that this Union is in danger from the very causes to which I have referred. There is a disunion party in the land. They have resolved, whenever they can obtain a plausible pretext, to precipitate this country into revolution.

A Voice—"That is so."

They have determined to make the election of a Black Republican President that pretext, and hence the real disunionists favor the election of Lincoln, so that they may accomplish the dissolution of the Union. If Lincoln is elected it will be brought about by the agency of those who are now opposing the regular Democratic Party. [Cheers.] In other words, his election will be brought about by the influence of those who seceded at Charleston and again at Baltimore.

[A scene of great confusion here occurred. A tremendous rush was made towards the platform, one man in the crowd cheering loudly for Breckinridge.]

Judge Douglas continuing—If you will keep silence instead of coming here to obey the orders of your master, I will answer you in my own way.

Breckinridge Citizens—Who is my master? [Tumult and cheers.]

Senator Douglas—You should know him.

Citizen—South Carolina. [Applause.]

Senator Douglas—I have known Federal office-holders to send their tools into crowds before to interrupt me. [Cheers and cries of "Put him out, put him out," referring to the representative of Mr. Breckinridge.]

Judge Douglas—No, no, let him alone, let him alone. He will find out what I mean before I get through; but I want to tell him that no gentleman ever gets into a crowd to break up a meeting. Now, my fellow-citizens, I was about saying to you that there is a scheme to break up this glorious Union.

A Voice—They can't do it.

The pretext for doing so is to be the election of Mr. Lincoln, and those who are genuine disunionists desire his election. [Uproar and cheers.] But silence, my friends, if you please. I do not charge all the Breckinridge men in the United States with being disunionists. [Cries of "Good," "Good."] I do not charge Mr. Breckinridge himself with being a disunionist, but I do express my firm conviction that there is not a disunionist in America who is not a Breckinridge man. [Applause.] And now permit to inquire of you and of them, that while they put these questions to me, whether the election of Lincoln would be a good cause of disunion, why do not they propound the same questions to their candidate? My answers to these interrogatories at Norfolk, Va., were published in Kentucky, and Mr. Breckinridge's special attention must fall to them some six or eight days before his Lexington speech. In that speech he answered the charge that he was in favor of pardoning John Brown. [Ironical cheers and laughter.] He answered the charge that he was in favor of self-government in the Territories. He professed great attachment to the Constitution and to the Union. But I have yet been unable to learn whether or not he would enforce the laws against those who would attempt to break up the Government.

It is not satisfactory to me, that a man *says* he is in favor of Union. I have heard Barnwell Rhett make the same declaration. I have heard W. S. Yancey declare his devotion to the Union. I have heard all the leaders of the disunion party make the same protestation, but they all admit that while they are favorable to the Union, yet there is a "contingency" upon which they would dissolve. Now, I desire to know of Major Breckinridge whether the "contingency" stated by his electoral friends in Virginia in their inquiries to me, is the one upon which he would dissolve the Union. I have a right to an answer to that question; and here I will answer the question of that gentleman in the crowd, who got so angry a few minutes ago because I would not comply with his request. He desired to know whether I was in favor of a union ticket in this State—[cries of "Do not answer him—turn him out"]—or a fusion ticket, whichever you please. I am in favor of a cordial union of every Union man, and every constitutional man, every man who is in favor of the prosperity of the Union and the Constitution, and the enforcement of the laws in every and all "contingencies." [Loud cheers.]

Now, if Major Breckinridge is in favor of enforcing the law against Disunionists, Secessionists, Abolitionists, and all other classes of men, in the event that the election does not suit him, then I am with him, but I tell you that I am utterly opposed to union, or any fusion with any men or any party who will not enforce the laws, maintain the Constitution, and preserve the Union in all "contingencies." [Cheers.] Now, if my excitable friend in the crowd wants to know whether his man Breckinridge is inside of the line, let me get an answer from Breckinridge to the North for my question. When we have got that answer pledging himself to enforce the laws in the contingencies named in the North for interrogatories to me it will be time enough to talk about he and I fusing or coalescing. [Cheers.] If I believed that this Union was in danger I would make any personal sacrifice to preserve it.

A Voice—May the Lord be with you. [Laughter and applause.]

If the withdrawal of my name would tend to defeat Mr. Lincoln I would this moment withdraw it. [Cheers, and cries of "You shall not do it. Never—never."] And more especially if the withdrawal of my name would insure the election of a man pledged to the Constitution and the Union, and the enforcement of the laws.

A Voice—There is no man instead of you that can do it. No man but you. [Cheers and laughter.]

Mr. Douglas—That is a very sensible remark of yours. [Loud applause.] Now, my friends, how is this glorious Union to be maintained? I believe firmly that the only political organization now in existence, sufficiently national in its character, and composed of sufficient numbers to command the country, is the Democratic organization. [Loud cheers.] Hence, I am in favor of maintaining that organization for the good it will render to this country. [Cheers and shouts of "that's so."] The Democratic Party is a great historical party. Its proud achievements will be found recorded on every page of American history. Every great reformation introduced into our civil history is mainly owing to the Democratic Party. [Cheers.] Every extension of our territory has been a Democratic measure. All those great commercial enterprises for which the United States have become so renowned, have been Democratic triumphs; but still I adhere to that old Democratic Party within whose bosom I was born, which has a greater capacity to do good in the future than even these great achievements of the past. [Cheers.] My over-zealous friend, the Bell and Everett man at my left, says the question of Union or Disunion is now at issue. I hear that such is the case. I believe that the Union can be maintained only by putting down all sectional parties. It is not enough that you should put down Northern Abolitionism, unless you crush out and bury in the same grave Southern Disunion. [Loud cheers.] The great political issue now involved is that of intervention or non-intervention by Congress with Slavery in the Territories. The Northern Interventionists say that Congress shall permit Slavery wherever the people want. The Southern Interventionists demand that Congress shall pass laws to maintain and protect Slavery wherever the people do not want it. Thus you find that both of them are in favor of Congressional intervention. They know no favor of the South—they know no favor of the North. The one is in favor of slavery, and the other against it. They differ only in the application of the principle. My friends, I will not detain you many minutes longer. [Cries of "Go on, go on."] Gentlemen, you have listened to an eloquent, and able, and patriotic speech from Georgia's gallant and favorite son (Mr. Johnson.) [Loud cheers.] You have seen this day that Northern men and Southern men can avow their principles in the same terms in every part of this glorious country. Democratic principles are the same in Georgia as in New-York,—the same in Virginia, as in Illinois; and whenever the time comes that I cannot visit the land of my birth and the grave of my grandfather, and carry my political principles with me, I shall come to the conclusion that there is something wrong in my creed. I see it stated in one of the papers of this City, on the authority of an intelligent correspondent, that two weeks ago Mr. Lincoln told him that he was anxious to visit the grave of his father in Kentucky and the grave of his grandfather in the Valley of Virginia,, and there explain his political principles, but that he was afraid of personal violence if he did so. [Laughter.] I have very recently visited the grave of my father in a Free State, and the birthplace of my children in a Slave State, and avowed the same opinion. [Applause.] And I have done more. I have made a good sound Democratic speech in the old Tenth Legion of Virginia, by, right close to the grave of Lincoln's grandfather.

A Voice—"I hope you will make it by his own grave."

Mr. Douglas—My friend, there is no patriotic duty on earth which would be more grateful to my feelings than to make a speech over Mr. Lincoln's political grave. I do not make this remark out of any unkindness to Mr. Lincoln, but I believe that the good of his own country requires his defeat. [Loud cheers.] I believe that the party of which he has become the chosen leader holds doctrines subversive to our Constitution.

A Voice—So did John Brown.

Mr. Douglas—He was the original author of the "irrepressible conflict" doctrine. He avowed that doctrine in his canvas in Illinois with me, four months before Senator Seward made his Rochester speech. Hence, I have appealed to you to-day to close up your ranks. I have appealed to all Union-loving men—all men in favor of the enforcement of the laws in every "contingency," to rally under one common electoral ticket, and beat the Abolitionists. [Loud cheers, and cries of "We'll do it."]

But I conjure you, as you love your country, as you wish to preserve your liberties, and transmit them unimpaired to your children, I conjure you to make no bargain, no combination, no fusion, no compromise, with the friends of any candidate who will not publicly pledge himself for the maintenance of the Union, the inviolability of the Constitution, and the enforcement of the laws in all cases, and under all circumstances.

My friends, there are many eloquent champions of Democracy now present. I have neither the voice nor have I the strength to occupy more of your time if I even desired to do so, and I shall bring my remarks to a conclusion from the conviction that the great patriotic cause in which we are engaged will be better subserved by those fresh, gallant and young champions of Democracy than by myself.

Three hearty cheers were here given for Mr. Douglas.

Judge Douglas then stepped from the platform, but at the solicitation of some of the members of the Committee he resumed his position, and introduced to the audience Gov. Morehead, of Kentucky, with the following remarks:

Gentlemen, I discover on the stand a gallant Old Line Whig, a man who never had any more sympathy with the Democratic Party than I had with his party,—a man with whom I took great pleasure in acting on a memorable occasion when our country was in danger. When Northern Abolitionism and Southern Disunion combined to plunge this country into revolution in 1850, the gallant patriot Clay came forward and led Union Whigs and Union Democrats to victory in favor of the great principle of non-intervention by Congress with Slavery in the Territories.

REMARKS OF EX-GOVERNOR MOREHEAD.

Ex-Gov. Morehead was next introduced, and was hailed with enthusiastic cheers. He said that he was happy to see the immense gathering that was then before him; and he did not regret leaving Kentucky and coming to New-York on so momentous an occasion as the present. [Applause, and cries of "We're glad to see you here."] They had all met that day to ratify the return of Mr. Douglas for President, and Mr. Johnson as Vice-President of the United States, [Loud cheers, and "They will be elected."] If that was the case, it would be the means of preserving the Union intact, and handing down to their posterity the country as they received it from the Father of it, the immortal Washington, as he left it to them. [Loud cheers.] He should never forget the day when he saw Mr. Douglas in company, in Congress, with Henry Clay, and how firmly they stood together. Mr. Douglas' heart was loyal, and it was a heart in favor of union. [Applause.] He trusted they would continue to perpetuate the Union, and stand by it to the last, so that their posterity might rejoice in it, and that from the Valley of the Mississippi, and the North and the South, their motto should be the Union intact and undivided. Yes, let the fertile valleys resound, and let the word Union reverberate from hill to dale. [Applause.] He had proved Mr. Douglas in Congress. he had watched his movements in all the trying scenes of the Legislature; they had always coöperated together in Congress; and he could never forget the time when Mr. Douglas stood by the side of Henry Clay, that great statesman, when they battled together on behalf of the Union and the enforcement of the laws. I witnessed, in painful solicitude, the trying scene that was then about to be enacted, and the noble stand that Douglas, with Henry Clay, then made in favor of the Union. Mr. Douglas' political career was well known, and his anxiety at all times to stand by the Constitution of the country was well known. There never was a more efficient man in Congress than Stephen A. Douglas; and his political life fortifies me in the statement which I have made. [Loud cheers.] Let Union be their motto, and from ocean to ocean and region to region, and from the frozen North to the sunny South, let their rallying word be the Democracy, the Union, and Stephen A. Douglas. [Applause.] The country of the United States resembled a giant—it was shaking off every day its dependence upon other nations, and becoming more the wonder and admiration of the world. Well, then, their mutual and identical interests as a great people, were inseparable, both in the North and South. [Hear, hear.] In fact there was intertwining of interests that would last until

> "Reason should be dethroned,
> And madness rule the hour." [Applause.]

Let them at once and forever denounce Sectionalism, no matter in what form it might appear. [Hear, hear.] He called upon them never to be disunited; let them raise the flag of the Union and manfully fight under it. [Loud cheers, and a Voice—"We'll have no disunion."] Their forefathers could not achieve their independence until they first passed through a seven years' war. If ever Breckinridge or his supporters gained the upper hand, then farewell the Union. Let their cry be, "Liberty and the Union for ever;" and when the Union ceased to exist, let them become aliens to one another, and follow the Breckinridge car. [Applause, and shouts of "No, never."] Mr. Morehead concluded by calling upon them to let nothing dissever them, and to mind the warning voice of the father of their country, whose great study was to keep the people of the United States indissolubly united.

They had lately fought a battle in Kentucky, and they had nobly triumphed over Southern sectionalism. [Loud cheers.] He should strongly urge them to go on nobly in the cause in which they had embarked; "may God speed you in the glorious career you are about to pursue; let no ideal castle attract your attention, and so draw you off your guard; it may have the name of liberty stamped upon it—liberty to the slave—but it will be erected from the shattered fragments of our glorious and hallowed Constitution." [Applause.]

When Mr. Morehead had concluded, that portion of the assemblage which had not yet followed Mr. Douglas to the hotel on the grounds, proceeded there *en masse*, and while they were moving off the meeting was adjourned. The crowd in and around the hotel was now very great, and the shouting for Mr. Douglas was tremendous. After some delay, Mr. Douglas appeared at one of the windows of the Committee room and thanked his friends for the honor of the call. He was then escorted to the main hall, where some thousands of the Democracy struggled for a shake of his hand. The hand-shaking over, the various associations, formed into line, and accompanied by bands of music, marched about the woods, preparatory to their departure. Many of them had arrived by steamboats, from Brooklyn, Jersey City, Pat-

Concluded on Eighth Page.]

WEST POINT.

Martial Law at West Point—No Smoking Allowed Here—Capt. Roe's Private Panorama—A Visit to the Arsenal, and an Introduction to the Big Guns—Flirtation Walk, Narrow is the Path, but Many Walk Therein.

From Our Own Correspondent.

WEST POINT, Saturday, Sept. 8, 1860.

Discipline at West Point is very rigidly enforced. The military salute is religiously observed, and even the young ladies salute the elderly ones precisely as the subordinate does his superior officer. The proficiency which West Point ladies have attained in military matters is really surprising. A fair young friend of mine is especially *au fait* in everything connected with the corps. It is to her I am indebted for all my information in relation to shoulder-straps, and it was she who first explained to me the difference between a musket and a field-piece. I marveled much at her military lore till I saw her walking with a young lieutenant one evening,—then the mystery was made plain. These young officers are skillful teachers, and the young ladies are apt pupils. It is very certain that the latter ornaments of society never miss a parade or a drill, a muster or a review. They stand beneath the shade of the trees which fringe the skirts of the Plain, and the gallant cadets, conscious that bright eyes are following their evolutions, do their devoirs as proudly as the knights of old were accustomed to demean themselves at the tournament.

Smoking on the Plain is as strictly forbidden as on Boston Common. It is related of a stranger that, walking across the Plain with cigar in mouth, he was accosted by a police-soldier, who informed him that fumigation was under a ban. "And what are your orders in such a case, Sir?" queried the stranger. "To inform the offending party that smoking is prohibited," replied the military policeman. "Very well," replied the stranger, coolly returning his cigar to his mouth. "you have done your duty, Sir." And yet they have a rusty old cannon on the Plain that is permitted to puff smoke from its ugly lips at stated hours morning and evening. With the breath of that cannon the Superintendent blows out the sun when the time of retiring comes. Before the last echo of the gun has died away, the face and both limbs of the sun have to be below the horizon on pain of being reported for misconduct by an orderly next morning. For everything is under martial law at West Point, and even the planets have to guide themselves by Col. DELAFIELD'S regulations.

Were I an artist, I should pack up my portmanteau and portfolio, and spend the balance of my life at West Point. It is questionable if any other point on the Hudson affords so many magnificent views. One, in particular, may be obtained from the rear portico of Capt. ROE'S house, which, to my thinking, is unsurpassable in its quiet beauty. The Hudson below pauses, and makes a dubious bend in its course, as though half lost among the towering rocks, and puzzled to know which way to go. Towering mountains stand sentry above, to watch that the coy and winding river does not slip surreptitiously from its channel, and, wedding with some plebeian stream, escape becoming the Bride of the Bay. This tall eagle perch, standing some 1,400 feet above the level of the water, is called Crow's Nest—but clouds lay there. Its companion, taller by 120 feet, perhaps, is called Butter Hill—a bad place to keep butter, though, for so near the sun it would certainly melt. *Vis à vis* rise Beacon Hill and Breakneck, and you half expect to see these tall partners join hands, balance for a moment, and then go waltzing down the Valley. Beacon Hill is sometimes called the Grand Sachem, probably from its savage look. Breakneck is a devil-may-care looking customer, and extends 1,685 feet above the level of the river. It is by the aid of his broad shoulders that Anthony is perpetually poking his "Nose" behind the curtain of the skies. These tall gentlemen, to whom I have introduced you, stand in the foreground of the picture; at their feet the river ripples like a dream, its bosom marked by shadows, and flaked by the white wings of gull-like sloops and schooners. In the dim perspective lies Newburgh, its spires and roof-tops as vague and undefined as the turrets of the castles which sleepers build themselves. The whole forms Capt. ROE'S private panorama, and he charges twenty-five cents for a peep. I expect he has copyrighted it, which satisfactorily explains the reason that no audacious artist has as yet dared to attempt transferring its beauty to canvas.

If you go to West Point, get Dr. CAMPBELL to take you to the miniature fort, and show you the guns captured from the Mexicans during the last war. He will introduce you to several wide-mouthed mortars, marked with quaint devices, and christened El Buitre, El Gaditano and El Titan; to long, slim-waisted guns, El Camilo, El Liberal, Le Constant, El Noto and La Vivora; to young gentlemen cannon, such as La Paloma and El Esparbel; to a fat-boy howitzer, christened El Ecla; as well as to some infant cannon that partake of the peculiarities of their parents. All bear the marks of the shot which dismounted them, and their brass ribs are terribly battered; El Liberal, especially, received a liberal blow on the upper lip, which nearly closed his mouth, so that, though he stood charged with a formidable idea in the shape of powder and shell, he could not give it utterance, or, rather, his cowardly managers were afraid to let him try. Had a Yankee gunner stood behind El Liberal at such a time, I fancy he'd have clapped a coal to El Liberal's nether extremity, and have "let 'im rip" into the ranks of the foe. Side by side with the cannon lie several links in the chain of revolutionary history, or rather several links of the chain which in revolutionary days was extended across the Hudson at this point to prevent the enemy from ascending the river. It broke, however, with its own weight, as some daily papers doubtlessly soon will with the weight of their heavy editorials. I have told you to ask Dr. CAMPBELL to show you all these things, but on second thought you will not have an opportunity, as that estimable gentleman has been ordered to a hyperborean village in this State, called Plattsburgh. The ladies are all going into mourning on this account, and one will wear widow's weeds.

A pleasant pathway winds around the brow of the bluff whereon West Point is built, fashioned partly by Nature and partly by art, and generally known as "Flirtation Walk." If a young officer volunteers to lead you through this lane, respectfully decline his assistance,—it is indispensable that you be accompanied by a lady—the younger the lady is, the better. Your correspondent avoided the offer of a charming married lady to lead him through this lane, and by a delicate stroke of diplomacy secured the services of her daughter. The commencement of "Flirtation Walk" is typical enough; a flight of stone steps—*facilis decensus*, &c., you know—lead you down, but the way is intricate and devious, and it is rather an up-hill path to get out. The trees wave their branches above your head, and the birds sing their love-notes to each other in the leafy bowers—birds go there to flirt as well as featherless bipeds. The vows and sighs that have found utterance in this green-curtained arcade linger among the tree-tops, and a rustling sound of whispers may always be heard. If trees had lips as well as lungs, they could probably reveal some very tender secrets.

Near the commencement of "Flirtation Walk" is a monument erected to—

MAJ. DADE AND HIS COMMAND,
Who were slain by the Seminole Indians.

We learn from the record that, fighting like men, Maj. DADE and his command stood bravely to the last, without an attempt to retreat. Those soldiers, mark ye, could do something besides flirt. In the latter accomplishment it is probable they were somewhat deficient, though in high-toned courtesy and chivalry to woman, it is safe to say they were never found deficient; for is it not written:

"The bravest are the tenderest,
The loving are the daring."

McGee's Point is a favorite resting-place in "Flirtation Walk"—in fact, 'tis the only resting-place you have, for the iconoclastic hand of Col. DELAFIELD destroyed the rustic seats and benches. He thought the cadets and their companions were too long in getting around, and had no idea of giving them a temptation to linger. Rounding McGee's Point, the river steamboats pass so nigh that your lady companion—if you are fortunate enough to have one—can pat them on the paddle-box, and if the ladies on board are so enthusiastic as to wave their handkerchiefs, and you happen to be short of a "wipe," you can snatch a supply from their hands. From this point you have a very good view of Constitution Island, where Miss WARNER, authoress of *Queechy*, the *Wide, Wide World*, &c., resides. She is described as a queer, quaint-looking old maid, tall and lank in build, and ungiven to the use of hoops. She comes over to West Point quite frequently, but the cadets and young officers never flirt with her. Col. DELAFIELD will not allow it—it is against the regulations.

If any one commenced reading this letter in the expectation that your Correspondent intended to tell all that was said in Flirtation Walk, that person is lamentably mistaken, and only gave proof of his surpassing ignorance of the conventionalities of life. I decline lengthening out my letter for the benefit of any one who could entertain so egregious a supposition, and herewith bring it prematurely to a close. West Point is there still; so is "Flirtation Walk." Fort Put. looks down from the hill as querulously as ever. If you wish to learn more of these classical localities, you can go thither by boat for 75 cents; by rail for a much larger sum. Go and see for yourself. C. H. W.

LATER FROM THE PACIFIC.

Arrival of the North Star—$791,660 in Treasure Arrived—Nothing Later from Central and South America—Message of the Governor of Panama—Arrest of an American Citizen.

The steamship *North Star*, JONES, Commander, from Aspinwall Sept. 4, arrived at this port this morning.

The *North Star* left at Aspinwall the United States frigate *Sabine* and the United States store-ship *Falmouth*.

The following is the specie list of the *North Star*:

The advices from California have been anticipated by the Overland Express.

There had been no later arrivals at Panama from the South Pacific or from Central America.

During the fortnight ending the 4th inst. no intelligence had been received at Panama from the interior of New-Granada, and we are in ignorance of the actual state of the revolution.

The Legislature of the State of Panama met in Panama on the 1st inst. The Governor's Message was read the same day. He discusses at some length the present unhappy state of the country, and recommends, in case of the disruption of the Confederation, that the Isthmus of Panama declare itself independent.

A Mr. BLUM, a naturalized American citizen, and for some time past a resident of Buenaventura, in New-Granada, had been arrested in Panama and sent to prison for refusing to pay to the Federal authorities certain notes of his held by them, which he had given at Buenaventura, now in possession of the Revolutionists. His arrest occasioned a good deal of excitement among the foreign residents, who, together with Mr. BLUM himself, believed that his arrest was illegal. The matter was referred to the United States Consul, who decided that he ought to pay the agents of the Federal Government here, which he accordingly did, and was released from prison. Mr. BLUM, after hearing a statement of the facts, expressed himself perfectly satisfied, and of course this ended the matter, as he was the only party, in fact, interested.

CALIFORNIA NEWS.

The Lime Point Swindle—Cool Reception of our Senators—What Latham Talks About—Rail Worship—A Litter of Newspapers—Charley Duane's Coveted Redress—New Discoveries—Town Talk.

From Our Own Correspondent.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, Aug. 21, 1860.

Uncle Sam is a gentleman of taste. If the Pony brought true news, he has agreed to give $200,000 for the left lower corner of the picture that hangs between my dining-room window-casings,—the bald-faced red rock rising precipitously from the water's edge, opposite Fort Point, and whose eastern slope awhile ago was brilliant with wild mustard in flower, but now has the dim hue of a California turf in August. I do injustice, however, to Lime Point to speak of it as if the absolute native color of its southern face and its eastern slope had anything to do with the hues it reflects to the eye of the citizen. As I saw it last, just as the sun should have been setting, its top dimly discerned through a thin blue fog, it looked like a huge black stone dropped into a kettle of clam-broth; and I know that readers who have "sucked of the abundance of the sands of the sea" will appreciate the beauty of that figure. An hour later this morning, it will look like a colossal amethyst, its jagged southern face flashing some of the rays of a ruby, its chased retreating ridge reflecting some hues of gold, set in a sapphire sea. I make the most of its color, for in that all its beauty lies. Uncle Sam thinks it a nice place to stack up several millions into the shape of a fort. As frowning fortifications would add to the picturesqueness of the landscape, I hope he will do it. But he need not have given any such sum for the land. It is good for nothing. A man would as soon think of building a country-house on the South Farralone as of making it his residence. For agricultural purposes so bleak an eminence would not be quite as valuable as just so much sea-beach. Except as a feature to look at from a distance, or for a fort, it has no conceivable uses, unless BONNER might think it worth while to lean a mammoth poster against the perpendicular face, to notify all who come through the Golden Gate that "EDWARD EVERETT writes for the New-York *Ledger*"—"writes for the New-York *Ledger*," and repeat. An act of our Legislature for the year 1859 provided that when the United States wants a piece of land for light-house, fortification and so forth, and the ownership of it is in parties who either cannot or will not, on reasonable terms, make a good deed for it to the General Government, a jury shall be summoned, under the direction of the Judge of the Court for the district where the land lies, who shall appraise its value, and assess the damages that the owners sustain; and when the estimated value and damages have been paid into the Court, a good title shall be forthcoming under a decree of the Court. Now any jury of the county within which lies Lime Point that should have found the rock worth over $2,500, would have been put upon trial as to its sanity, or at least would have been suspected of knowing the color of Dr. GWIN's money.

Against this precious Lime Point swindle, by virtue of whose passage it is instinctively presumed that Senator GWIN is none the poorer, BRODERICK in his day set his face, as did every honest man in California. When LATHAM published a manifesto that would have made a solid column of minion in the TIMES, one day last week, there was no little curiosity to discover whether he dared to say a word against this Lime Point sale. Not a word—nor a syllable about the loss of the daily Overland Mail! The crafty little Senator gave his whole attention to the great question, Why he should vote for BRECKINRIDGE. But the dissatisfaction was so great that on Saturday night, at Sacramento, where he addressed a Breckinridge meeting, he expressed himself briefly on other points than the absorbing Presidential matter. He said he did all he could for the Overland Mail; the Pacific Railroad bill failed in the House; the Lime Point business was consummated since he left Washington; he had told Secretary FLOYD that the price was extravagant, though the purchase on some terms was desirable. He added that he was not and would not be in favor of the reëlection of GWIN—and the audience gave three cheers for DOUGLAS and Gov. DOWNEY as a response.

The truth is, our Senators, neither of them, are in danger of being smothered by the caresses of their constituents. I have not seen the man who has seen GWIN since his return to the State. LATHAM has been visible to a good many more than have shown him any attention. No crowd dogs him; no queue of politicians take their turns to shake hands with him. On a ferry-boat, when he is pointed out, ten to one that the stranger stares at him coldly, and walks off muttering that for a man of such tender years he has done a heap of mischief, and let old GWIN do all that he lacked courage to do himself.

GWIN has been heard from in several remote regions shaping the primaries. He is giving his attention early in the season to the incoming Legislature. It has been reported that Ex-Gov. WELLER was stumping the State for GWIN. WELLER, in a letter to A. R. SMITH, takes occasion to intimate that there is a slight mistake about this. "I have as much right," says the late Governor, "to run against GWIN next Winter as any other man, *and I intend to run*."

Politics are really quite lively in San Francisco. There are organized Douglas Clubs in about half the Wards, and in every one a Breckinridge Club. A Central Bell and Everett Organization meets in a little German Hall, but the Republicans take the largest building they can get, cram it weekly, reserve seats for the ladies, have singing, roaring speeches, and all the enthusiasm.

The political tide running so strongly, lots of little newspapers push out to avail themselves of it that would not dream of trying to make headway at any other time. The three independent papers—the *Bulletin*, *Call* and *Alta*—keep on without a change, (except one hereafter to be mentioned,) all heeling well down under the Uncle Abe wind over the starboard quarter. The *Times* is Black Republican in every leader, and the color shows in every report. The *Telegram*, you know, went under some time ago, and the *Gazette* took off its sinking crew,—Mr. HARTE manning the *Gazette*. Last Saturday Mr. HARTE abandoned the *Gazette* for financial reasons;—as we hear the story, the printers grew unreasonable and insisted on being paid. Last night the long-time editor of the *Alta*, undertook the *Gazette* leaving the *Alta*. As Mr. FARWELL is a Republican who has been traveling in fetters lately, the *Gazette* will keep right on, while it lives, as a Republican afternoon organ. Then we have the *Herald*, out flat-footed for BRECKINRIDGE, with the whole Custom-house for its editor; and the *Nation*, a new Douglas paper; and the *Constitution* which is publishing the essays of EVERETT, and giving elegant extracts from that admirable oration on WASHINGTON which you probably have heard, as he repeated it once or twice; and three or four other dailies, none of them a week old yet, and campaign weeklies to match all the political dailies. As it is the custom to serve all new papers gratuitously awhile, it has been a blessed week for poor folks who now have waste paper enough to kindle fire in the morning and boil the teakettle with.

The rails that Uncle Abe split have arrived. They were first announced as chestnut, but as a gentleman in town who used to split rails himself in Illinois distinctly affirmed that chestnut was not an indigenous tree in that State, it was agreed that they were, one locust, the other black walnut,—and the other went up to Washington Territory before the naturalists had a look at it. The locust story rather sticks in the public throat, and, thank Heaven, there is no STEPHEN H. BRANCH here to prosecute the story to unpleasant conclusions.

CHARLEY DUANE is one of the worthy gentlemen of the school that was in fashion before 1856, whom the Vigilance Committee on second thought concluded not to hang. CHARLEY went to New-York and added to the attractions of your town until lately. Since his return to San Francisco, he has been traveling very considerably for a man of his misfortunes, and has furnished much food for the itemizers. At last, for his great grief at the hands of the Vigilance Committee he seeks redress. He files his libels in the United States District Court, asking $25,000 damages from Capt. GOODALL, of the steam-tug *Hercules*, which, in 1856, conveyed him manacled from the City to the Heads; $50,000 from Capt. WATKINS, of the *Golden Age*, which, taking him from the steam-tug, carried him to Acapulco; and $50,000 from Capt. PEARSON, of the *John L. Stephens*, which steamer, when he boarded her at Acapulco, only consented to keep him on board until the *Sonora*, on her way from San Francisco to Panama, took CHARLEY off toward the Isthmus. DUANE's counselor in this suit for an aggregate of $125,000, is the late editor, JOHN NUGENT.

CHARLEY seldom appears in public except leaning on the arm of a faithful mulatto. On Sunday the mulatto had a bad accident happen to him. He went to a Chinese wash-house to get his master's shirt. The Chinese gentleman declined to part with it until the wash bill was paid. The colored gentleman, according to his own story, then ordered the Chinese gentleman to take the shirt to his master's lodgings, which the Mongolian more positively refused to do until a previous wash-bill was liquidated. Here the sworn testimony of the parties so diverge that it is difficult to bring the forked facts together, but it is sure that the Chinaman and his company pitched in and would have been whipped, but that, either instinctively or from reading, they knew their assailant's weak point, and, with a blow on the shin, laid him low. The case went into Court, dragging about a score of Chinese on one side and a polyglot multitude of Spaniards, Lascars, Italians and Yankees on the other. The mulattoe's relations to the plaintiff in three suits for $125,000 aggregate damages, gave it an importance disproportioned to its naked merits.

We are reminded that the Old Public Functionary still lives at Washington, by the announcement that one of the publishers of a German Douglas paper has been ejected from our Custom-house, and his $75 a month given to one who votes the regular splitter ticket. They say, too, that at Mare Island some mechanics, who hurrahed for DOUGLAS on Saturday night, were cut off the pay-roll on Monday morning. It is pleasing to feel that California is not quite forgotten at the National Capital.

The *fête* day of NAPOLEON III. was celebrated in the French Catholic Church with the usual ceremony. But as the Abbe, who officiated before the special mass was sung, took pains to announce that it was not the man NAPOLEON for whom they were about to pray, but the head of the Government of France, without respect to persons, the Red Republicans, who went prepared to renew the outbreak of a year since, only glowered at the father, and kept the peace perfectly.

The Sabbath School interest was never in a more commanding position here than now. The average attendance on the schools in July, 1860, was a thousand more than in July, 1859. A large class of Chinese gathers almost every Sabbath in Mr. LACY's church, where there are always teachers to explain to them the elements of the Christian faith.

There was almost another "Archy case" at Nassa the other day. AARON RICE, formerly a slave of WM. RICE, swore out a *habeas corpus*, declaring that his (AARON's) son, a boy of 17 years, was claimed and held by WM. RICE as a slave. WM. RICE was arrested, but discharged again, when, upon examination, it appeared that the boy was not restrained of his liberty, but of his own will remained in the employ of his former master. But the quondam master, to be even with his old bondsman, made complaint against AARON for perjury. AARON was bound over to the Court of Sessions, and easily found his bail.

I wish you Eastern folks had more charity for miners. Seeing how steadily the gold pours in from California, you have adopted the notion that if a miner does not make his pile it is his own fault. But that is by no means always the case. The orthodox faith in the mining regions is that plodding industry will always give a man a living, but luck must fetch the big finds. Last week two men took out $1,100 from a gulch some three miles from San Andreas, with common pans. From one single panful of bed-rock they took out $400. Week before last they took out $600. But hear the whole story. Their claim is located where they have been laboring nearly a year without pay until recently. Their perseverance drifted at last into the laterse slate where the luck lay, and now it will probably last them for years—the choicest sort of diggings.

An enterprising hotel-keeper at Sacramento has been sinking a well on his premises with the object of obtaining a negative artesian well—an everlasting drain. On the adjoining lot the experiment was tried successfully; the auger was driven down to the loose gravel, and whatever goes into the boring is never heard of more. What a blessing that would be in New-York, located anywhere except under the Tax-office!

Indications of a fine lead of asbestos have been developed near the Russian River Mountains.

I am not going to spoil my letter by telling a piece of scandal that made a great talk last week. I will only say that a Mr. FALLS and his wife came here lately from Cincinnati and have been stopping at the Sutro House. The husband having occasion to suspect that all was not right, got a friend to help him watch her. They soon saw her sally forth at mid-day, and take her course towards a disreputable house which she entered. The husband, armed with a Derringer, followed, and attempted to enter the room where he guessed she was. The wife came to the door and begged him not to shoot the destroyer of his peace—a well-known lawyer, who stood in the room, with a Derringer in *his* hand too. The husband's friend wrested the lawyer's weapon away, but the husband did not fire. The lawyer escaped into the street, clad in a single garment—the husband retaining in his possession the watch, the money, the pistol, the clothes of the fugitive. The whole matter would have been turned off at the first reading and hastily forgotten, but for the fact that the lawyer who made this mid-day flight, and who plunged into a livery stable, and finally drove off wrapped in a buffalo robe, was the DUNCAN W. PERLEY who caused the Broderick duel, and who so successfully defended, at his late trial, Judge TERRY from the uncontradicted charge of murdering BRODERICK. There was a good deal of sympathy for poor FALLS, at first, notwithstanding his murderous valor oozed out when he came into the presence of the author of his wrong. But it cooled off when it got about, how truly or falsely I cannot say, that Mrs. FALLS was not all she should have been before, and that when she left Cincinnati she was a Miss SPANGLER, and that the true Mrs. FALLS never came to California.

The last news from Oregon is to the effect that the Secretary of State refuses to issue a certificate of election to SHIEL, which would oblige Congress to admit him without asking for his certificate. The Secretary's ground of objection—that is, the one that goes upon record—is that the election was not authorized by law.

From Portland there was quite a rush toward the new Walla Walla mines, whence $15,000 of gold came down to this port by the last steamer. The Victoria journals are all aglow with the wealth of the Rock Creek mines, where the last courier reported about 300 miners, making from $5 to $20, and some their $100 a day. Near Fort Hope some zealous claimants have found to be a new Washoe—but the assays ($45 to $100 a ton) that they report, don't bear out the goodly proportions of the rest of the story. The redeeming feature is, that the silver is in the rock that lies on the surface, so that they drill into the suspicious rock, put in a charge of powder, touch the match, and up flies the silver ore.

Coming back to our own latitude, they have got the first steam quartz mill in operation at Washoe. The stockholders in this city felt so O-be-joyful at the tidings, that nothing but the sternest remonstrances from the city authorities kept them from blazing away on the plaza as if somebody had been nominated for something. GLAUCUS.

PERSONAL.

—Judge Morton, of the Superior Court, in Boston, had a curious case before him on Friday; suit was brought upon a bond, for the recovery of a small claim. The defendant was a member of the Suffolk Bar, and it appeared that he himself drafted the bond, and made it so legally imperfect that he had the assurance to defend the suit under it, claiming that the instrument was of no value. Upon this revelation the Judge remarked that he considered such conduct as *almost* meriting contempt of the Court. The defending counsel stated that there were certain circumstances in the case which he thought justified him in his course. The Judge replied that he could scarcely conceive of any circumstances in which counsel could come into Court and claim benefit from his own errors. And thus the matter dropped without further explanation.

—Among the passengers by the *Northern Light*, to Aspinwall, are E. T. Mills, President-elect of the Oahu College; Charles Judd, son of the late Secretary of Finance of the Hawaiian Government; Mr. Fuller, Secretary of Dr. Armstrong, Minister of Public Instruction, and with the latter are two young ladies, who go out as teachers in a native school for females. The public reception of Mr. Gough by the ministers of Massachusetts, is to take place at Tremont Temple, on Monday evening, Sept. 17. The address of welcome will be given by Rev. Dr. Kirk, pastor of the Mt. Vernon Church in this City, of which Mr. Gough is a member.

The Suffolk (Mass.) Bar took fitting notice on Monday of the retirement of Chief Justice Shaw. A Committee was appointed to present the distinguished jurist an address, and it is probable that his bust will be procured and placed in the Supreme Court Room, Boston. Hon. George T. Bigelow, Mr. Shaw's successor, was qualified on Monday. Mr. Reuben A. Chapman, of Springfield, Mass., has been nominated by Gov. Banks as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, in the place of Judge Bigelow.

—The Petersburgh, (Va.) *Express* says that Mr. Hare's *Oysterman* was sent on to this City a few days ago, to fill his four mile engagement with *Prophet*, on the 2d of October. He was accompanied by Major Doswell's *Planet*, *en route* for the same turf, to fill a grand engagement, in which *Daniel Boone* is going to be particularly beaten. The races at New-Market will take place during the last week in October.

Mr. Joseph E. Thayer, of the firm of J. E. Thayer & Co., cotton brokers, Boston, committed suicide on Monday by hanging himself. He had apparently gone to one of the upper stories of his store, tied one end of the cord which he had put around his neck to the hoisting rope, and then cast himself down. He was 35 years of age. No cause could be assigned for the suicide.

Mrs. Putnam, the colored American woman who wrote Sir Samuel Cunard a letter some months since, complaining of maltreatment which she received on board the *Europa* steamship, has just returned to this country by the *Arabia*. On that vessel she was allowed to purchase a first-class ticket, and received all the privileges and attentions to which she was entitled.

Miss Ida Craig, daughter of D. H. Craig, Esq., agent of the Associated Press, was married on Tuesday last, to James B. Brown, Esq., of Peekskill, son of one of the wealthiest residents of that place. Rev. H. W. Beecher officiated, and his son and daughter were groomsman and bridesmaid.

—On Thursday Gen. Pierce was thrown from his carriage while riding in Concord, N. H., in consequence of his horse taking fright and turning suddenly. The Ex-President suffered a little more severely than he did from a similar accident during his Mexican campaigns, but his bruises will not prove serious.

—The public schools in Buffalo were visited on Thursday by Baron Osten Sacken, Secretary of the Russian Legation at Washington. He expressed himself highly delighted with the school system and its workings, but was doubtful whether it could at present be put into practice in Russia.

—Among the citizens of Detroit appointed by the Mayor to receive His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, when he shall visit that city, are Ex-Governor McClelland, Hon. Z. Chandler, Bishop S. A. McCoskry, Bishop P. P. Lefevre, Rev. Gus Duffield, D. D., and D. Bethune Duffield.

—Charles Follen, of Boston, has been remembered by Lady Byron in her will. She has bequeathed him £300, "to assist him in the difficulties he will have to contend with in his disinterested advocacy of the colored race."

—Chauncey Simons and his venerable lady celebrated their Golden Wedding at Fleming, New-York, on Thursday. Eight children, twenty-nine grandchildren and three great-grandchildren were present.

Rev. Daniel R. Goodwin was on Monday inaugurated Provost of the Pennsylvania University. Bishop Potter conducted the exercises, which were held in Musical Fund Hall, Philadelphia.

Personal friends gave Hon. Robert C. Winthrop a hearty welcome home on Saturday last. He returned from Europe, where he has been spending the last year, in the *Arabia*.

—It will gratify the numerous friends of Rev. Dr. M'Clintock in this City to know that he is laboring with great acceptance in his new sphere at Paris.

—Wm. Gillmore Simms, the South Carolina novelist and poet, is passing several weeks with a friend near Yonkers.

LAW REPORTS.

The Record Commission Case.

STAY OF PROCEEDINGS GRANTED.

Wm. C. Wetmore et al. vs. *The Board of Supervisors.*—This was the return to the order in this case, to show cause why a stay of proceedings should not be granted, pending an appeal from Justice SUTHERLAND's order, to the General Term.

The matter was before Justice SUTHERLAND, at Chambers of the Supreme Court, and after some little discussion, an order was entered granting the stay of proceedings asked, and containing a clause restraining the Board of Supervisors from confirming the tax levy until the *mandamus* was complied with, in case the judgment on appeal was against them.

Mr. Lawrence, for the Board of Supervisors, stated that he intended to move the case on at General Term, on Monday next, the first day of the session.

A. R. Lawrence, for motion; Brady, Edmonds and Fullerton, opposed.

The Charge of Vagrancy.

ASKING ALMS AN EVIDENCE THEREOF.

Matter of Palonia Fappionia.—The particulars of this case were stated in the TIMES of yesterday.

The *habeas corpus* suit was now discharged by Justice SUTHERLAND sitting at Chambers of the Supreme Court, it appearing that the petitioner had been in the habit of soliciting alms. In discharging the writ and remanding the prisoner, Justice SUTHERLAND remarked that the present was not all similar to the case of the woman Gortes, who was charged with being a prostitute. In this case it appeared that the relator had been in the habit of soliciting alms. That act was an evidence of the charge preferred.

The prisoner was remanded.

Charged with Emigrant Swindling.

The People vs. *Nicholas Miller.*—The prisoner in this case was convicted at the Special Sessions on a charge of soliciting emigrants for certain routes, without a license, and sentenced to three months imprisonment. The case now came up before Justice SUTHERLAND at Chambers of the Supreme Court, on an application for a writ of *certiorari* to take the case to the General Sessions, it being alleged that the commitment did not inform the prisoner of his right to select either of the two tribunals. The writ was granted and the case will go to the General Sessions for review.

Application to Compel the Payment of Money.

Petition of Francis Feitner.—This was an application made before Justice SUTHERLAND, at Chambers of the Supreme Court, for an order requiring James S. Sanford, Esq., to pay over to the petitioner the sum of $500, alleged to have been loaned by the late Edward Sanford, Esq., as Referee, in the year 1847.

After hearing the statement of counsel on behalf of the application, the Court remarked that the application could not be granted on the present papers—it not clearly appearing from them what was the ground of the motion. Counsel for respondent stated that Mr. Sanford was equally ignorant of the nature of the motion, and that he was wholly unacquainted with Feitner, and never had received any money on his account, or that he was responsible to him for.

Motion denied, with leave to renew on other papers.

Hull and Conable, for motion; Samuel J. Glassey, opposed.

Removal of Actions from one Court to Another.

EFFECT OF APPEARANCE.

Russell Dart vs. *Geo. W. Arms.*—This was an application for leave to remove the cause from the Superior Court to the United States Court. The application was made at Special Term, before Justice PIERREPONT, who decided as follows:

PIERREPONT, J.—Under the statute, the defendant, who is a resident of another State, has this right, unless he has appeared in the action. It is conceded that the defendant, by his counsel, moved the Court to discharge the order of arrest. That motion was argued and denied.

The decision therein seems to hold that such action is equivalent to an entry of appearance. The motion must be denied, with costs, to abide event.

United States Circuit Court.

The September term of this Court was opened by Judge NELSON, yesterday morning, punctually at 12 o'clock.

After hearing a motion or two of no great importance, the calendar of Appeals in Admiralty was called. There are but nine appeals on the calendar this term, a very small number, which marks the falling off in the business of the Admiralty Courts, occasioned by the recent changes in the views of the Supreme Court as to jurisdiction.

The case of Robert Latta vs. 180 hogsheads of tobacco, was called on, being ready, and argument was had.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

SUTHERLANE, J.—*Eager* vs. *Storms*.—Motion denied.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.

NELSON, J.—*The West Haven Buckle Company* vs. *Julius Solmson and J. M. Meyer. The West Haven Buckle Company* vs. *Isaac Beinheimer, Hermann Beinheimer and Simon Beinheimer.*—Injunction granted in both cases, restraining the defendants from selling, vending importing, or in any way infringing the patent of the complainants.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—SEPT. 12.

$16,000	Tenn. State 6s,'90	90¾	8	Clev. Col. & Cin. R.	94¼
16,000	do	90⅞	100	Mich. S. & N. I. G. S.	47⅜
2,000	Virginia State 6s	91⅜	250	do	47
10,000	N. C. State 6s	98⅛	100	do b30	47
1,000	Missouri State 6s	81¾	50	do	46¾
1,000	N. Y. Cen. R. 7s	103	200	do	46½
1,000	Harlem R. 1st M.	97¾	50	do	46⅝
10,000	Mich. So. 2d M. bs.	66	50	Illinois Cen. R. S.	87
13,000	Ill. Cen. R. Bds.	98	50	do	87¼
2,000	Miss. & Mo. 1st		350	do	87⅜
	Mtg. Con. Bds.	68	200	do b60	88⅛
42	Phœnix Bank	109	150	do b30	87⅞
20	National Bank	109	250	do	87⅝
28	Bank of Commerce	100⅞	605	Clev. & Pitts. R.	12
10	Metropolitan Bank	111⅛	650	Gal. & Chic. R.	79
15	N. Y. Central R.	87⅛	100	do s10	79
350	do	87⅜	50	do s15	79⅛
100	do b60	88	250	do b15	79¼
200	do b60	87⅞	50	do b10	79¼
650	do	87¼	50	do	79⅛
100	do b30	87⅜	100	do b60	79⅞
200	do b15	87¼	500	Clev. & Toledo R.	47¼
200	do	87⅛	300	do s30	47
50	do b60	87⅛	1,100	do	47
300	do	87	200	do s60	46⅞
30	Continental Bank	104	1,000	do b60	47¾
500	Erie Railroad	29¾	200	do snwk	47
200	do s60	29⅝	550	Chi. & Rock I'd R.	79½
50	do b30	29¾	300	do	79⅝
150	Hud. Riv. R. b60	61	100	do	79¾
50	do s30	60⅝	12	do	80
300	Harlem Railroad	18	150	do b30	80
100	Reading Railroad	47¼	50	do s60	79¼
350	Mich. Central R.	71	50	Chic. Bur. & Qu. R.	90½
50	do	71⅛	301	do	91
50	do b60	72	50	do s10	91
6	Mich. S. & N. Ind. R.	22½	100	do b30	91½
100	do b30	23	150	do b30	91⅝
100	do b30	22¾	30	Indi'polis & Cin. R.	49
50	do b7	22½	150	La Crosse & Mil. R.	1¾
10	Del. L. & W. R.	93	20	B'klyn C. & Ja. R.	100
36	do	93¾			

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000	Missouri State 6s	81¼	200	Harlem R.	18
6,000	Cal. State 7s	93½	400	Reading R.	47½
500	Ill. Cen. R. bs.	99½	200	do s30	47⅛
11,000	do	99	250	M. S. & N. I. R.	22⅜
5,000	N. Ia. 1st M.	86	250	do b30	23
10,000	Chic. & N. W. 2d M.	35¼	25	M. S. & N. Ia. G. S.	47¼
3,000	do	35⅞	250	Ill. Cen. R. Scrip	87⅜
10,000	Miss. & Mo. 1st M.		50	do b30	88⅛
	Const. Bonds	69	800	Cleve. & Tol. R.	47¼
7,000	E. R. 3d M bs. '83	97¾	100	do b30	47⅛
50	Am. Ex. Bank	103½	100	do b10	47⅜
10	Ocean Bank	97	600	Chi. & R'k Isl'd, s60	79⅞
830	N. Y. Central R.	87½	500	do b60	80⅛
200	do b10	87⅜	100	do s30	80
350	Erie Railroad	29¾	200	do b30	80½
750	do b30	30	100	do s60	80
200	Hudson R. R. b60	61	400	do	80⅛
50	do	60½	15	Clev. & Pittburgh R.	12
10	do	60¾	53	Clev. Col. & Cin. R.	95
250	do b10	60¾	200	La Crosse & Mill. R.	1⅝
250	do s30	60½			

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 12—P. M.

The stock market closed this afternoon, with the same firmness that has characterised the general tone of dealings for a week or ten days past. The rapid advance within a few days of New-York Central shares from 83⅞ to 87¼ per cent. brought in a few *Bull* sellers at the early Board, and the orders, in realization of profits, caused a momentary reaction to 87@87¼ per cent. but as the remainder of the Railway share market failed to sympathise to any material extent, and as fresh orders to buy on the general list appeared to be waiting only for a slight concession in prices, the afternoon Board manifested increased activity on the printed list, and strong bidding at the close. The comparison with yesterday afternoon is substantially as follows:

	Tuesday.	Wed.		Tuesday.	Wed.
Central	87½	87⅝	Galena	79	79⅝
Erie	29¾	29⅝	Rock Island	79⅝	80¼
Hudson	60¾	60¾	Mich. Central	71¼	71¼
Harlem	18⅛	18⅛	Mich. South'n	23	22¾
Panama	126½	126½	Toledo	47	47⅝
Pacific	81⅞	81⅛	Illinois Cen.	87½	88

The firmest among the Western shares were Illinois Central, Rock Island and Toledo. The last two show good receipts for the first week in August, and both have the support of a strong upward speculation, while Illinois Central scrip, with equally favorable receipts, is backed by the English market and the action of the Board of Directors to-day, in adjusting the outstanding rights to subscribe to the stock, which will not only dispense with any further installments upon the present stock, but limit the subscription, absolute of these rights, to about 6,400 shares, or one-tenth the whole amount now outstanding. The demand for the New-York Road stocks improved at the close, and both Erie and Central were wanted at, or a fraction over, the best prices of the day. In Railway Bonds, the Construction mortgages of the Illinois Central almost touched par, for the first time in seven years, the latest sale this afternoon being 99 ⅌ cent. on $11,000. The Chicago and Northwest seconds were in request at an advance of ½@⅜ ⅌ cent., and sales of the Mississippi and Missouri Construction Land Mortgage were made at 69 ⅌ cent., cash. The dealings in these Bonds begin just now to attract public attention, although the work of the Company has been quietly but surely progressing through all the financial discouragements of the past three years for railway enterprises. The practical energy thus brought to bear upon the Mississippi and Missouri road—which is an extension of the Rock Island through the heart of Iowa to Council Bluffs on the Missouri River on the direct Central route to the Pacific—should of itself entitle the mortgage to a high degree of credit. But in addition to this the landed security is almost doubled by the fact that the Company finished and equipped 107 miles of road and acquired the fee to over 200,000 acres of the most valuable farming lands of Iowa, before mortgaging any part of their extensive Land Grant. The whole mortgage, when issued in full, will be less by $12,000 ⅌ mile than that which is deemed entirely secure upon the Hannibal and St. Joseph road, while the country in which the Land Grant is located is filling up by immigration more rapidly than almost any other section of the Great West.

There is little or nothing of news in the Money or Exchange Markets to comment upon to-day, beyond the shipment out of $350,000 by the *Africa* for England, and the receipt inward, by the *North Star*, of $791,000 from California. The following is the list of the latter:

J. B. Weir	$6,806	Eugene Kelly & Co.	40,000
Order	12,898	Wm. Hoge	10,000
Howland & Aspinw'l	9,347	P. Naylor	10,000
W. Seligman & Co.	40,000	Am. Ex. Bank	30,000
Eppinger & Co.	4,000	Conroy & O'Connor	10,000
J. Strauss, Bros. & Co.	33,000	Eugene, Kelly & Co.	32,000
Order	13,000	Duncan, Sher'n & Co.	115,000
R. Meader and O. A.		Neustadter Bros.	3,000
Evans	11,000	Freeman & Co.	5,500
J. Heller & Bros.	34,500	Am. Ex. Bank	24,000
Taaffe, McCahill & Co.	56,009	Am. Ex. Bank	10,000
Kirby, Byrne & Co.	4,600	Wells, Fargo & Co.	150,000
R. Patrick	30,000	Wells, Fargo & Co.	12,000
H. Cohn & Co.	15,000	W. Lobach & Schepeler	1,000
Neustadter Bros.	13,000	Order	10,000
J. Patrick & Co.	46,000	Total	$791,661

The management of the Wabash Valley Company are enabled to announce that they will now pay, on presentation to the Treasurer, Mr. B. WILSON, of CAMMANN & Co., No. 56 Wall-street, the deferred February interest on the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company.

The earnings of the Illinois Central Railroad the first week of September were:

1860	$61,375 70
1859	52,223 14
Increase	$9,152 56

The collections in the Land Department for the first week were $16,002 99, and the sales $25,379 94.

The traffic return of the Chicago and Rock Island Company, for the first week in September, is as follows:

First week, 1860	$37,686
First week, 1859	26,784
Increase	$10,902

The following is the report of the amount of coal transported over the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad for the week ending Saturday, Sept. 8:

	Week Tons. Cwt.	Year. Tons. Cwt.
Shipped North	8,128 09	149,466 12
Shipped South	16,485 05	574,348 12
Total	24,613 14	723,815 00

For corresponding time last year:

	Week. Tons. Cwt.	Year. Tons. Cwt.
Shipped North	4,239 10	134,304 18
Shipped South	16,145 10	404,484 16
Total	20,385 00	538,789 14

The earnings of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad have been as follows:

From Aug. 1, 1859, to Aug. 1, 1860	$1,200,108
From Aug. 1, 1858, to Aug. 1, 1859	773,179
Increase	$426,929
	Bales.
Receipts of cotton for the same period	223,290
Increase over last year	86,400

We annex a comparative statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from New-York to foreign ports, for the week, and since Jan. 1:

	1858.	1859.	1860.
For the week	$871,208	$1,543,518	$2,173,460
Previously repor'd	43,518,008	44,447,025	60,456,915
Since Jan. 1	$44,389,216	$45,981,543	$62,630,375

The Board of Directors of the Illinois Central Company to-day took action on the 64,000 shares Privilege Scrip, which expire, by present limitation, in February next, and which now bear a premium of $3 per share in London. As the Company will have no use for the money which would come in to them on the subscription of these privileges, or any considerable portion of them, they propose to extend nine-tenths one, two and three years, on the absolute subscription of one-tenth and the payment of $80 per share thereon—to make ten shares equal to the Common Scrip—by the 1st December next. We annex the official resolution on the subject:

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, held this day, it was:

Resolved, That the holders of rights to subscribe to the stock of this Company at par, which expire Feb 20, 1861, may surrender the same to the Treasurer on or before the 1st day of December next, and, upon paying eighty dollars to the Treasurer upon one of every ten rights so surrendered, he shall issue a scrip certificate for one share of the Capital Stock of the Company, with eighty dollars paid thereon, and three rights, to expire 20th February, 1862, three to expire 20th February, 1863, and three to expire 20th February, 1864, for each ten rights so surrendered.

The Cotton receipts of the past week are 33,000 bales at all the ports, against 15,000 bales the same week last season. The general statement of the old crop will be made up officially as usual by the *New-York Shipping List*, and will be ready for distribution on Saturday next. The circular of Messrs. NEILL BROTHERS of to-day says of the growing crop:

"The new growth which was started by the late rains has become a leading feature in the crop question. Accounts from different localities vary according to the character of the weather; but there is a cessation of complaints from many points, and the advices are generally of a more favorable tenor. From sandy and upland districts, where the plant suffered most by drouht, we now learn that the new growth is doing well, and in Alabama it is blooming finely. In Georgia and South Carolina the prospects have been improved. Different opinions exist of the probable result of this new growth in producing Cotton, but the more intelligent view is, that with fine weather and a late frost it will reach maturity, and thus partially repair the damage by drouht. It is entirely a weather question, however, and therefore wholly in the future."

And that of Messrs. WM. P. WRIGHT & Co. contains the following reference:

"The accounts continue rather unfavorable than otherwise. There have been further rains in the South, and planters complain of too much moisture. Grounds of complaint are being received from many quarters; boll worms, rust, dropping of squares and forms, all of which create the idea of a crop less than the last; with many advocates of figures ranging from 3,500,000 bales to 4,000,000 bales. The chief basis for belief in these low estimates, is the result now becoming known, of the injury caused by drought and the extreme heat of the weather in June and July. As we have before remarked, all guesses about the crop in figures are worthless until at least the end of November."

We learn, to-day, with much pleasure, that Mr. ADDISON G. JEROME, well known and highly esteemed in Wall-street, has formed a permanent connection with the Stock-Exchange business, under the firm of JEROME, FITZHUGH & Co.; office in Beaver-street, near William. The junior partner, Mr. J. E. JENKINS, is a member of the Stock-Exchange Board.

The following are the Currency, Land Warrants and Specie quotations for the week, corrected for us from the rates current at the Banking Office of Messrs. THOMPSON BROTHERS:

N. Y. S. Currency	3-10@ —	Virginia	¾@ —
N. Eng'd & N. Jer.	1-5@ —	Illinois & Wiscon.	1¼@ —
Philadelphia	1-5@ —	Michigan	¾@ —
Baltimore	3-10@ —	Tennessee	1⅛@ —
Interior Penn	⅝@ ¾	Free Indiana	1⅛@ —
Interior Maryland	⅝@ ¾	Louisiana	¾@ —
Ohio, Ky. & Ind.	¾@ —	Missouri	1¼@ —
S. Carolina & Ga.	1⅛@ —	Mobile	1¼@ —
North Carolina	1⅛@ —	Canada	⅛@ —

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
40 acre warrants, ⅌ acre	$1 00	$1 10
80 acre warrants, ⅌ acre	88	94
120 acre warrants, ⅌ acre	76	82
160 acre warrants, ⅌ acre	78	84

SPECIE.

Silver.		Old Am. Qr. Dols.	$1 02@ —
Mexican Dols.	$1 07@ —	Span. Silver ⅌oz.	1 22@ —
Spanish Dols.	1 12@ —	*Gold.*	
Five-franc pieces	98@ —	Sovereigns	4 86@4 88
French Crowns	1 10@ —	Twenty Francs	3 85@ —
German Crowns	1 08@ —	Ten-thaler pieces	7 87@ —
Prussian Thalers	71@ —	Ten-guilder pcs.	3 98@ —
Guilders	40@ —	Span. Doubloons	16 10@16 20
English Silver	4 80@4 85	Patriot Doubl'ns	15 70@15 80
Species	1 08@ —	Gold—Am. Old	6c. prem.
Old Am. Hlf. Dols.	1 04½ —		

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, Sept. 12, 1860—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce, since our last, have been: 12 bbls. Ashes, 6,259 bbls. Flour, 293 bbls. Corn Meal, 34,652 bushels Wheat, 37,780 bushels Corn, 26,465 bush. Oats, 108 pkgs. Provisions, and 77 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Small sales were made to-day, at $5 25 for Pots, and $5 56¼ for Pearls, ⅌ 100 ℔s. Stock in the Inspection Warehouse this morning, 641 bbls., including 391 bbls. Pots, and 250 bbls. Pearls.

CANDLES—Sales have been mainly of Adamantine, which are quoted at from 17c.@19c. ⅌ ℔.

COFFEE—Has been in moderate request, and sales have been reported of 30 mats Java at 16½c; 185 bags Maracaibo at 14⅜c.@14½c.; 650 bags Rio at 14¼c.@14½c.; small lots of Jamaica at 14½c., and of St. Domingo at 12¾c., ⅌ ℔.

COTTON—The inquiry is moderate and prices are sustained. We have heard of sales since our last of 1,200 bales. The following is a statement, prepared by Messrs. NEILL BROTHERS & Co., of the movements of Cotton for the past week and since 1st September last, compared with the five preceding years:

	RECEIPTS Past Wk.	RECEIPTS Since Sept. 1	EX. FOR PAST WEEK To Gt. B.	To Fr.	Oth. F. P.
1859-60	33,000	4,539,000	—	—	—
1858-9	15,000	3,381,000	10,000	2,000	1,000
1857-8	3,000	3,114,000	2,000	5,000	2,000
1856-7	1,000	2,940,000	6,000	—	1,000
1855-6	3,000	3,528,000	1,000	1,000	—
1854-5	18,000	2,847,000	15,000	—	2,000

	EXPORTS SINCE FIRST SEPTEMBER To Gt. B.	To Fr.	Other F. P.	Total.	Stock:
1859-60	2,671,000	588,000	514,000	3,773,000	192,000
1858-9	2,019,000	451,000	551,000	3,021,000	149,000
1857-8	1,810,000	384,000	396,000	2,590,000	103,000
1856-7	1,429,000	413,000	411,000	2,253,000	49,000
1855-6	1,921,000	481,000	553,000	2,955,000	64,000
1854-5	1,550,000	410,000	285,000	2,245,000	143,000

DRY GOODS—The public sales of Dress Goods, Shawls, Linens, &c., to-day, were generally pretty well attended, and fair prices were obtained for all really desirable productions, though sellers did not seem to be thoroughly satisfied with the results.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The demand has been rather moderate to-day for most kinds of State and Western Flour, prices of which generally tend downwards. The reported transactions add up only 13,320 bbls., in lots, including superfine State at $5 70@$5 80; inferior to choice extra State at $6 00@$6 15, mainly at $6 05@$6 10; superfine Western at $5 70@$5 85, chiefly at $5 75@$5 80; extra Iowa and Wisconsin at $6 00@$6 70; extra Illinois, Indiana and Michigan, $6 05@$6 75; very inferior extra Ohio, $6 00@$6 10; round hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, $6 15@$6 30 ⅌ bbl.

Superfine State	$5 70	@$5 80
Extra State	6 00	@ 6 15
Superfine Western	5 70	@ 5 85
Extra Iowa and Wisconsin	6 00	@ 6 70
Extra Illinois, Indiana and Michigan	6 05	@ 6 75
Inferior Extra Ohio	6 00	@ 6 10
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping bd.	6 15	@ 6 30
Extra Ohio, trade brand	6 35	@ 7 00
Fancy Genesee	6 15	@ 6 25
Extra Genesee	6 35	@ 7 25
Inferior to choice Extra Missouri	6 25	@ 7 25

Southern Flour is in fair demand, at former rates. The reported transactions add up 1,870 bbls., in lots, chiefly at $6 10@$6 35 for very poor to good superfine Alexandria, Baltimore, &c., and $6 40@$7 75 for fancy to very choice extra brands ⅌ bbl. Canadian is in less request, including superfine, at $5 70@$5 80, and inferior to very choice extra, $6 00@$7 50 ⅌ bbl.; 500 bbls. changed hands. Rye Flour is inquired for at $3 50@$4 40 for fine and superfine, ⅌ bbl. Corn Meal sells, in lots, $3 50@$3 55 for Jersey, and $3 95 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat is in fair request, partly for export, at about former quotations for desirable lots, here and to arrive. The reported sales add up 115,000 bushels, including white Western, ordinary to very choice, at $1 44@$1 60, chiefly at $1 46@$1 50; unsound and soft do. at $1 32@$1 40; amber Western at $1 39@$1 40; sound red Western at $1 36 @$1 39; unsound and soft do., at $1 30@$1 35; Milwaukee Club at $1 30@$1 32; Iowa Spring, part at $1 28; poor to good No. 2 Chicago Spring at $1 22@ $1 26; and white Kentucky, part at $1 57½@$1 60 ℔ bush. Corn is salable and firm. The day's business amounts to 64,000 bush. at 68c.@70., chiefly at 68c. @69c., for mixed Western, 72c. for round Yellow, and 74c. for Yellow Western, ℔ bushel. Rye is inquired for, chiefly at 78c.@80c. ℔ bush.; sales 4,350 bush. Barley is unaltered. Oats are in request, including Canada at 41c.@42c.; Western at 40½c.@41½c.; and State at 41½c.@42½c. ℔ bush.

HAY—Sales 900 bales at 70c.@85c. for new, a 90c@95.c. for old, ℔ 100 lbs.

HOPS—The reported transactions to-day include 80 bales last year's crop at 16c.@20c.; and some lots of new at over 30c. ℔ lb.

IRON—Sales of 130 tons Scotch Pig were effected at $22 75@$23 25 ℔ ton, usual terms.

LEAD—A moderate inquiry prevails for the principal kinds at steady prices.

MOLASSES—The principal transactions have been in Cuba, of 370 hhds., have been reported sold at 27c. @29c. for Muscovado, and in part, 22c.@24c. for Clayed, ℔ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Crude Turpentine is in demand, chiefly at $2 87½ ℔ 280 lbs. Week's receipts, 299 bbls. Estimated stock, 5,000 bbls. Spirits Turpentine has been in moderate request, within a range of from 39c. @41c. ℔ gallon. Week's receipts, 3,184 bbls.; estimated stock, 6,500 bbls. Tar has been inactive, including Washington, at $2 65@$2 87½ ℔ bbl. None arrived during the week. Estimated stock, 2,300 bbls. Resin has been freely offered, and has been depressed, closing with common at $1 30@$1 35; strained, $1 37½ @$1 42½; and No. 2 at $1 47½@$1 87½ ℔ 310 lbs.; and low to fine and pale No. 1 at $2@$3 50 ℔ 280 lbs. Week's receipts of Resin, 20,098 bbls. Estimated stock of common at the close, 36,000 bbls. Mr. C. J. TURNER has prepared the following statement of the *Naval Store trade of New-York, Jan. 1 to Sept. 11, 1860*:

	Receipts.	Exports.
Crude Turpentine, bbls........	46,645	41,741
Spirits Turpentine, bbls........	111,732	48,131
Resin........	491,807	355,353
Tar........	41,259	20,956

OILS—The inquiry is fair for Olive, moderate for Linseed, and restricted for most other kinds, at previous quotations. In New-Bedford, during the week, the sales, according to the *Whalemen's Shipping List*, have been confined to 500 bbls. Crude Sperm at $1 55, and 100 bbbls. Crude Whale at 55c. ℔ gallon.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States:

	Sperm, bbls.	Whale, bbls.	Bone, lbs.
From Jan. 1 to Sept. 10, 1860.	61,008	130,166	1,062,500
Same time last year........	74,248	184,479	1,170,700

PROVISIONS—Pork has been quiet to-day; sales having been confined to 670 bbls., in lots, including new Mess at $19 37½@$19 45; new Prime at $14 12½@$14 50, the latter rate for very choice; old Mess at $19 12½, and old Prime at $13 25 ℔ bbl. Lard continues unchanged; sales 375 tierces and bbls., in lots, at 12¼c.@13¼c., ℔ lb. Beef is salable and steady; sales 325 bbls., at $8 75@$10 50 for repacked Western Mess; $11@$12 50 for extra Western Mess; $5@$6 for Country Mess, and $4@$4 50 for Country Prime, ℔ bbl. Prime Mess, $14@$[illegible] ℔ tierce. Beef Hams, $10@$15 50 ℔ bbl. Butter is inquired for at 16c.@21c. for new State, and 13c.@17c. for Western, ℔ lb. Cheese continues in good request, at 9½c.@11c. ℔ lb.

RICE—Sales 100 bbls., in lots, at $4 75@$5 ℔ 100 lbs.

SALT—A lively inquiry prevails for Liverpool, including ground at 80c., and fine at $1 40@$1 60 ℔ sack. Other kinds are in moderate request, including Turk's Island, at 19c. ℔ bushel.

SKINS—Deer and Mexican Goat are in demand at uniform prices.

SOAP—Sales, 200 boxes Castile at 10c.@10½c. ℔ lb.

SPICES—Are attracting some attention, and are quoted steady.

SUGARS—The reported transactions since our last add up 1,100 hhds., chiefly Cuba, at 6c.@7¼c., with some Melado at 3¾c.@4c.; two invoices of Manila, part at 6¾c., and 2,800 boxes Havana at 6⅞c.@7⅞c. ℔ lb.

TEAS—Most of the Greens, with a small portion of the Blacks, offered at auction to-day, found buyers at steady rates; Imperial, 46c.@57c.; Hyson, 38½c.@ 47½c.; Young Hyson, 38½c.@52½c.; Twankay, 36½c.@38½c.; Oolong at 38c.@62½c.; and Souchong at 31c. ℔ lb.

WHISKY—Sales transpired, to-day, of 480 bbls., chiefly at 24½c. ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—We have heard of rather moderate engagements to-day, without any important change in rates. For Liverpool, Cotton, 7-32d.@¼d. ℔ lb.; Flour, 3s. 9d.@4s. ℔ bbl.; Grain, 12½d.@13d. ℔ bushel. For Glasgow, Flour, 3s. 9d.@4s. ℔ bbl.; Grain, 12d.@ 13d. ℔ bushel. For London, Flour, 4s. ℔ bbl.; Grain, 13d.@14d. ℔ bushel. For Bristol, Flour, 3s. 6d. ℔ bbl.; Grain, 12½d.@14d. ℔ bushel. For Havre, Flour, (by steamer,) $1 ℔ bbl. The latest charters, according to the *Shipping List*, have been: A bark, 457 tons, to Penarth Roads for orders, (Bristol, Newport or Cardiff,) 12d. in shippers' bags; one to Cork and a market, 12d. in bulk or shipper's bags; a brig, same voyage, 11,000 bushels, 12d. in bulk, or 13½d. in shipper's bags; a Tern. schooner, 335 tons, to Constantinople, Smyrna and back, about $8,000; a brig, 383 tons, from Malaga to New-York, $7 ℔ ton; one, 199 tons, from Bangor to Kingston, Jam., Boards, $8 50; one, 296 tons, to Neuvitas and back, Sugar 47c., Melado 37c., and Molasses $3 on deck; a schooner, 140 tons four voyages to south side of Cuba and back, to commence in November, $1,200 each; two ships, now on the way to Liverpool, from Cardiff to San Francisco, Coal; a bark, 296 tons, to Cadiz; one, 287 tons, to Cette; ship *Belle of the Sea*, 1,255 tons, to San Francisco; a brig, 20,000 bushels Corn, to Galway; a bark, 889 tons, to Liverpool—all on private terms.

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE—The most popular and economical condiment known; delicious in *soup*, *gravy*, with *fish*, hot or cold *meats*, *game*, &c. The great reputation of this Sauce in all parts of the world has induced many *imitations* under the name of Worcestershire Sauce. Purchasers desiring the *genuine*, will observe the name of LEA & PERRINS upon each bottle and wrapper. For sale by all respectable Grocers and Fruiterers.
JNO. DUNCAN & SONS, No. 405 Broadway, sole Agents.

PERSONAL.

MESSRS. PAUL S. BROWN'S SONS, SUCCESSORS to Paul S. Brown, respectfully solicit the orders of their many patrons and friends for bread, cake, pastries, &c. For the convenience of their customers, the various breads and rolls will be delivered at their respective houses early every morning, and their wagon will call daily to receive orders for cake, which will be promptly delivered.
No. 172 9TH-ST., CORNER 3D-AV.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE.—ANY PERSON WHO saw a man prostrated by the pole of a Knickerbocker stage and trampled on by the horses, on the corner either of Marketfield, or of Beaver-st. and Broadway, on Thursday the 6th inst., at 1½ P. M., will confer a favor by leaving his address with the number of the above mentioned stage, with H. T. WINTER, No. 215 10th-av., northwest corner of 24th-st., or B. S. DEMAREST, (with Holbrook School Apparatus Co.,) No. 25 Walker-st.

AN AMERICAN LADY, AT PRESENT embarrassed, wishes to meet with a gentleman of refinement that would loan her $50 for a short period: ample reference and good security. Address Mrs. S. J. BELMONT, Union-square Post-office, for three days.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE WIDE-AWAKE VOCALIST:
OR, RAIL-SPLITTERS' SONG-BOOK.
WORDS AND MUSIC
FOR THE REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN OF 1860.
(13,000 issued the first month of its publication.)
A CHOICE COLLECTION OF SONGS, SOLOS, DUETS, QUARTETS, AND CHORUSES, ARRANGED FOR PIANO OR MELODEON.

The following titles to some of the pieces will give an idea of the life, scope and variety of these thrilling songs: Awake, ye Sons of Honest Toil; Baltimore Convention; Bobolink Campaign Song; Candidate with a Cork Leg; Douglas and his Dinah; For Abe shall have the Belt; Forward, Forward, is the Word; Get out of the Way, you Little Giant; Have you heard from Chicago? High Old Abe shall Win; In Good Republican Times; Mantles dropped at Lexington; Shout for the Prairie King; Splittin' ob de Rail; The People had Five Candidates; The Taller Man well Skilled; Unroll the Republican Stars; Up, Up, and be Stirring; Was its des Deutchen Vaterland.

Just published, and for sale by E. A. DAGGETT, No. 333 Broadway. Price 10 cents; $8 per hundred. A liberal discount to the trade.

THE BEST
POLITICAL TEXT-BOOK
FOR THE CAMPAIGN,
IS THE
DEBATES OF LINCOLN AND DOUGLAS.
One Volume, Royal Octavo.
Price—Cloth, 50 cents; Paper, 35 cents.
31,756 copies have been sold.
FOLLETT, FOSTER & CO., Publishers,
Columbus, Ohio.
W. A. TOWNSEND & CO.,
No. 46 Walker-st., New-York.

MILLINERY.

AT JAMES TUCKER'S,
Nos. 759 and 361 BROADWAY.
NEW PARIS FLOWERS!
NEW PARIS FLOWERS!
FEATHERS! FEATHERS!
BRIDAL SETS! BRIDAL SETS!!
VEILS! VEILS!! VEILS!!!
COIFFURES! COIFFURES!!
AND
TOILET FIXINGS IN ABUNDANCE.

A BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY OF
FALL AND WINTER RIBBONS,
PARIS FLOWERS, &c.
At R. H. MACY'S, 204 and 206 6th-av., corner 14th-st.

MME. R. HARRIS & SON, NO. 729 AND 571 BROADWAY, N. Y.—Mme. HARRIS begs leave to inform the ladies of the United States that she has just returned from Paris with a magnificent assortment of French bonnets, from the most celebrated houses. Also, a large assortment of coiffures, head dresses, bridal wreaths of all descriptions, and every kind of artificial flowers, manufactured by Duteis, (artistic flowers,) Purveyor patented of Her Majesty the Empress of France, the Queens of England, Spain, and the Emperor of Russia.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, AND TO Dealers in Millinery Goods and the Trade generally, I am now prepared to furnish double-cape net bonnet frames in quantities required by the trade, and respectfully solicit orders for the same. I also hereby notify all persons that they are forbid to make, manufacture or sell double-cape net bonnet frames, or in any manner whatever infringe upon my patent, (reissued May 15, 1860,) for manufacturing the same, as I shall prosecute all persons infringing the same to the fullest extent of the law.
WHITTEN E. KIDD,
No. 60 McDougal-st., New-York City.
Dated NEW-YORK, Aug. 31, 1860.

DRY GOODS.

INDIA CAMEL'S-HAIR SHAWLS.
GEORGE A. HEARN,
No. 425 Broadway,
Will open, on
THURSDAY, the 13th inst.,
His Fall importation of the above goods, consisting of:
BLACK LONG SHAWLS,
WHITE LONG SHAWLS,
BLACK SQUARE SHAWLS,
WHITE SQUARE SHAWLS,
COLORED LONG and SQUARE,
In every variety of shade;
SCARFS,
BORDERINGS,
CLOTHS, &c.;
Comprising the largest and most magnificent assortment ever exhibited in this country.

These goods have been carefully selected by Mr. H. during the late season, and with special reference to the wants of the trade; and from his long experience in this department of his business, he feels confident that nothing finer or more beautiful can be produced by any of the first India houses of Europe.

JAMES GRAY & CO. invite attention to their stock of
BLACK SILKS,
PLAIN AND WATERED.
No. 729 Broadway, corner Waverley-place.

AT
1,117 BROADWAY, CORNER 25TH-ST., 1,117
Opposite Madison Park and the Worth Monument.
J. A. BLUXOME,
is now opening his Fall Stock, consisting of
RIBBONS, DRESS TRIMMINGS,
FLOWERS, HEAD DRESSES.
One of the largest and finest selected stocks in this City.
FROM AUCTION.
200 cartons of Ribbons will be open this week.
The attention of Milliners and Dressmakers is particularly requested.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES,
Of the newest Paris, French and Swiss styles, in Collars, Sets, Bands, Edgings and Insertions, Infants' Waists, and Robes.
REAL AND IMITATION LACES.
BLACK LACE VEILS.
ALSO,
Lace Sleeves, Medallion Collars,
Berthas, Medallion Sets,
Lace Capes, Medallion Caps for Infants.
WHITE GOODS.
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND SMALL WARES.
KID GLOVES WARRANTED BEST QUALITY........75c. per pair.
FRENCH COMBINATION CORSETS....$1 25 per pair.
BROADWAY, CORNER 25TH-ST.,
Opposite Madison Park and Worth Monument.
J. A. BLUXOME.

303. CANAL-STREET. 303.
HATS, CAPS, SHOES
AND HOSIERY.
THOMAS REYNOLDS.
This is now universally conceded to be the house for furnishing in all its departments the most novel and fashionable goods, and at the same time the most desirable for tastefulness of style, quality and price. The departments are devoted to the supplying of
1. LADIES', MISSES', BOYS' and INFANTS' HATS and CAPS, in great variety, and suited to every season.
2. SHOES, BOOTS, GAITERS, and the celebrated "FLEECE-LINED LEGGINGS" of Bawden, which latter are a specialty, and can be obtained from no other source, Mr. Bawden being engaged here in supplying them.
3. HOSIERY, GLOVES, FURNISHING GOODS, SEWING, SADDLERS' and EMBROIDERY SILK; also, SILK and COTTON THREAD for Sewing Machines.
N. B. All the above can be supplied to the best City and country Trade in the wholesale rooms, up stairs.
303. CANAL-STREET. 303.

AT R. H. MACY'S,
6th-av., corner 14th-st.,
Ladies will see 1,218 rich
CAMBRIC AND MUSLIN SETS!
Just purchased at the late
AUCTION SALES.
Prices range from $7
Down to $1 a set.
Ladies, they are very desirable.
Style and superior quality at the price.

D. S. WILLIAMS,
WHOLESALE
HAT, CAP, FUR AND STRAW-GOODS WAREHOUSE,
CARY BUILDING,
Nos. 105 and 107 Chambers and 89 and 91 Reade sts.
☞ COUNTRY MERCHANTS will here find one of the largest stocks in the City, at the very lowest prices, for CASH OR APPROVED CREDIT.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT OF
LADIES
GENTS and MISSES'
UNDER GARMENTS,
Suitable for Winter wear,
In every size and quality.
6th-av., corner 14th-st. R. H. MACY.

GENIN, NO. 513 BROADWAY.
TO PARENTS.
Every style of Hat for boys, girls, and infants; Riding Hats, Ladies' Whips and Gauntlets, made in Paris and London, supplied at this store.
Ladies' Furs—mink, sable, and Russian squirrel—consisting of Capes, Half-capes, Tippets, Muffs, and Cuffs.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
JAMES GRAY & CO. have now open a few choice Laces and Embroideries.
No. 729 Broadway, corner Waverley-place.

A LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK OF
HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS,
In every variety, such as
LINEN AND LINEN TABLE-CLOTHS AND NAPKINS.
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av. R. H. MACY.

SILKS.
JAMES GRAY & CO. have now open a few select styles of Silk.
No. 729 Broadway, corner Waverley-place.

A STRICT
ATTENTION
WILL BE
PAID TO KEEPING A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
at Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., corner 14th-st.
R. H. MACY.

CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS.
MADAME F. PINCHON
has now opened the latest Parisian NOVEAUTES in fall garments (selected by herself in Paris), to which she invites the attention of the ladies of New-York.
MADAME F. PINCHON,
No. 56 Bleecker-street.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF
ALL KINDS
WINTER FLANNELS
Selling cheap at MACY'S, Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av.

JAMES GRAY & CO. have open a few choice
VELOUR OTTOMANS.
No. 729 Broadway, corner Waverley-place.

FALL CLOTHING.

5,000 Cassimere, Pilot and Beaver Business Coats	$2 50 to	$12
Fall Overcoats, in great variety	4 00 to	12
Fancy Cassimere Pants, (over 100 different patterns)	2 00 to	6
Black Cloth, Cassimere and Beaver Pants	2 00 to	6
An endless variety of Cassimere Vests	1 00 to	3
Velvet, Silk, Satin and other Vests	2 00 to	8
Black Cloth Frock Coats	5 00 to	8
Fine Black Cloth Frock Coats	10 00 to	14
Superfine Black Cloth Frock Coats	15 00 to	20
Complete Black Cloth Suits	10 00 to	30

Cassimere, Pilot and Beaver Business Suits to match, at $6, $8, $10, $11, $12, $14, $15, $16, $18 and $20.
AT
EVANS'
EXTENSIVE CLOTHING WAREHOUSE,
66 And 68 Fulton-st.,
Between Gold and Cliff sts.

57 EMBROIDERED COLLARS FROM Auction, only 25 cents.
72 Embroidered Collars from Auction, only 50 cents.
108 Embroidered Collars from Auction, only 75c. and $1.
487 Embroidered Collars from Auction, only $1 25.
92 Embroidered Collars from Auction, only $1 50,
161 Embroidered Collars from Auction, only $2 00.
84 Embroidered Collars from Auction, only $2 25, $2 75.
336 Embroidered Collars from Auction, only $3 00, $3 75.
44 Embroidered Collars from Auction, only $4 00, $5 50.
Ladies, we ask your particular attention to our very large stock of Collars. They are
FASHIONABLE SHAPE.
They are fine smooth work and
RIGHT
FOR
PRICES!!!
At R. H. MACY'S store,
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., corner 14th-st.

HOTELS.

TRAVELERS! DRIVE DIRECT TO THE
SMITHSONIAN HOUSE,
Broadway, corner of Houston-st., New-York, conducted on the European plan, having all the appointments of the best hotels—clean room, good fare, prompt attendance and moderate charges. S. E. MEAD, Proprietor.

TABLE D'HOTE AT 6 O'CLOCK.
If you wish for a good dinner at 75 cents, including a pint of claret, call at No. 764 Broadway, between 8th and 9th sts. Private parlors for suppers and parties.

MURRAY HILL HOUSE—CORNER OF 6TH-av. and 40th-st. The above house is now in complete repair for Fall and Winter business. Families and single persons returning from the country will do well by making this their first call before engaging board.
JOHN R. BOSTWICK, Proprietor.

FURNITURE.

A BEDROOM SUITE OF ENAMELED furniture for $25, warranted. Also solid Chestnut Chamber Suites, plain and ornamental, at FARRINGTON'S warerooms, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established in 1848.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURNITURE, in all colors and styles, wholesale and retail, at $25 and upwards; also Mattresses and Paillasses.
WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.,
four doors east of Broadway, New-York.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—A PRIVATE FAMILY HAVING A large house, situated in the upper part of the City, a few doors from Broadway, will accommodate one or two gentlemen who could room together, with breakfast and tea, and give them the comforts and enjoyments of home. Room large, and furnished with all conveniences. Address H. M., Box No. 180 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—A SUITE OF ROOMS ON SECOND floor, with or without private table, may be had at No. 49 Lafayette-place; gentlemen or families, in the City or now in the country, desiring to secure the best of home comforts, may address W. C., Box No. 174 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—A FEW BOARDERS CAN BE ACcommodated with full or partial board in a private family, in a pleasant location, easy of access to Fulton and South Ferries, by applying at No. 134 Oxford-st., Brooklyn.

BOARDING.—AN EXPERIENCED LADY Teacher desires to give lessons in singing and upon the piano-forte, in exchange for the comforts of a home. Address L. X. Y., Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—A SUITE OF NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with board, may be obtained by a family or single gentlemen—private table—at No. 54 West 36th st., between 5th and 6th avs. House first-class.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—GENTLEMEN and their wives, or single gentlemen, can be suited with pleasant rooms; house, modern improvements; home comforts may be enjoyed; location desirable, convenient to either South or Wall-st. ferries. No. 71 State-st., between Henry and Clinton.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A VERY SMALL family will let pleasant rooms, on the second floor, unfurnished, with board, to a lady and gentleman, or two or three gentlemen. Inquire at No. 20 Harrison-st., near Clinton; references required.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A LARGE ROOM on second or third floor, for two single gentlemen, or gentleman and wife. Apply at No. 25 Concord-st. References required.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—PLEASANT ROOMS, with good board, can be obtained by applying at No. 65 Nassau-st., near Fulton Ferry. Dinner at 6.

BOARD.—A YOUNG MAN, OF GOOD HABITS AND very respectable family, desires board in a pleasant locality, in a small and strictly private family, where he can be well accommodated and have the comforts of a good home; locality between 4th and 14th-sts, and 2nd and 5th-avs. Address, with full particulars, C., Box No. 162 *Times* Office.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, (OR SMALL family) can obtain board in a small American family of four persons, (no other boarders,) at a moderate price; a good table kept, and none but genteel persons need apply; one, two, or three rooms can be spared; two principal rooms on the second floor, bath room and closets adjoining, with all late improvements; reference exchanged; location No. 173 West 36th st., between 7th and 8th avs., north side, near 8th av.; convenient to both cars and stages.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, (GENTLEMAN, WIFE and child,) residing in Putnam-av., Brooklyn, would like to board a gentleman and wife. To an agreeable party, terms will be made satisfactory, as company is the only object, (the gentleman expecting to be absent most of the winter.) References of the highest order given and required. Address Box No. 762, New-York Post-office.

A PRIVATE FAMILY RESIDING NEAR 5th-av. would let a handsomely furnished suite of rooms, with full or partial board, and private table, to a family, or separately to single gentlemen, in a large first-class house; neighborhood unexceptionable. Address F. J. S., Box No. 105 *Times* Office. References exchanged.

THE ADVERTISER WISHES FROM NOV. 1, a furnished room, into which the sun can shine, with full board for his wife and two meals daily for himself. A good, cheerful family, residing between 4th and 30th sts., preferred. Satisfactory references to be exchanged. Address, in full, W. P., Box 162 *Times* Office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A FAMILY OF FIVE grown-persons and one child, in a private family, where there are no other boarders; location between 11th and 32d sts., and Lexington and 6th avs.; board not to exceed $100 per month; references exchanged. Address H., Box No. 114 *Times* office.

TO LET WITH BOARD—TO GENTLEMEN and their wives, or single gentlemen, suites of rooms, with good table, to permanent occupants, on liberal terms; convenient to cars and stages. Apply at No. 13 Ashland-place, six doors from Greenwich-av., near Waverley-place. References exchanged.

BOARD WANTED—IN A RESPECTABLE PRIvate family, for a gentleman and wife, where no other boarders would be taken; location between 10th and 30th sts., west of Broadway. Address R. W., Box No. 3,499 Post-office.

TO LET—TO A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, IN A SMALL private French family, a furnished second floor back room; rent $8 a month, (gas included,) payable in advance. Breakfast given if desired. References exchanged. Apply at No. 52 East 26th-st.

NO. 228 EAST BROADWAY.—A GENTLEman and his wife, or two single gentlemen, can obtain desirable furnished rooms, with board; house contains all the modern improvements; unexceptionable reference required and given.

ROOMS FURNISHED FOR HOUSEKEEPING—Also, for single gentlemen, with or without board. Persons of religious habits preferred. Apply at No. 163 Lexington-av., between 31st and 32d sts.

MURRAY HILL.—DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED rooms, with board for gentlemen—family private. Apply at No. 109 East 36th-st., or address W. H. B., Box No. 105 *Times* Office.

TO LET.—A SUIT OF FURNISHED ROOMS TO let, with partial board, to single gentlemen, in a private family on the second story, with gas and bath; reference exchanged. Apply at No. 66 Amity-st.

TO LET—WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD, TO A gentleman, a furnished room on the second floor. Call at No. 61 4th-st., between Hammond and Bank. References if required.

NO. 30 CLINTON-PLACE, NEAR BROADWAY—Two very desirable furnished rooms, on second floor to let, with board; also, one single room. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

BOARD WANTED—IN CENTRAL PART OF New-York or in Brooklyn, in a religious family, for a family of six persons; terms to be moderate. Address O., Cortlandt-st. Hotel.

ROOMS TO LET, WITH BOARD—SUITAble for families or single gentlemen, at No. 38 (old No. 35) 9th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE AND TWO single gentlemen can be accommodated with board in a private family at No. 107 Christopher-st. Reference required.

THREE HANDSOMELY FURNISHED rooms on 2d floor, suitable for two gentlemen and their wives, or a small family, to let with board, at No. 4 Ashland-place, Perry-st. References exchanged.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO SOUTHERNERS.
DRINKERS OF CONGRESS WATER.
Much spurious Mineral Water is sold as "CONGRESS WATER" by unprincipled persons or counterfeiters, who, when they dare not use that name, call it "Saratoga" Water; although "Saratoga" is only the name of the town in which the Spring is located.

To protect the public from such impositions we have ALL our corks branded thus ☞

CONGRESS
C. & W.
WATER.

Any not having these words and letters on the Corks are Counterfeit; and the purchaser should prosecute the Seller for swindling.

Orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to us, at our Southern Dépôt of Congress Water, No. 98 Cedar-st., New-York City.
CLARKE & WHITE,
Proprietors Congress Spring.

Lists of dealers who procure Congress Water for their sales direct from our house, are kept at our office for distribution to those who desire to purchase genuine Congress Water in their own neighborhood. C. & W.

PERUVIAN

SYRUP.

TRY IT.

TO PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS.
FOR SALE,
One of HOE'S THREE-REVOLUTION CYLINDER PRESSES, Size of bed, 36x54. Will be sold cheap for cash.
Apply to JOHN P. WILLIAMS, No. 15 Spruce-st.

A HIGHLY INTERESTING FEATURE IN GYMNASTICS.—Parlor skating is now done in all seasons with the Shaler Elastic Skates. To be seen in use daily at my Skating Gallery, No. 446 Broadway. The public are invited to witness the exercise. Boys and girls should use them. It will add grace of movement and promote health. Their use will save doctor's bills. For sale, wholesale and retail, by O. M. VAIL, Agent of Patentee.

CALORIC YACHT FOR SALE.—A BEAUTIful propeller yacht, 70 feet long, 12 feet beam, with guards, eighteen feet over all, with cabin suitable for a party of 25 persons and fitted with everything necessary either for business purposes or pleasure parties. She is propelled by one of Ericsson's Twin 32-inch engines. Consumption of fuel two bushels of anthracite coal per day. Apply at the agency, No. 164 Duane-st.

$500 REWARD WILL BE PAID FOR A better cure for lame and sore feet than having a pair of lasts made the form of your feet. Call on KENNEDY, No. 8 Ferry-st., and get a pair. You will save money and pain. $2 50.

BUILDING MATERIALS FOR SALE—CONsisting of fine mahogany doors, marble mantles, grates, plumbing work, slate roof, partitions, &c., in house No. 39 White-st. Apply daily to the carpenter on the premises, between 9 and 10 o'clock.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS
AT EVERDELL'S,
See the Orange Blossom Wedding Envelope, new satin tie for cards, &c., No. 302 Broadway, corner of Duane-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as chambermaid in a small private family, and would be willing to assist with the washing and ironing if required, or as waitress; has the best of City reference from her last employer, where she lived this last three years and a half. Can be seen, for two days, at 192 Avenue B, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A SITUATION WANTed, by a competent young woman, as first-rate chambermaid and waitress, or would do chamberwork and assist in the washing and ironing; has the best of city references. Can be seen for two days at No. 130 East 24th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.; inquire in the second floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUAtion by a respectable young woman to do chamberwork or waiting; is willing to assist in the washing and ironing. Best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 164 East 11th-st., between Avenue A and Avenue B.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, BY A REspectable young woman, a situation as chambermaid, or as chambermaid and waitress in a small private family; best City reference. Call at No. 36 Astor-place, corner of 4th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUAtion, by a Protestant girl, to do chamberwork and waiting in a small private family; the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 74 Charles-st., near 4th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUAtion by a respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress—one who thoroughly understands her business; the best of City reference can be given. Apply at No. 85 6th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUAtion by a young woman, to do chamberwork and plain sewing, or chamberwork and washing. Has three years' reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 39 East 19th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUAtion, by a competent young woman, to do chamberwork and fine washing, or chamberwork and sewing, with good City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 45 2d-av., between 1st and 2d sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A Protestant young woman, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; can do all kinds of family sewing and embroidery, or would do waiting and fine washing; is willing and obliging, and has the best of City reference from her last place; can be seen for two days at No. 133 West 13th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A trustworthy girl, a situation as chambermaid and to do fine washing and ironing, or do chamberwork and sewing, or would take care of children; the best reference can be given; call at No. 85 22d-st., between 3d and Lexington avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a respectable girl to do chamberwork and sewing; can operate on a sewing machine in a private family, or chamberwork and waiting. Can give City reference. Call at No. 49 31st-st., west of 4th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A PROTESTANT young woman wishes a situation to do chamberwork and light waiting, or chamberwork and assist with the washing; has good City reference. Call at No. 200 East 13th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A young woman, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress, or fine washing; the best of City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 335 3d-av., in store.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted by a respectable young girl, as chambermaid and waitress; has good City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 142 East 36th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation as chambermaid and plain sewing, or as waitress, by a Protestant young woman as above; has good reference. Apply at No. 94 West 20th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable young girl, a situation to do light chamberwork or taking care of children. Can be seen for two days at No. 51 8th av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—AN ENGLISH young woman wishes a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; no objection to go to the country. Apply at No. 50 East 23d-st., near 4th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—A respectable Protestant young woman wishes a situation as chambermaid and seamstress, or waitress; can give the best city reference from her last place; can be seen for two days. Call at No. 55 Third-av., in the store.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable girl, as chambermaid and seamstress. Can be seen for two days, at No. 109 Warren-st., Brooklyn, between Hoyt and Bond. Has good reference.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress, by a respectable Protestant young woman; a good home preferred. Inquire at No. 213 2d-av., near 14th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a Protestant young woman, as chambermaid and seamstress, or as nurse and seamstress; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 327 6th-av., near 20th-st., middle bell.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a highly recommended young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or as chambermaid and laundress, or nurse and seamstress; is fully competent for either of the above situations, as City reference can show; no objections to country; is very fond of children and very willing and obliging to her employer; wages no object. Call at No. 149 9th-st., near Broadway, in the basement.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable girl who is very neat in her habits, and possesses a good disposition, desires a situation in the above capacity; is an excellent chambermaid and thorough waitress; can sew neatly if required; has the best of references. Apply at No. 378 6th-av., first floor, front.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable young woman, to do the chamberwork and waiting of a small private family; she is a competent person, and fully understands her business. The best of City reference given. Call at No. 1 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITER.—Wanted, by a respectable Protestant girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; is willing to assist with washing and ironing in a private family; has good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 380 35th-st., corner 9th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID OR WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable Protestant girl, a situation as chambermaid or waitress in a private family; has good city reference. Call for three days at No. 134 Greenwich av., near 8th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITER.—Wanted, by a respectable girl, a situation as above. Best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 91 10th-st., a few doors from 6th-av.

AS CHILD'S NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a competent Protestant widow; can bring a baby up by hand; can cut and make ladies' and children's dresses, and teach the latter lessons; no objection to the country, or to travel; has been used to sea for years; good City reference. Address NURSE, Mrs. Shantes' Sewing Repository, No. 22 East 12th-st., near University-place.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A MOST obliging young woman as a thorough good cook, bakes pies, pastry, &c., or cook and laundress; is an excellent laundress; makes up her linens beautifully; no objections to do the housework and go in the country; best references; wishes a steady situation; wages no object. Call at No. 149 9th-st., basement, near Broadway, for two days.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as first-rate cook, and to assist with the washing, if required; she thoroughly understands all kinds of meats, soups, pastry and game; is an excellent baker of bread and biscuit; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 62 4th-av., up stairs, front room.

AS COOK.—WANTED A SITUATION BY A REspectable young girl as cook and assist in the washing; thoroughly understands her business; can give the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 222 7th-av., near 25th-st., up-stairs, front.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A REspectable girl as cook in a private family; has no objection to assist in washing and ironing, if required; can make good bread and biscuit; has the best of City references. Call at No. 210 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as cook in a small private family; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing; can give the best City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 111 West 16th-st., in the rear.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS COOK in a private family, and would assist in the washing and ironing; can give the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 200 East 14th-st., first floor, front room.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as cook; thoroughly understands her business, soups, games, pastries, &c.; can be well recommended. Call at No. 427 3d-av., front room.

AS COOK, &c.—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Two respectable girls wish situations, one as a first-rate cook and to assist with the washing and ironing; the other to do chamberwork and fine washing and ironing; both have the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at corner Hicks and Union sts., Brooklyn. Inquire in the store.

AS COOK, &c.—SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable widowed lady—with a child seven years of age, to take along with her—as cook and to wash and iron; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Very best of references from her former employers. Can be seen for two days at No. 361 2d-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a first-class cook; fully capable of giving perfect satisfaction; understands cooking in every style; best of City reference from her last place. Also, a first-class laundress; best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for three days, at 3 6th-st., front basement.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS good cook by a young woman in a private family; understands her business; would have no objectious to assist and do a part of the washing; satisfactory reference can be had. Call at No. 63 20th-st., corner 6th-av., second floor.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTAble woman, a situation as first-class cook, who thoroughly understands cooking in all its branches; no objection to a private boarding-house or hotel as head cook; has the best City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 62 4th-av., near 9th-st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS cook, washer and ironer, by a respectable young woman; no objections to do the general housework of a small private family; the best of City reference given. Apply for two days at No. 89 6th-av., between 8th-st. and Waverley-place.

AS COOK, &C.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable young woman as cook; is an excellent washer and ironer, and good baker; has the best of City reference; has no objection to go South. Can be seen until engaged at No. 222 Jay-st., Brooklyn.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable young woman, to cook, wash and iron. Best of City references. Apply for two days at No. 260 1st-av., fourth floor.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable young girl as cook; is willing to assist in the washing and ironing; has good City reference from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 333 1st-av., between 20th and 21st sts.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a young woman, as cook, washer and ironer, or will do general housework; good City reference given. Apply at No. 204 21st-st., between 1st and 2d avs., top floor, back room.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS cook and to assist in washing and ironing, by a respectable woman; good city references; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 22 East 12th-st., at the Sewing Repository.

AS COOK, &c.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable young woman as cook, and will assist in washing and ironing if required; has six years' reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days, at No. 61 West 29th st., near 6th-av.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A REspectable protestant girl with the best of City reference, desires a situation in the above capacity; is a good cook and excellent laundress; makes first class bread and pies, &c.; will be found thoroughly competent and not afraid to work; wages $8. Apply, No. 378 6th av., up stairs.

AS COOK, LAUNDRESS, &c.—WANTED, A situation as cook, laundress, chambermaid and laundress, or chambermaid and waitress, by a young woman who is a most excellent cook and a first-rate washer and ironer, and can give good City references. Apply at No. 7 11th-st., near Broadway.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A situation, by a young woman. No objections to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 242 38th-st., near 9th-av.

AS DRESSMAKER.—A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman wishes to go out by the day or week, as dressmaker; makes children's clothes neatly; does all kinds of family sewing. Call at No. 67 West 20th-st.

AS FIRST-CLASS COOK.—WANTED, A situation, by a respectable woman; is a first-class meat and pastry cook; understands jellies, soups and game; no objection to a first-class boarding-house; best of City reference. Apply from 9 to 5, No. 39 5th-st., near 2d-av., back basement, for two days.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—AN ACCOMPLISHED lady who has met with reverses, desires a situation as housekeeper in a gentleman's family. She could teach, also, the rudiments of French and music. A situation in which she would not be separated from her daughter, who is well qualified as a governess to small children, would be preferred. No objection to any part of the country. Address L. L. L., Box No. 194 *Times* Office.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—A RESPECTABLE GERman lady wishes a situation as housekeeper in a private family; she can teach German, French and the rudiments of Music; best references given and required. Address O. M., Box No. 1,196 Post-office.

AS HOUSEMAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable girl to do general housework in a small private family; is a good cook, washer and ironer, and has good City reference. Call at No. 28 Rivington-st., in the rear.

AS LAUNDRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY A REspectable young woman, a situation as laundress, or to do chamberwork and fine washing and ironing; is an excellent washer and ironer; understands fine fluting; has good reference. Can be seen at No. 137 West 28th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., third floor, front room.

AS LAUNDRESS, &c.—WANTED, A SITUAtion by a respectable girl as laundress or chambermaid and to assist with the washing and ironing. Can be seen at her present situation, No. 26 East 13th-st., near 5th-av.

AS NURSE.—AN ENGLISH NURSE, ACCUStomed to sea voyages, and competent in every way to render service at sea, wishing to visit her parents in London, would offer her services to some person or family who will leave for Europe during the month of September. Inquire of her present employer, with whom she has been for five years, No. 18 East 37th-st., or No. 53 Broadway.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY AN ENGLISH Protestant young woman, a situation as nurse and seamstress; she perfectly understands her business; is very fond of children, and does plain sewing neatly; would prefer the country or to travel; has no objections to any part. Can be seen to-day and Thursday at No. 62 4th-av., near 10th-st.

AS NURSE.—A LADY IS DESIROUS OF PROcuring a situation as nurse for a woman whom she has known for a long time, and has lived in her family, and whom she can recommend as being perfectly trustworthy and fully competent to take charge of an infant. Apply at No. 96 East 21st-st.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT WOman, a situation as nurse, who has been in that capacity for many years, and can take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at the Ladies' Depository, No. 876 Broadway, up stairs.

AS NURSE, &c.—A YOUNG PROTESTANT LAdy is most desirous of obtaining a situation as attendant on an elderly or invalid lady; she would make herself agreeable and generally useful, or would take the charge of children and do plain sewing; no objection to the country. Address, for three days, D, No. 378 6th-av., first floor, front room.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a situation by a young woman as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress; is competent to fill any of the above situations; has the best of city reference from where she has lived as such. Please call at No. 156 East 11th-st., corner of Avenue A. Can be seen for two days if not engaged.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A PROTestant girl wishes a situation as nurse and seamstress; can cut and fit children's clothes of all kinds, or assist with the chamberwork; has six years' reference from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 471 6th-av., in the fancy-store, near 29th-st.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A LADY is desirous of procuring a situation for her Protestant nurse and seamstress. Apply at No. 179 West 11th-st.

AS PLAIN COOK, &c.—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Two girls want the above situations; they are clean, civil and capable; have no objections to go in the country; the cook is a splendid baker, and a magnificent getter up of dinners. Apply at 424 Broadway, up stairs.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION as seamstress, by a respectable young woman, in a private family; understands dressmaking; is a good plain sewer; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machines; has the best of City reference. Can be seen till engaged, at her present employer's, No. 15 West 18th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG woman, a situation as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing, also dress making; would have no objection to assist in light chamberwork, or otherwise make herself useful; best City reference. Call at, or address SEAMSTRESS, for two days, No. 232 8th-av., between 25th and 26th sts.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a respectable young woman as seamstress and dressmaker in a private family; understands cutting and fitting and all kinds of family sewing; can also operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; the best of City reference given from her last place. Call at No. 143 6th-av., in the millinery-store, for two days.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY A neat, genteel girl, with excellent City reference, a situation as seamstress and dressmaker; cuts, fits, and finishes, in style; wages $8 to $9. Also, a girl as regular waitress and chambermaid; takes charge of the silver and dining-room; wages $8. Call or address, No. 216 East 23d-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, a situation by a trustworthy young woman; can make children's clothes and embroider. Good City reference. Apply at No. 13 Union Court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS TRAVELING LADY'S MAID.—WANTed, a situation by a young woman, to travel with a lady and children, or as lady's maid; has crossed the sea three times, and understands her business perfectly. Call for one week, or address a note to ANNIE KANE, No. 196 Bleecker-st.

AS WAITRESS, &c.—A SITUATION WANTED by a very respectable Protestant young woman as waitress and assist in the chamberwork, or chambermaid and plain sewing; she perfectly understands her business; the best of reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 170 3d-av., second door below 17th-st.

TO TAKE CARE OF CHILDREN.—WANTED, by a middle-aged woman, a situation to take care of children; would make herself useful. Apply at No. 52 Stanton-st., Brooklyn, for two days.

SERVANTS.—THE EMPLOYMENT SOCIETY'S offices, late Bible House, have removed to the spacious rooms in Clinton Hall, on Astor-place, extending through to 8th-st., near Broadway, where may be found a large assortment of first-class domestics, with investigated characters and qualifications. German and French help always on hand for City or country. The French and German languages spoken. Miss HELD, Matron.

COLORED HELP.—COLORED HELP, OF every capacity, can be procured, by either month, week, day or job; also, a few first-class white female servants can be procured at Titus' Reform Labor Office, No. 193 Mercer-st., between Bleecker and Amity sts.

ABUNDANCE OF GOOD SERVANTS NOW ready for City or country, German, English, Scotch, Irish, &c.; capable, civil, active; at the largest Institute and Home, conducted by an American lady. No. 133 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS IN THE CITY OR COUNtry, as waiter and chambermaid, as good cook and laundress, and to do housework, by very competent girls. Call at E. CARROLL'S, No. 69 6th-av.

MALES.

AS BOOK-KEEPER, CASHIER, OR CLERK.—Wanted, an engagement as above, by a young man aged 28; thoroughly experienced in double entry, and acquainted with the hardware, commission, coal, and mining business; is qualified physically and mentally to make his services desirable in almost any business; expectations moderate. Address M., Box No. 161 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A COACHMAN who is leaving his present employer, in consequence of the latter going to New-Orleans, a similar situation in a private family. The best of references as to honesty, sobriety and faithful performance of his duties will be given. Address J. M., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a steady young man as coachman and groom; understands the care of horses perfectly, and is a careful driver; has no objection to do housework; can give good City reference. Call or address, No. 67 West 18th-st., for two days.

AS COACHMAN, &c.—WANTED, BY A MOST reliable and competent Protestant young man, a situation, in City or country, as a good coachman or coachman or gardener; is an excellent, careful driver; keeps harness and carriage in good order; is a good gardener; is willing to milk cows and work around a farm; best references; no objection to any part of the country. Call at, or address COACHMAN, No. 149 9th-st., near Broadway, for two days. Wages no object.

AS COACHMAN, &c.—COOK, &c.—WANTED, by an Englishman and his wife, immediate employment; the man as coachman, groom, &c., is willing to make himself generally useful; the woman as cook, &c. No objection to any part of the City or country. Just left their last situation, with first-class City reference. Address C. M. W., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—WANTed, a situation as coachman and gardener by a man competent to take the charge of a gentleman's place; can give the best of City reference; would like to go South. Address M. D., Box No. 105 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A RESPECTable man of strict integrity, desires a situation in the above capacity; is a very careful hand over horses, and good, steady driver; will assist in the garden and make himself generally useful; can produce the best of reference. Apply No. 378 6th-av.

AS DRUG CLERK.—WANTED, A SITUATION as drug clerk, by one fully qualified to take charge of a retail store and well acquainted with the City trade. Best of City reference given. Address DRUGGIST, Box No. 168 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY an experienced gardener, who perfectly understands the culture of the grape under glass; he is a good plant's man, and can lay out grounds mathematically; he also has a good knowledge of erecting green-house, hot-house or forcing pits. Address H. Y. Z., at Bridgeman's seed-store, No. 876 Broadway, or at W. Elliott's seed-store, No. 31 John-st.

AS GARDENER, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a practical man as gardener or farmer; has a wife, no children; the wife is a first-class dairy-woman and cook. Can give the best of references. Protestants. Apply at or address X, at Smith's seed-store, No. 71 Liberty-st., New-York.

AS GROCER'S CLERK.—TO GROCERS.—A young man just disengaged wants a situation at the grocery business; has had considerable experience; or would be willing to accept of anything else offering; can keep books by double or single entry. Address C. P., Box No. 106 *Times* Office.

AS GROOM OR COACHMAN.—A SITUAtion wanted as groom or coachman, by a young man who has lately arrived from the old country; has good experience, and the best of reference; no objection to the City or country. Address P. M. C., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

AS OFFICE-BOY.—WANTED, A SITUATION for a lad of 13, in a counting-room, where he could board with his employer in remuneration for his services. Reference will be given from his present employer. Address WARREN, Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

AS PORTER.—A YOUMG MAN, 19 YEARS OLD, wishes to work as porter in some wholesale or retail store; is willing to devote his whole time to his employer; understands the strapping of cases, and can use carpenter's tools if required; can be highly recommended by his last employer. Address T. J. B., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

AS USEFUL MAN AND WIFE.—A MAN AND wife wish situations; the man is a good coachman, groom, gardener and farmer; the woman is an excellent cook, washer and ironer, and a good dairymaid; have no incumbrance. Apply at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

AS WAITER.—A FRENCHMAN OF RESPECTAble family, and having received a good education, speaking perfectly three languages, and thoroughly acquainted with his business, wishes a situation in a first class family as waiter; was six years at his last place, and has superior City references; no objection to going to the country. Address by note, E. M., No. 92 White-st.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A steady man, as waiter in a private family, understands his business in all its branches, and can give the best of City reference as to character and capability. Address for three days at Nos. 62 & 64 University-place.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young Protestant man, a situation as waiter in a boarding-house or private family; has good references. HENRY B., Box No. 123 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

A BOY.—WANTED, A BOY IN A LIFE INSURance office; salary first year, $100. Address, in handwriting of applicant, with references, Box No. 1,828 New-York Post-office.

A BOY WANTED—WAGES $100 FOR THE FIRST year. Apply, after 9 A. M., at No. 626 Broadway, up stairs.

A COOK.—A WOMAN WHO THOROUGHLY UNderstands her business may find a situation with a family residing a short distance in the country by applying at No. 48 South-st.

A COOK, &c.—WAITRESS, &c.—WANTED, in a small private family, a short distance out of town, two servants; one as thorough good cook, washer and ironer; the other as waitress and chambermaid. Such only as understand their business need apply at No. 1,130 Broadway, to-day and to-morrow, between 2 and 4 P. M.

A GARDENER.—WANTED IMMEDIATELY, A competent man as vegetable and flower gardener; must understand taking care of horses and milking; a married man preferred. Apply at No. 1,130 Broadway to-day and to-morrow, between 2 and 4 P. M. Good references required. Permanent situation.

A GIRL.—WANTED A NEAT, TIDY GIRL about 16 years of age, to assist in taking care of two children and making herself generally useful. Call at No. 165 Eldridge-st.

A HOUSEMAID.—WANTED, FOR A FAMILY of two persons, a Protestant domestic. Apply, after 4 o'clock P. M., at No. 197 4th-st.

A HOUSEMAID.—WANTED, A GIRL TO DO general housework in a small family; City references required. Inquire at No. 222 West 30th-st.

A WAITER.—WANTED AS WAITER IN A private family an unmarried white man; he must understand his duties thoroughly, and give satisfactory references. Apply at No. 16 West 29th-st.

GIRLS WANTED—TO GO TO A MANUFACturing village, five hours' ride from this City, in Connecticut, to whom employment will be given the year round at remunerative prices. For further information, apply at No. 37 Broadway, up stairs.

CLOAKMAKERS WANTED.—FIFTY GOOD hands can have steady employment and best of wages until December. Apply at D. B. BABCOCK & CO.'S, No. 59 Murray-st., up stairs.

EMPLOYMENT.—GIRLS.—$50, $40, $30, $20 and $10 presents or premiums to be given to the best servants, by the Select Agency, No. 404 Canal-st. Only good girls need apply for situations. Good places ready for five cooks, three chambermaids, nine general workers, one laundress, one seamstress and one nurse.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

ANDREW W. ROSE, NO. 228 WASHINGTON-ST.,
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WHOLESALE ONE-PRICE CASH DEALER IN
PROVISIONS, FISH AND GROCERIES,
Mackerel, Salmon, Whitefish, Bluefish, Haddock, Shad, Pickled Herring, &c., in all size packages; George's Codfish, Hams, Shoulders, Beef, Lard, Pork, Mild Cheese, and Groceries of all kinds, for sale VERY LOW. Cash buyers invited to call. Orders solicited, and filled with care.

BLAIR & WYETH'S
LIQUID RENNET,
For making in a few minutes
DELICIOUS DESSERTS.
For sale by all Grocers and Druggists.
Wholesale Dépôt, No. 76 Cedar-st., New-York.

THE REASON WHY THE STORE OF
THOMAS R. AGNEW,
No. 260 Greenwich-st., corner of Murray-st., New-York,
is constantly
THRONGED WITH CUSTOMERS,
IS BECAUSE HE HAS
The Largest Stock of TEAS in the City.
The Largest Stock of COFFEE in the City.
The Largest Stock of WINE in the City.
The Largest Stock of FLOUR in the City.
The Largest Stock of SUGAR in the City.
The Largest Stock of PROVISIONS in the City.
Because he keeps the best quality of GOODS, and
Because he sells lower than any other house.
Mr. AGNEW has an immense cash capital at his command, which enables him to take advantage of the market at all times.
COUNTRY MERCHANTS,
UP-TOWN FAMILIES,
HOTEL PROPRIETORS,
RESTAURANT PROPRIETORS,
And others, who purchase in large quantities, can effect a saving of from 20 to 30 per cent. by purchasing at the popular low prices for which the
CANTON TEA WAREHOUSE
Has such a world-wide renown.
REMEMBER THE NUMBER,
No. 260 Greenwich-st., corner of Murray.
Goods delivered free to all parts of the City.

LOST AND FOUND.

$100 REWARD WILL BE PAID, ON identification, for the recovery of the body of ANDREW MACLEAN, of Wilmington, N. C., who is supposed to have jumped overboard from the steamer *Commonwealth*, on her trip from Stonington to New-York, on the night of Sept. 1, 1860, and while about off New-Haven, Conn. Mr. Maclean was about 40 years of age, and weighed 205 pounds; was bald, but had a heavy and very long beard and moustache, of sandy color, mixed with gray hair. He had a very prominent nose, and was about 5 feet, 10 inches in height. He had a scar on either the right or left temple. Address any communications relating to above to HENRYS, SMITH & TOWNSEND, Nos. 17 and 19 Warren-st., New-York.

LOST.—A PROMISSORY NOTE, No. 1440, DRAWN by us to our own order, dated May 18, 1860, at ten months, for eight hundred and thirty-three dollars and thirty-three cents ($833 33,) for merchandise bought of Meigs & Brother. The above note was mailed by us to Meigs & Brother, Philadelphia, on the 30th day of June last, and has not been received by them. All persons are hereby cautioned against negotiating the same. BUCKLEY, SHELDON & CO., No. 31 and 33 Vesey-st., New-York.

LOST OR TAKEN BY MISTAKE—A PACKage of law papers, tied up with a piece of red tape; was lost or was taken from the desk of the *New-York Times* yesterday. By leaving them with the clerk at this office, a liberal reward will be paid and no questions asked. They are of no benefit to any one except the owner.

LOST—ON SATURDAY NIGHT, A POCKET BOOK. The finder will oblige the owner by returning the book and papers to Lovejoy's Hotel; the money let go.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$3,500.—FOR SALE, AN ESTABLISHED paying and increasing manufacturing business of a staple nature, well located down town; orders in advance and business done mostly for cash. For particulars address D. W., Box No. 106 *Times* Office.

WANTED.—A PARTNER WITH A CAPITAL OF about three thousand dollars, to go into the jewelry manufacturing business, in a good location, and business well established. Address J. C., Box No. 102 *Times* Office.

COAL YARD FOR SALE.—THE LEASE, horses, carts, scales, &c., of an old-established concern, doing a good business, and capable of enlarging; in a first-rate location up town, near the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Apply to W. H. LUSH, No. 292 4th-av.

FOR SALE—AN INTEREST IN A VALUABLE manufacturing business in St. Louis, Mo. None but responsible parties need apply. A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

$3 SHOES AND GAITERS—AT JONES', NOS. 10 and 12 Ann-st. A new style, and warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, SEPT. 13, 1860.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Published in the TIMES Building, fronting the City Hall Park, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau sts.

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☞ D. M. DEWEY is our Agent at Rochester. Our Paper is received at 2 P. M., by Newspaper Train.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—LA TRAVIATA.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—NIXON'S GRAND CIRCUS.

WINTER GARDEN—ALL-HALLOW EVE—THE IRISH LION.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—THE ROYALIST.

BOWERY THEATRE—THE IRON MASK—THE FOOL OF THE FAMILY.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—SIEGE OF PALMYRA—EL HYDER.

PALACE GARDEN—EXHIBITION OF POLYCHROMATIC PAINTINGS.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Afternoon and Evening—JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN.

HOOLEY & CAMPBELL'S, Niblo's Saloon—ETHIOPIAN ENTERTAINMENTS.

ABBOTT'S EGYPTIAN MUSEUM, No. 659 Broadway—EGYPTIAN ANTIQUITIES.

CANAL-STREET—No. 366—WHITLOCK'S FREE GALLERY OF OIL PAINTINGS.

DUSSELDORF GALLERY—EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Douglas Democracy of this and surrounding cities held a monster meeting at Jones' Wood yesterday. There were from 20,000 to 30,000 persons present, and the "grand political carnival and ox-roast" was considered a success. Prior to listening to the speeches, the Kentucky ox, the calf, the sheep and the hog, which had been roasted whole, were devoured by the multitude, in the open field, with apparent relish. When the meats had been disposed of, Messrs. DOUGLAS and JOHNSON spoke from the main stand to a vast concourse of people. There was nothing new in either of the speeches. Both were determined to "stand by the Union, the Constitution, the enforcement of the laws, and non-intervention." In relation to the fusion movement, Mr. DOUGLAS said, in answer to a question, that when Mr. BRECKINRIDGE answered the question put to him (Mr. DOUGLAS) at Norfolk, and by it showed himself to be a staunch Union man, it would be time enough to talk of fusion. Several speeches were made by much less important men at other stands. During the evening Messrs. DOUGLAS and JOHNSON were serenaded at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Three State Conventions were held in Massachusetts yesterday, the Douglas Democratic, at Springfield, at which OLIVER STEVENS, of Boston, presided; the Breckinridge Democratic, at Boston, at which GEORGE B. LORING, of Salem, presided; and the Bell and Everett, at Worcester, presided over by OSMYN BALSER, of Northampton. They were all quite fully attended. The Douglas Convention nominated ERASMUS D. BEACH, of Springfield, for Governor, by acclamation, and a straight Electoral ticket, and adopted strong Douglas and non-intervention resolutions. The feeling was decidedly against fusion. The Breckinridge Democrats, of Connecticut, also held their State Convention yesterday, for the nomination of an Electoral ticket. Hon. R. J. INGERSOLL presided. The persons nominated for Electors were instructed to vote for BRECKINRIDGE as long as there is a chance for his election, but when that becomes too remote they are to vote for any other "national man."

The United States Mail steamship *North Star*, from Aspinwall on the 4th inst., arrived at this port yesterday. She brings no later news from Central and South America, and her California advices, which are to the 21st ult., have been anticipated by the Overland Mail. Owing to the lack of communication between the interior of New-Granada and the coast, we are kept in ignorance of the movements of the belligerents. The Governor of Panama, in his annual Message to the Legislature, recommends that the State, in the event of a disruption of the Confederation, declare itself independent.

The steamship *Illinois*, from Havre and Southampton on the 29th ult., arrived at this port last evening. Her advices are not so late as those already published.

Dispatches received at the Navy Department from Flag-officer STRIBLING, in command of the East India squadron, state that the belief was entertained that Baron GROS and Lord ELGIN, the French and English Ambassadors, had urged the commanders of their respective forces at the mouth of the Pei-ho to commence operations immediately, without waiting for further accessions to their strength.

The Prince of Wales yesterday, at 11 o'clock, left Toronto for London, one hundred and twenty-five miles distant. He stopped on the way and received addresses at Guelph, Petersburgh and Stratford, and arrived at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. About ten thousand people were collected to receive him. He will leave London for Sarnia this morning. The weather in Canada is reported to be bitter cold.

The Jury impanneled at Chicago to inquire into the cause of the recent terrible disaster on Lake Michigan, commenced their labors yesterday. Several persons who were on board the ill-fated steamer were examined, and their testimony tends to throw the blame for the occurrence, if any, upon the schooner *Augusta*, and the testimony of the two mates of the schooner leads to the same conclusion. The steamer's lights, it seems, were discovered at least ten minutes before the collision took place, which was certainly time sufficient to have enabled those on board the *Augusta* to take every precaution against accident. Forty bodies had been recovered up to yesterday morning, most of them from Milwaukee.

The inquest upon the body of RICHARDSON GRAY, who was murdered on Monday night in Clarke-street, was concluded yesterday. It resulted in a verdict against the young man, CHAS. MCALDHATTON, who is charged with having given the fatal wound, while THOMAS SLAVIN, another of the parties engaged in the fight, was declared his accessory in the transaction. Both prisoners were committed to prison, pending action by the Grand Jury.

In the Supreme Court at Chambers yesterday, before Justice SUTHERLAND, a stay of proceedings was granted in the Record Commission case, which, it is expected, will be argued on appeal, before the General Term, on Monday next. In the same Court, the Ninth Avenue Railroad case was further postponed. In the case of *Palonia Fappiana*, charged with being a vagrant, and who applied for a discharge on the ground that she was on her way to market, when arrested—Justice SUTHERLAND remanded the prisoner to Blackwell's Island it appearing that she had solicited alms. The Justice also granted, on motion of Mr. ANDERSON, Assistant Corporation Counsel, an order against JAMES B. TAYLOR, returnable on the 17th inst., to show cause why he should not be attached and punished for contempt and disobedience to the order heretofore made; and a further order, that until otherwise directed by the Court, the said TAYLOR, his agents and servants, he ordered absolutely to desist from collecting any moneys from the tenants, and from in any manner intermeddling therewith. The order was granted on affidavits of GEO. H. FRANKLIN, Esq., Collector of the City Revenue, and others connected with the property in question.

The Stock Market, after showing a slight depression yesterday morning, closed firm in the afternoon, with a strong demand for the New-York and Western Railway Shares. New-York Central, 87⅛; Illinois Central, 88 ⅌ cent. No change in Money or Foreign Bills.

Flour was in less request, within the previous range of prices. Wheat and Corn were in good demand at full rates. Sugars were more active. The transactions in Provisions, Coffee, Rice, Whisky, Metals, Oils, Tallow, Naval Stores, Seeds, and Whalebone, were restricted. Hay and Hops were freely purchased. The public sales of Teas and Dry Goods passed off with moderate spirit. The engagements were not extensive. There were 463 vessels of all classes in port.

At the Live Stock markets there has been a falling off in the receipts of all kinds of live animals except swine. The total receipts at the various City yards for the week ending yesterday, number 4,737 beeves, 119 milch cows, 590 veal calves, 13,965 sheep and lambs, 8,038 live hogs: total, 27,449. At yesterday's general weekly market beeves of the better class, being comparatively few in number, sold at an advance of ¼c.@½c. ⅌ lb., estimated dressed weight, over the previous market. Prices ranged 9c.@9½c. for the first quality, 8c.@8½c. for medium, and 7½c.@6½c. for poor; average of all sales, 8c.@8½c. The quality was not equal to last week, but the market has been a very even one, most of the cattle selling from 8c.@9c. They were all closed up by night of the second day. Milch cows remain dull of sale. Veal calves about as last week—5c.@6½c. ⅌ lb., live weight, with 7c. for a few of the very best. Sheep and lambs sell quite briskly, at a slight advance from the previous market. Live hogs are plenty, and scarcely as high.

Douglas and Fusion.

The projected consolidation of the Democratic factions in New-York has obviously no sympathy in the soul of Mr. DOUGLAS. Heretofore, and upon manifold occasions, that candid leader has avowed his aversion to entangling alliances, and especially emphasized his hostility to any conciliation with the adherents of Mr. BRECKINRIDGE. He has excommunicated all Democrats who declined the test of loyalty to the Cincinnati Platform; exposed the disunionist tendencies of the Southern conspirators in whose hands Mr. BRECKINRIDGE permits himself to be a passive, and professes to be an unconscious, tool; and in thus defining the position of the schismatics has shown that covenants with them are politically and morally impossible. We are obliged to assume, what we conceive to be absurd, that Mr. DOUGLAS has forgotten his acknowledged craft as a politician, in the ardor of his private animosity against the Southern leaders; or else admit that his earnestness upon these points is the fruit of sincere convictions, which he will never consent to sacrifice on the altar of temporary expediency. But, notwithstanding these clear expressions of his views elsewhere, a portion of his friends in this State appear to have been persuaded that New-York might be made an exception to the Senator's general principle; that the prize of the Empire State might be sufficiently tempting to relax the rigor of political sentiments, which so seldom are found to resist the inducements of those gentle casuists, the friends of a candidate. It was hoped that in his New-York speech, to be delivered at Jones' Wood, symptoms of this conciliatory and compliant temper would be found, thus enabling the diplomatists who have thus far conducted the negotiations between the dissenting factions, to procure the final and sufficient sanction of the Committees, and so consolidate a trinity of discordant and repulsive factions in opposition to the Republicans.

This hope has been disappointed. Mr. DOUGLAS, yesterday, delivered his speech at Jones' Wood. An unprecedented multitude, largely attracted by the savor of roast beef, mutton and pork, grateful in the nostrils of a populace, whose favor is usually solicited through other avenues to the understanding, and partly by the novelty of two candidates upon a Presidential ticket, contesting with each other on the same Platform the chaplet of eloquence, was present, and enjoyed with apparent satisfaction not only the *piece de resistance*, the Kentucky ox, but the dessert presented by the Illinois Giant and his Georgian captive. The remarks of Mr. DOUGLAS had all of his well-known characteristics, clearness, force and dogmatism. The circular track of popular sovereignty, so beaten with the orator's untiring footsteps, was retrodden, and the Vice-President's unhappy apology for the secessionists reviewed. The speech, indeed, recapitulated the countless arguments which the Senator has thus far used in his indefatigable canvass. But he had not one kind word for fusion. There was no concession to what Albany managers may choose to consider a local demand for a less rigid line of policy. Mr. DOUGLAS, after arraigning the Breckinridge Party as flagrant disunionists, traitors to law and Constitution, found occasion to denounce all communion or league with such; and to protest that under no circumstances could his signature be obtained to a compact so devoid of rectitude. There was no room left for a doubt as to the absolute universality of his principle. He is opposed to fusion all the way from Maine to California.

A declaration so positive might naturally be supposed to settle the fate of the Green-Wood preliminaries. It is not improbable that it may have that effect. There are, nevertheless, very influential reasons to the contrary, which may obtain sufficient ascendancy to counterbalance the wishes of the very able leader of the National Democratic Party. The gentlemen who obligingly relieve the party at large from looking after its interests, are quite aware that their duties deserve all the reward success and ensuing patronage produce, and are justly reluctant to expend their energies upon a task which presents no hope of present and little hope of future return. The task of making a President of Mr. DOUGLAS is of this character. They are shrewd enough to be aware how small the chances of his election are; nor are they so disinterested as not to estimate the sacrifices they are required to make, in order to secure the offered glory of a defeat. They believe success upon the State ticket to be one of these sacrifices. With fusion it might be possible to obtain control of the State Government, and enjoy power, and amass wealth in the disposition of place and patronage. Without it, some years of banishishment from this earthly paradise of the small politician is the gloomy prospect tendered them; and he must be richer than RICHMOND, greater than GREEN, and wiser than WOOD, who shall look such an alternative in the face complacently. Until we have distinct assurance that these gentlemen have wrought themselves up to the requisite pitch of self-abnegation, we shall remain in doubt whether fusion has been merely scotched or actually killed by the Illinois Senator.

THE DISASTER UPON LAKE MICHIGAN.—The details of the loss of the steamboat *Lady Elgin* come tardily. Little else is ascertained than that at 3½ o'clock on Saturday morning, when off Waukegan, and about thirteen miles from land, she was run into by a schooner called the *Augusta*, and that in twenty minutes the steamer sunk, carrying down nearly all of some three hundred and fifty or four hundred passengers. The night is represented as being extremely dark and rainy, the wind blowing a gale, and the schooner under great headway. That the steamer showed lights sufficient to have notified the sailing vessel of her whereabouts, may be inferred from the fact that parties were dancing and music playing in the saloon at the moment of collision. As to the means of rescue provided upon the sinking vessel, it would seem that a sufficient number of life-preservers were supplied; and that three boats, capable of saving fifty persons, and which did actually land thirty in safety, were on board. These are all the facts bearing directly upon the question of the responsibility for the accident, which have reached us, and upon evidence thus slight it would be the extreme of rashness to pronounce sentence of guilty of an event so fearful in its consequences upon any possible parties. It is painfully evident, however, that the provision for safety upon the steamer, would have left a multitude to perish had the weather been calm, and the hour mid-day, so sudden was her fate. Whether any precautions for safety would have availed under such awful conditions as those which the doomed vessel, thus heavily freighted with life, and exposed to risk in the crowded waters of Lake Michigan, actually encountered, is a point yet to be cleared up by the investigation of the Coroner. The courts of law will afterward determine where the accountability for the collision rests. Until these inquiries have been terminated, it is the most palpable justice that the popular judgment be suspended.

Communication with the Pacific.

We learn, from Washington, that the Secretary of the Treasury opened, on Tuesday, the bids for the construction and use by the Government of a telegraphic line to the Pacific, and that his decision upon the subject may be expected in the course of the week. The work is regarded with a deeper concern by our California brethren than any political issue at stake, and it is one which no political bias or partisanship should be allowed to disturb or interrupt. We trust—but can scarcely hope—that a matter which has such an important bearing upon the integrity of the Union will receive from the Secretary the prompt and impartial consideration that it merits.

The people of California have to thank the present Administration for many bitter disappointments in their most cherished schemes. They have had promises enough, and from the President himself, among others, that the construction of a Pacific Railroad, or at least of a telegraphic line between the Atlantic and Pacific States, were favorite measures of the Democratic Party, and would be pressed to a completion. Every one knows now how utterly deceitful these promises were. The conviction that great interests were involved in these measures, and that a continued neglect to promote them must alienate, in course of time, the loyalty of the Pacific States, have had little weight with men steeped to the eyelids in official corruption and dreaming only of selfish aims and personal aggrandizement. It is indeed surprising that, in spite of the contempt exhibited in official quarters for public opinion in California, there should yet be found in the Golden State a party ready to support the actual Administration and its self-appointed successors. While a great national treasure like the Pacific Railroad is thrown aside and neglected, we can scarcely hope that one of a kindred nature will be carried on with energy and determination. The character of Mr. BUCHANAN's Administration is too utterly lost to leave any ground for hope that, in the construction of a telegraphic line from the Atlantic to the Pacific frontiers, the true interest of the country will be consulted, or that the scheme, if undertaken at all, will be unstained by the sin of jobbery.

There is a growing feeling of dissatisfaction and discontent among the people of the Pacific that the most venal of public officials can affect no longer to ignore, and dare no longer disregard. That feeling cannot now be soothed and softened down by empty promises. The time for humbugging professions, like those embodied in Mr. BUCHANAN's Pacific Railroad letter, written to the people of California before his election, has gone by. We have had enough of professions; we want acts that will testify whether, in very truth, the East cares sufficiently for the West to bind the partnership with stronger bonds than those which at present exist. A new Empire has risen as by magic on the Pacific Coast. It has all the elements of wealth, strength, durability, and prosperity. It is, even now, capable of defending itself from foreign aggression and of vindicating its own right to supremacy as a first-class Power. The people of the Pacific do not threaten and bluster about disunion like some of our vaporing politicians; if they did we should, of course, doubt the probability of any such disaster. But within the last decade, and notably since the present Administration assumed the reins of Government, the line of demarkation between Eastern and Western interests has become broader and more defined. The fault does not rest with the West, for the most strennous exertions have been made in that quarter to bind the two sections together by every possible means. Their advances, however, have been rebuked coldly; their projects and enterprises have been treated with contempt; their desire to establish lines of communication with the East has met with no corresponding eagerness for the work; they have received so many disappointments that they are fast becoming as listless as ourselves about the preservation of a mere political partnership. Every one feels that the ties which bind California, and with it the entire Pacific, to the Union, have been weakened by the baneful influence of Mr. BUCHANAN's Government; and every American imbued with a spark of patriotism must regard such a circumstance as a national and deplorable calamity.

THE RETURN OF THE GREAT EASTERN.—The latest foreign advices announce the intended return of the *Great Eastern* to this port, her day of departure from England having been fixed for Oct. 17. Upon what errand of commerce the great ship thus comes to us, at a season of the year so unpropitious for business, we are at a loss to conceive. Possibly the proprietors reckon upon the negotiations of Mr. LINDSAY to procure a continuance of that exemption from the penalties of our coasting laws, which they found so profitable during the Summer. Perhaps New-York is selected as a port of call between Mr. DUDLEY MANN's still nameless harbor on the Chesapeake and Milford Haven. Perhaps, again, a series of Winter excursions to the tropics, the passengers finding themselves, and not finding the invisible YATES, may be contemplated. In any event, upon one thing New-York has a right to insist. Let the *Great Eastern* by no means bring back to us Cox. Let Cox be left in Cocaigne. Cox has no Box waiting for him in New-York, unless in Eldridge-street Jail. He is loved and longed for only by half-a-score of creditors, a Sheriff's officer or two, and possibly some handful of vindictive Cape May excursionists. The rest of the community demands that the gates of the harbor be forever barred against Cox. The bar which will admit the leviathan so easily is become morally impassable for Cox and his Directors. Of them, as connected with the great ship, we feel as Mr. EMERSON impolitely felt of New-Hampshire and her sons—that

> "God cursed the lofty land
> With little men;
> Small bat and wren
> House in the oak."

Orangeism at Home.

One of our cotemporaries, who exercises in common with the Irish Orangemen the high vocation of "applying religion to politics," in making proper comments a few days ago upon the recent misconduct of its coadjutors in Canada, fell into the somewhat comical error of saddling the Celtic portion of the Irish people with the responsibility of the late outrages at Kingston and Toronto. The Celts, and especially the Paddy variety of the species, have faults enough to answer for, but there is something exquisite in the ignorance which gravely reprehends them for the misdeeds of Orangemen. The truth is that the men who have been recently pouring out the vials of their partisan wrath upon the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Newcastle, are of as purely and thoroughly English, or Anglo-Saxon breed, as any Massachusetts Yankee or Virginia planter. They are the descendants of English colonists, planted in Ireland at a period as recent as, and even more so, than that of the settlement of New-England, and they have been infinitely less exposed than any of the North American colonists to intermixture with any other race. With the exception of a few dozen French Huguenots, Englishmen and Lowland Scotch are the only strangers who have ever settled in Ireland; and so far from being Celts, it has been the pride and boast of Orangemen, for half-a-dozen generations, that no Irish Catholic blood ever mingled with the pure Protestant current in their veins. The fact of any one in the least familiar with Irish history during the last three hundred years, holding up the follies of Orangemen as an illustration of the inherent absurdity and indiscretion of the Celtic race, is about as absurd as pointing to an encounter with bowie knives between two Mississippian doctors, as a proof the irreclaimable babarism of the Choctaws or Sioux.

In short, not only are the Orangemen English in blood, in language and in religion, but England and England alone is responsible for the present faults. For the savage bigotry which has just converted them into a disgusting nuisance in Canada, she alone is to blame. Whatever they are, whether good or evil, either at home or in Canada, she has made them, and we must confess, while reprobating as strongly as any one can the outrages of which they have recently been guilty, to a little enjoyment of the poetic justice which flashed out of the late scene in which the heir of the House of Hanover was seen turning pale before yells of "No surrender," from the descendants of the soldiers of the Boyne, and of the defenders of Derry. To the fathers of these Orangemen, the Prince in a great measure will owe his throne. It was they who rallied to WILLIAM's standard when most of their countrymen hesitated and doubted. They followed his fortunes over the sea; held Derry for him against France and JAMES for half a year; put the seal of ruin on the house of STUART at the Boyne, at Aughrim and at Athlone. More than this, they have ever since acted as the English garrison in Ireland,—have been the ready and loyal instruments of English cruelty and injustice. During all that period the whole English policy towards that unhappy country consisted in a diligent encouragement of Orange bigotry and ferocity. They were for nearly a century the only men in Ireland who could own a gun, or hold a lease, or ride a horse worth more than five pounds, or sit on a jury, or practice at the bar, or sit in Parliament, or worship God in a church. They acted as an army encamped in the midst of a conquered and hated population, and England so considered them. They were for nearly a hundred years caressed and thanked by the English Crown and Parliament for making the Papists "lie under."

A famous regiment of English cavalry, the "Enniskillen Dragoons," still commemorates by its name the stubborn valor of the Orangemen who first filled its ranks when they charged through the swamp at Enniskillen against overwhelming odds, in order to hold the town for King WILLIAM, and the Protestant religion. And no one did more to nurse their bigotry than the grandfather of the present Prince of Wales. It was mainly his policy and prejudices which were instrumental in turning the Orangemen of 1793, debased as they were by long indulgence in oppression, loose upon the unfortunate race whom the French Revolution incited into asking for the commonest rights of citizenship.

The result of all this has been that they have inherited and still display the vices of tyrants. The English policy towards Catholics has, within forty years, undergone a radical change, but it is still just as difficult to get the Orangemen to lay aside the old passions and forget the old war-cries as to get the Catholics to love British rule. One of the inconveniences of calling in the devil to one's aid is, that when one has done with him, he won't always take his departure. If we deliberately set about degrading whole races of men, either by tyrannizing over them, or allowing them to tyrannize, we must not be surprised or annoyed if the slaves do not become self-reliant, truthful and energetic, and the masters just, humane and discreet, whenever we please to change our own policy. The Orangemen are afflicted with most of the vices of slaveholders. They are impudent, self-willed, turbulent, lacking in judgment and self-control. Their conduct in Canada is as brilliant an example of what ill-conditioned and obstreperous animals men of the English race may become by living for generations in a foul political and social atmosphere, as is furnished daily by the sayings and doings of some of our Southern politicians. If the ancestors of Mr. WISE, of Virginia, or Mr. TOOMBS, of Georgia, had emigrated to Ireland instead of America, they would be just as blatant and ridiculous and uproarious in defence of "Protestant ascendancy," as they are now in defence of "Southern rights," and would be as full of contempt for "papists" as they are now for "the children of Ham." The old Irish Parliament, composed as it was entirely of Orangemen, was very much such an assemblage as the Congress of the Southern Confederacy will be, whenever that respectable body meets in session. Several pairs of members insulted one another, and fought duels every morning, and both Houses got drunk every night, but we feel bound, in justice, to say that we are satisfied they never descended to that profundity of blackguardism in language with which most Southern orators seem, even now, the Union still standing, to delight to season their speeches.

Persigny on Peace.

It is not at all surprising that the admirable speech of the Count DE PERSIGNY before the Council of the Loire on the policy of the Emperor NAPOLEON should have produced no effect whatever of a favorable character on the stock markets of London and Paris.

Among all the personal adherents of the French Sovereign, there is no one whose character commands for him so much respect in England as the Count DE PERSIGNY. During his residence in London as Ambassador, the gallant and loyal "soldier of Boulogne" won the confidence of all with whom he was brought in contact by his straightforward and decisive honesty of bearing and of speech. His ardor and frankness, indeed, on more than one occasion, rose to a quite undiplomatic temperature. But this did him no essential disservice with British society; and if any Frenchman could hope to be listened to with intelligent attention beyond the Channel, in behalf of the Napoleonic dynasty, Count DE PERSIGNY might.

But the deep distrust of France and of her Emperor which pervades the higher classes of the British Empire makes facts themselves impotent of persuasion, and reduces argument and rhetoric, therefore, wholly to insignificance. The very effort to satisfy England that Napoleonic France has abandoned the traditions of 1804 will simply intensify the British conviction that these traditions sway the Cabinet of the Third NAPOLEON as absolutely as they ruled the Camp of the First. It is in vain that the Count DE PERSIGNY invokes the history of the last decade to prove that the vulgar notions of vengeance for the treachery of the Prince Regent GEORGE, and of atonement for the misfortunes of Waterloo, have found no place in the councils of his imperial master. The history of the last decade has already demonstrated this to the satisfaction of all the world beside, but England has refused to be enlightened. Shall she now be won over to common sense by a voice from the Loire? The feeling of England on the subject of France and the campaign of Waterloo strongly resembles the feeling which long possessed and still lingers among our own people in regard to England and the American war of 1812. It was long the devout belief of every American schoolboy, that the capture of the *Guerriere* by the *Constitution* rankled too deeply in the British heart ever to be forgotten or forgiven, and his earnest conviction that Great Britain was longing ceaselessly for an opportunity of recovering the lost trident of the seas. After all allowance made for the far greater scale on which the conflict of 1815 was carried on between France and England, it must still be owned that Englishmen do persist in attributing to the events of that conflict a most disproportionate value in their estimates of subsequent French history. In the face of the most flagrant evidences that the development of French diplomatic influence abroad, and of the wealth of France at home, have been the leading objects of the reign of NAPOLEN III., nine Englishmen out of ten obstinately cling to the alarming thought that the efforts of the Emperor have been steadily and exclusively spent ever since his advent to power, upon mighty preparations both secret and overt, for taking a tremendous military revenge upon the "inviolate isle," for her disastrous interference of half a century since in the affairs of France and of his family. The reiteration of these evidences now by the Count DE PERSIGNY, may fix anew the attention of the world upon the ill-feeling which makes such reiteration necessary, but he must be an optimist of the most cerulean nature who anticipates from it any other effect whatsoever. "The military *rôle* of France and of Europe" may be, as the Count so eloquently declares that it is, "at an end." But if the ruling classes of England and the dynasties of Germany refuse, as they still do, to recognize the natural preponderance which belongs to a pacific and powerful France in the councils of Europe, it is clear that an unexpected occasion may at any moment arise for the resumption of the fierce drama and the return of the great actor to the stage.

AN IMPARTIAL ADVOCATE.—The assignment of parts in the Barbecue performance yesterday was well contrived. To Mr. DOUGLAS was given the heavy business; to Mr. JOHNSON the lighter labor of overhauling the claims of the rival Conventions to strict partisan authenticity—a task, we are bound to say, achieved with eminent success. The judgment of Mr. JOHNSON is all the more valuable upon this point, in that he examines the case rather as a judge than as an advocate. Had he been the nominee of either faction, or had he discussed the right of the National Executive Committee to do the will of a Convention, his impartiality might have been questioned. But having been nominated by nobody in particular, and standing apart from and above the intrigues and cabals of Conventions, it is indeed gratifying to receive his views of their comparative merits. Might it not be advisable to secure the services of Mr. JOHNSON, for this specialty, throughout the campaign?

Amusements.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—To-night this popular establishment will be open for the regular Fall and Winter season, under the personal management of the dramatic veteran himself, with Mr. LESTER WALLACK as stage-manager. During the brief recess, since the departure of Miss JANE COOMBS and her company, the interior of the building has been thoroughly renovated and redecorated. The company engaged are mostly the old-established favorites—Mr. BROUGHAM being absent in Europe, but soon to return—and among them the public will be glad to recognize Messrs. BLAKE, LESTER WALLACK, WALCOT, A. H. DAVENPORT, SLOAN, NORTON, and others, with whose talents and faces they have long been familiar; while Mrs. HOEY, Miss MARY GANNON, the ever-young and always cherished Mrs. VERNON, with Miss FANNY MORANT, Mrs. SLOAN, Mrs. WALCOT, and other ladies, offer ample assurance that the performances of the ensuing season will certainly not fall short of the best things yet done here. By what is already foreshadowed, we predict an unusually splendid result for the forthcoming Autumn and Winter months.

Mr. WALLACK not only reopens his theatre under the most auspicious circumstances, but he presents us with a new comedy also, entitled "The Royalist; or, Forty Years Ago," in which Mr. LESTER WALLACK, Mr. BLAKE, Mr. WALCOT, with Mrs. HOEY and Miss GANNON, will appear. The scenery and accessories are all new, and Dame Rumor, lately come from behind the scenes, speaks highly of the piece, from what she witnessed of the rehearsal. The patrons of the theatre will undoubtedly be present to-night to judge for themselves. A new comedy, which has met with great success in London, is the next novelty promised. "The Royalist," to be produced to-night, we should observe, is from the French of SCRIBE.

WINTER GARDEN.—Those popular *artistes*, Mr. and Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS, are filling this theatre to its utmost every night. They have appeared as yet in no new pieces, but their friends are so satisfied in seeing them again in those, that if "old and familiar" are ever untiring, that unless they go early they have small chance of standing room, to say nothing of seats.

NIBLO'S.—The auction sale of fourteen private boxes and 250 orchestra seats, for the first appearance of Mr. EDWIN FORREST at this theatre, on the occasion of his return to the Metropolitan stage, on Monday next, will take place in the vestibule of the theatre this afternoon at 3½ o'clock. The "orchestra seats," so called, will include more than half the parquette.

GENERAL TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Court-martial—Mexican Affairs—Our Mediterranean Squadron—The Pacific Telegraph—Political News, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

A Court-martial is now in session, in this city for the trial of Lieut. DRYSDALE, Third Artillery charged with drawing double pay. The accused has failed to appear. It is possible he may not have received a summons.

The news of MIRAMON's defeat is discredited by parties here, who profess to have the latest reliable information from Mexico. Official dispatches from Vera Cruz are expected to-morrow.

The fact of our having but a single gunboat, at this time, in the Mediterranean, and that in charge of a Lieutenant, is the subject of comment here, among those who feel an interest in affairs in Syria. Secretary TOUCEY, I understand, is preparing to dispatch additional war-vessels to that quarter.

The Douglas men here are in high glee at the failure of the fusion movement in New-York. They now calculate on carrying the State against LINCOLN.

CLARK & HARMON will likely receive the contract for building the telegraph to the Pacific. The law fixes no responsibility on the sureties in case of the failure of the contractors. Whether the country is to have a telegraph or not, depends upon Secretary COBB.

The Republican Association sent out yesterday 70,000 documents, mostly to New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Indiana and Illinois. Hons. PRESTON KING, E. B. WASHBURNE and DAVID KILGORE are here engaged in franking. The rumor that Mr. KING had complained of Postmaster JONES is erroneous. On the other hand, the Republican Committee think they have been treated with entire fairness. I am pleased to be able to make this correction, in justice to all parties.

A Board, consisting of Gen. TOTTEN, Major BARNARD and Capt. WRIGHT, Engineers; Major SYMINGTON, Capt. DYER and Capt. GORGAS, Ordnance; and Col. DIMICK, Major ANDERSON, and Capt. CARLISLE, Artillery; will convene at Fort Monroe on the 18th inst. to examine and witness the firing of the "Floyd gun." This Board is to report whether or not the efficiency of our present armament for harbor defence would be improved by the addition of a judicious proportion of guns of this class. The firing will be done under the direction of Capt. T. I. RODMAN. Q.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

A dispatch to the Navy Department from Flag-Officer STRIBLING, of the East India Squadron, says it is believed that Baron GROS and Lord ELGIN have urged the leading commanders of the French and British forces at the mouth of the Pei-ho to commence hostilities at once without waiting to be fully prepared.

Instead of Mr. BARBOUR, Superintendent of Harper's Ferry Armory, having been removed for political reasons, as stated, he tendered his resignation, which the President declined to accept.

An official letter states that the new steamship *Seminole* had arrived off the coast of French Guiana, thirty-one days from Norfolk.

The New-Orleans mails have so repeatedly failed to arrive within the schedule time during the past month, that the Department has taken the matter into consideration, with a view to a remedy.

Within the past year about 16,000,000 acres of public lands have been offered. Owing to well-known causes, the sales have been small, and the returns, so far, are comparatively insignificant.

The Lady Elgin Disaster.

CORONER'S INQUEST AT CHICAGO—TESTIMONY OF PERSONS ON BOARD THE TWO VESSELS.

CHICAGO, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The Coroner's Jury yesterday commenced the investigation into the causes of the wreck of the *Lady Elgin*.

John Jervis, of Milwaukee, a passenger, testified—Just before the schooner struck, I was standing at the middle gangway; saw the schooner about two minutes before the collision; she appeared to be coming towards us at an angle of forty-five degrees; about half a minute before she struck I left the gangway. Capt. WILSON was at the after gangway, and asked some one on the schooner if they wanted to come aboard? The reply was they did not think they were injured, and would stay where they were; the schooner was now dropping aft; I saw a light on the schooner before the collision, but none afterwards; I went down to the coal-bunker where the water was coming in very fast; I then went over to the break, the Steward was there trying to stop the leak with mattresses; the vessel had before been listed up; the captain stood at the edge of the scuttle ordering the men to fire up as fast as possible; I then went aft; the captain went at the same time and gave orders that everything loose be thrown overboard; the captain, when I next saw him, was coming from the bow; I then went below to see how long we could keep afloat; when I got to the engine-room the engines had just stopped; I went back to the cabin, the hold being then half full of water; the Captain and myself then got from twenty to twenty-five ladies up on to the hurricane deck; the boat went down in two minutes afterwards; there were between twenty and thirty children on the forward part of the hurricane roof; it was very dark, and raining at the time; the bell commenced ringing at once after the collision, and the whistle commenced blowing at the same time.

Thomas Cummings, who was on the *Lady Elgin*, testified that the schooner did not strike the steamer quartering, but at right angles; she run square into her; the steamer in moving turned the schooner round; think we were about two miles from shore; saw a vessel's light after we left the steamer; think I could have seen a light in a vessel three miles off; did not see the schooner after she got clear of us; saw that all the steamer's head-lights were up; the schooner was running due east when she struck us; there is a rule that boats going to Milwaukee should pass all vessels on the larboard side; I think a vessel under that wind and headway could have avoided the steamer if within twenty rods of her by great exertion; even if the vessel was but three times her length from the steamer, she could have avoided doing serious damage, by putting her helm hard up; had the schooner seen the steamer a half mile off, she could not have struck her except by gross negligence; it seems to me that the helm of the vessel must have been put down instead of up, and that was the cause of the disaster. The schooner could have laid to within a mile of us after the collision with perfect safety. It was not very dark, although raining heavily.

John Vorce, first mate of the *Augusta*, says: At the time of the collision it was the captain's watch; the second mate was on deck when the squall came up, and called the captain, who got on deck just as the squall struck us; about one-third of the foresail and one-fourth of the mainsail were up when we struck the steamer; when I saw the steamer's lights, I heard the captain sing out "Hard up;" the steamer was then crossing our bow; the schooner showed a white light from 8 to 12; don't know whether she did at the time of the collision or not; heard the helmsman answer the order "Hard up," but did not notice any change in the vessel's course. The *Augusta* steers wild—that is, will not answer her helm readily; it was not two minutes, at the outside, after the order, till the vessel struck; we heard no noise whatever from the steamer after the collision.

George Budge, second mate of the *Augusta*, says: It was the captain's watch; I was on deck; the vessel's course was south by east, under full sail, except the maingafftopsail; we showed a white light; I first saw the steamer's lights about ten minutes before I called the captain, one point on the weather bow; it was about twenty minutes before the collision when I called the captain; I called the captain because it looked squally; when he came up I showed him the lights; he ran forward and looked at it, but made no remark to me about it; from three to five minutes before we struck the steamer, he ordered the helm "hard up," but the vessel did not mind the helm; did not hear any noise on the steamer after the collision; the wind was blowing so hard that we could not hear ourselves from one end of the vessel to the other.

One of the schooner's crew, who was stationed forward as a lookout, swore that he did not see the steamers lights until just as the Captain ordered the helm hard up.

Up to this morning forty bodies have been recovered, most of whom resided in Milwaukee

SOME OF THE LADY ELGIN'S PASSENGERS.

The Buffalo *Express* of Tuesday says: "JAMES H. SMITH, who it was feared was lost on the *sady Elgin*, arrived in the city yesterday, by the teamer *Michigan*. He informs us that he left the *Lady Elgin* at Mackinac, on Wednesday last. He states that Capt. WILSON's wife and daughter are at the Sault, where he left them to await his return. God help them! for wait as long as they will, the husband and father will not come! The wife and daughter of ROBERT GILL, the engineer, left the boat at Chicago, to return to this city. They reside on Palmer near Maryland-street. FRED. RICE, the steward, who was steward at the Clarendon, under Capt. VAN ALLEN left his wife at Mackinac. She was anxious with him upon the boat, but he objected. That objection saved her life. Carr, the clerk, who was saved, is a resident of this city.

Another Lake Disaster.

Cleveland, O., Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The schooner *Vermont*, with a cargo of Wheat and Corn, struck the pier last night and sunk just inside. No lives were lost. Her cargo is insured.

Grand Commandery of the Knights Templars.

Auburn, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

At the Grand Commandery of the Knights Templars of the State of New-York, now in session in this city, the election of officers was held to-day with the following result: Frank C. Chamberlain, Grand Commander; Zenas C. Priest, Deputy; Orrin Welch, Grand Generalissimo; Wm. H. Burtis, Grand Captain; Gen. Salem Town, Grand Prelate; Pearson Munday, Senior Grand Warden; C. H. Webster, Jr., Grand Warden; John S. Perry, Grand Treasurer; Robert Macoy, Grand Recorder; Samuel Graves, Grand Standard Bearer; Chas. S. Gillett, Grand Sword Bearer; Bradley Parker, Grand Warder; N. B. Ellis, Grand Sentinel.

The National Agricultural Exhibition.

Cincinnati, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The National Exhibition was opened by an address from Prof. Cary, in behalf of the citizens of Cincinnati, tendering the grounds to the United States Society. President Magee responded. The time of taking entries has been extended, owing to the impossibility to receive them. The exhibition as a whole surpasses any yet given by the Society.

The American Pomological Society.

Philadelphia, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The American Pomological Society is in session. Delegations from nineteen States are present. An address was delivered by President Wilder, of Massachusetts. The collection of fruit is very large and interesting.

Affairs in Baltimore.

Baltimore, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The Americans and the Unionists combined tonight, and unanimously nominated Charles M. Keyser for the Mayoralty. He was formerly a State Senator.

The "Old Defenders," and the military generally, celebrated the anniversary of the Battle of North Point to-day with a grand military display. W.

Cricket Match at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The cricket match at the opening of the new grounds of the Germantown Club, between eleven Americans of Philadelphia against eleven English of Philadelphia and York, took place to-day. The first innings resulted: English, 64; Americans, 43.

Congressional Nomination.

Poughkeepsie, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The Republican Convention of the Twelfth Congressional District, at Poughkeepsie, to-day nominated Stephen Baker, of Poughkeepsie.

The Canadian Government.

Toronto, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The *Leader* of to-day, the Government organ, contradicts the report that Governor-General Head is to leave Canada. It says positively that he will, after a short absence, return and commence a new term of office.

Fire in New-Orleans.

New-Orleans, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The resin-oil factory on the New Shell Road was burned yesterday. Loss $150,000, uninsured.

THE RECENT MURDERS.

Conclusion of the Inquest in the Clark-street Case—Charles McAldhatton Charged with having given the Fatal Wound, and Thomas Slavin held as Accessory.

Coroner Schirmer yesterday resumed, at the Eighth Ward Station-house, the inquiry into the circumstances of the murder of Richardson Gray, in Clark-street, on Monday night.

Thomas Slavin, a young man, residing in the house with the prisoner, testified: On the night of the occurrence, about 10½ o'clock, while I was sitting at the window, in company with Barnard McAldhatton, brother of the prisoner, I heard a noise down in the street, and remarked to Barney that there was a row; we both went down to see what it was, and found Charles McAldhatton and deceased standing on the sidewalk together; deceased said to the prisoner, "You —— of a ——, I can lick you and a dozen more like you;" Charley replied there was no need of his licking any one as he did not want to quarrel with him at all; deceased said if there was any one there who would give him a chance he would whip him anyhow; at this instant some young fellow of Gray's acquaintance came up and deceased immediately struck the prisoner; as soon as McAldhatton received the blow he staggered off the sidewalk and started to go up the alley-way opposite; deceased followed him and, catching him before he got into the alley, threw him upon the stoop; some person then called out, "Give it to him Gray—the —— of a ——, cut him;" Gray then got upon the prisoner who called out that he was stabbed; deceased then went into the middle of the street and the prisoner went into Mrs. Gavin's grocery; as quickly as the prisoner went into the store, I followed him, and closing the door, put my back to it; I endeavored to prevent the prisoner from going into the street again, and caught him by the waist; he tore away from me, however, and ran towards the back door; I tried to head him off at the alley-way by running out of the front door, but during my absence he turned around and came himself from the store by the front way; when I returned to the front door he was standing in the middle of the street, and Miller, the friend of deceased, was running up Clark-street towards Spring; a colored boy then told me that deceased had fallen down an area-way of a house in Dominick-street; I went there and found a crowd of about a dozen persons standing around deceased; in response to a call from some one present to assist in raising deceased from the area, I took hold of him and helped to lift him up; thinking he was not dead, I went for a doctor, and on my return found that he had been removed to the station-house; I was on the opposite side of the street when the prisoner entered Mrs. Gavin's store; there was a light in the place at the time, and Mrs. Gavin was inside; she spoke to the prisoner, but I could not hear his reply; I did not see him have anything in his hand; no person took part in the fight but prisoner and deceased; I had no hand in it, and the blood on my shirt sleeves probably got there from lifting deceased; I did not see Mrs. Gavin on the sidewalk at any time during the affray; she stood in the store between the grocery counter and the liquor bar; deceased was a constant visitor at our house; he used to come there at all hours of the day and night to see two girls who live on the second floor; I never heard of any former difficulty between prisoner and deceased; the names of the girls are Mary Ann Norton and Elizabeth Garvey; neither the prisoner nor myself were in the habit of visiting either of them; McAldhatton had entered the grocery the second time before I heard that deceased had fallen into the area; when I tried to keep the prisoner in the store Mrs. Gavin was present, but she did not say anything.

Barnard McAldhatton, brother of the accused, testified that he had only seen the first part of the fight, and had seen no knife in the hands of his brother; Thomas Slavin, the previous witness, ran into the grocery store, and came out with something in his hand, but he could not say what it was; he did not see Slavin strike anybody, but he kept close to those who were fighting, especially to the prisoner.

James Kennedy, of No. 68 Prince-street, testified that he witnessed the beginning of the affray, and saw deceased first strike the prisoner; deceased also struck Slavin; he saw no knife in the hands of either of the parties, but Slavin had something which looked like a stick.

The testimony was here closed, and after a short deliberation the following verdict was rendered: "That Richardson Gray came to his death from a stab with a meat knife at the hands of Charles McAldhatton, on the evening of Sept. 10, 1860, and we further believe Thomas Slavin was an aider and abettor in the assault."

The accused were examined by the Coroner in the prescribed form, and committed to prison. McAldhatton is a native of Ireland, 18 years of age, and a coach painter by occupation. Slavin is 19 years of age, a native of Ireland, and a vender of soda water. Both denied any knowledge of the stabbing. Deceased was 25 years of age, and a native of this City.

The Murder in Fortieth-street.

Coroner Schirmer was unable, yesterday, to prosecute an investigation of the circumstances attending the murder of James Farrell, an Irish laborer, in Fortieth-street, on Monday evening. In the first place he was engaged in the case of Richardson Gray, who was murdered in the Eighth Ward, and had he not have been thus occupied, the inquest upon Farrell must have been postponed, as no witnesses of the murder, excepting the wife of deceased, have presented themselves. The police have not met with success in their search for John Fitzpatrick, the alleged murderer, and the supposition is that he has fled from the City. Drs. Bouton and Weltje, on Tuesday evening, made a *post-mortem* examination of the body of the murdered man, which resulted in the discovery of several frightful wounds in the left side and back, two of which would each have proved fatal. An effort will be made to hold the inquest to-day.

Relief for Syrian Sufferers.

The Committe for the Relief of the Destitute and Suffering in Syria, acknowledge the receipt of the following sums:

Mrs. W., per Rev. S. W. Chambers	$10	Cash	25
O. & O	50	Edward Simpson	10
J. O. S	10	S. M. S	5
Andrew Mills	10	Through New-York *Observer*	10
An Aged Widow	2	Little Duncan	6
From a Female Sympathizer	5	O. S. Pres. Church, Harrisburgh, Pa., through Rev. Wm. C. Cattell	28
R. G. P	5		
St. Mary's Hall, Burlington, N. J	15	Total	$189
Previously acknowledged			$12,836
Total			$15,025

WM. A. BOOTH, Treasurer, No. 95 Front-st.

The Committe will forward per steamer on Saturday, all funds received up to 12 o'clock on Friday.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

His Departure from Toronto—Enthusiastic Reception at London.

A Thousand Children Sing the National Anthem, and Five Hundred Indians Execute a War Dance.

The Programme of the Prince after he Reaches New-York.

He will go up the Hudson and Visit West Point.

AN EXCITEMENT AMONG THE AMERICANS.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

London, C. W., Wednesday, Sept. 12.

At no point of the Prince's progress has he met with such an outburst of feeling as at this place. The town is alive with processions. It is brilliantly illuminated. Twenty thousand strangers are illy quartered at the various houses of entertainment.

The Prince arrived at 4 o'clock and received the Municipal addresses; since then the demonstrations usual upon such occasions have been made. The Orange difficulty at Toronto has produced good effects here, where at first there were symptoms of a row.

The torch-light procession included some fifteen hundred firemen and several hundred Indians, the latter of whom formed a circle in front of the Prince's hotel—the Tecumseh—and amused him by a war-dance invented for the occasion by one of their number, who is 104 years old.

The Prince entertained twenty gentlemen at a state dinner at 6 o'clock.

The demonstrations on the route were very gratifying to him and creditable to the participants. At Guelph and at Stratford he read and replied to addresses. A thousand sunday-school children also greeted him, and sang the national anthem very beautifully. The Duke was much affected, and made a few remarks to the little ones, winding up with a kiss to a pretty one.

At Guelph he was sung to by twenty-nine young ladies whom he rewarded by proxy—kissing the daughter of the Mayor for them all. Some wag called out "Largesse," and in fun the members of the suite scattered coin among the rustics, who graciously condescended to pick them up.

On Thursday, in addition to a railroad excursion to Sarnia, the Prince holds a levée and attends a ball.

He will go from New-York up the Hudson, stopping awhile at West Point and reaching Albany on the 16th. He goes to Boston on the 17th, in a car fitted up expressly for him, to which will be attached a regal smoking car, in which he can practice his almost unintermitted habit of puffing. Reaching Boston on the 17th, he will remain until the 19th, getting to Portland on the 20th.

The Chicago Committee accidentally dropped the fact that there would be given a grand ball to the Prince, whereupon the Duke said that in that case the Prince would not go to Chicago at all, or anywhere, unless they conformed strictly to his programme. He will, after visiting St. Louis, go back to Illinois and spend four days in grouse shooting.

Last evening at the ball, two of the most respectable young men of Buffalo, who were with ladies, were arrested by the detectives, who imagined them to be pickpockets. They were handcuffed and locked in the cells all night, with two prostitutes and a squaw. This morning over a hundred Americans attended the Court, and there was strong symptoms of a row. Profuse apologies were tendered, but they could in no way remedy the misery of the matter.

Two horses which are special favorites of the Prince have been purchased by some Canadian gentlemen for three thousand dollars, and will be sent to England as a present for the Prince.

The Prince's suite are about used up, and heartily wish themselves and their charge safely home.

There is great difficulty about the accommodations here. Bar-room fights abound and the town is a carnival of jollification, good and bad. HOWARD.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

Toronto, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The royal party left at 11 o'clock, by cars, for London. The Amphitheatre was again crowded with people, besides thousands lining the track on the Esplanade, to get a last sight of the Prince, who stood on the platform of the last car, bowing his farewells.

London, C. W., Wednesday, Sept. 12.

On the way to this city, to-day, the Prince stopped and received addresses at Guelph, Petersburgh and Stratford, and arrived here at 4 o'clock P. M. Ten thousand people assembled to receive him. The ceremony of presenting and replying to the address was hurried through on account of the bitter cold weather, after which a long procession escorted the Prince to the Tecumseh Hotel, where he stops. The City is handsomely decorated with arches, banners, &c.

The Prince leaves for Sarnia at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The Spanish-Mexican Dispute.

From the New-Orleans Picayune.

A private letter, by the last arrival from Vera Cruz, to Hon. A. C. Allen, United States Consul at Minatitlan, but now in this country, gives a somewhat different version of the trouble at Vera Cruz, concerning which we are anxiously awaiting further intelligence. It says:

A few days ago we had here an alarm, caused by active preparations for defence on the part of the Government of Vera Cruz, in consequence of a note from the Commodore of the Spanish squadron at Sacrificios, requesting the release of the bark *Maria Concepcion*, captured, as you know, for belonging to the Marin expedition, and threatening to commence hostilities against the city in the case of refusal. The reply was that the question was pending before the tribunals, whose decision would be respected, and that should the men-of-war resort to violence, the utmost would be done to repulse them by the same means.

The court has not yet rendered its decision, the bark is not released, and the Spanish forces have not moved from Sacrificios. However, the difficulty presents another aspect. The Spanish commander has this morning returned, without perusal or answer, communications addressed to him by the Government of Vera Cruz concerning that matter, at the same time declaring that he would enter into no further debate, but, as the Government of Vera Cruz had refused the release of the *Maria Conccepcion*, he would retaliate by seizing the Mexican vessels he might meet with. Such a threat created a considerable sensation, especially among the Spanish residents, who fear that our Government, retaliating also, would seize their property, if that of the Mexicans were violated. Moreover, the greater part of Mexican vessels belong to Spaniards, consequently, the principal merchants of Vera Cruz have directed representations to the Spanish Commodore, showing that his system of warfare against Mexicans would turn to the great prejudice of Spanish subjects. We cannot know before to-morrow the result of this message; but the Juarez Government is by no means disposed to yield to threats, and were it otherwise, through fear, it would be opposed by the excited inhabitants, who will not admit of concessions to the Spanish Government.

Hudson River Items.

Escape and Capture of a Burglar.—On locking up the Sing Sing prison on Tuesday night, it was found that a convict named Green was missing. The watch was doubled, and everything done to prevent his passing the guards, but he was not found. A complaint was made that the matron's room had been entered and robbed during the night, and a tobacco-box and other articles dropped were recognized as belonging to Green. He had, no doubt, entered the building to procure a change of dress. A person was seen lurking about Sparta, a short distance below the prison, and Officers Leggett and Sarles took the night train. Arriving at Glenwood, a station one mile above Yonkers, a man was seen dodging about towards the end of the train, and when it started he sprang on the rear platform. Leggett went to the platform and arrested him, when, sure enough, he was found to be the missing convict.

The Cold Weather on the Hudson—Early Frost and Snow.—There has been a great change in the weather on the Hudson within the last few days. Thursday and Friday the weather was very hot, but about 11 o'clock on Saturday morning rain began to fall, and in a short time, so cold did it become, that a room was very uncomfortable without a fire. Sunday night there was slight frost in the valleys. Monday and Tuesday the weather was again warm, but it changed again yesterday to cold. The wind blew a gale nearly all day, and about 3½ o'clock there was a slight fall of snow.

The Season at Saratoga.—One of the Saratoga papers makes its usual summing up of the number of arrivals for the season published at the several hotels, which is as follows:

Union Hall	5,290	American Hotel	[illegible]
Congress Hall	4,989	Smith's Hotel	[illegible]
U. S. Hotel	4,820	Exchange Hotel	[illegible]
Clarendon	1,437	Commercial Hotel	[illegible]
White's Hotel	2,867	Water-Cure, Wilbur's and Dr. Hamilton's	[illegible]
Marvin House	2,410		
Columbia Hotel	1,793	Total	[illegible]

This is 10,187 more than 1858, and 8,000 more than 1859. The published lists are by no means a measure of success of the season. The crowds at private boarding-houses are not listed, and the increased length of time which each visitor stays does not appear in the account.

The Benefit of Good Advice.

Thanks to Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, we have for years been relieved from sleepless nights of painful watching with poor suffering, teething children. Unlike all the preparations of opium which are usually got up to make children sleep, and which simply stupefy the child, the Soothing Syrup gives not only rest, but vigor and health; the little fellow will wake up bright, cheerful and refreshed. It is sure, moreover, to cure Wind Colic and regulate the bowels. As we freely received the advice which calls forth the above thanks, we freely give it to others, and say to all mothers, go purchase the Soothing Syrup for your child, and you will thank us for this advice. Sold everywhere, at 25 cents per bottle. Office, No. 13 Cedar-st., New-York.

Mr. Howe's Sewing-Machine Patent is extended for 7 years! The fact is, the value of Mr. HOWE'S invention, as exhibited in the new GROVER & BAKER FAMILY SEWING-MACHINE was an unanswerable argument for the extension. No one who has seen THE GROVER & BAKER in the family, changing toil into pastime and work into play, can doubt the propriety of this extension.

Strangers in the City, who wish to supply themselves or Boys with Fall and Winter Clothing, are invited to examine our very large and desirable assortment before purchasing.

ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,
No. 507 Broadway, (under St. Nicholas Hotel.)

Public Opinion Rapidly Correcting Itself.—The sale of machines making the Grover & Baker Stitch is now much greater than that of all others combined. Indeed, experience has enforced the conviction that the Grover & Baker Stitch is the only one fit for family use. Consequently, a multitude of unscrupulous manufacturers are fraudulently making and selling machines making this stitch. Purchasers must be careful in order to be sure of good machines, and the right to use them, not only to buy those making the Grover & Baker Stitch, but equally careful to see that they are made and stamped in the name and under the patents of the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

Gas Fixtures.

BALL, BLACK & CO.,
Nos. 565 and 567 Broadway,
Corner of Prince-st.,

in addition to their large stock of rich goods, offer for sale a large assortment of Chandeliers and Gas Fixtures of every description, and of the newest styles,—both foreign and domestic manufacture.

New-York, July 28, 1860.

Iron Work for Buildings.—Iron Store and Bank Fronts, Columns, Girders, Beams, Door Shutters, Stairs, Vaults, &c. Every description of Fine Iron Work for building purposes, manufactured at JAMES L. JACKSON & BROTHER'S Iron Works, 28th-st., 2d-av., and 29th-st., New-York.

Grover & Baker's Celebrated
NOISELESS SEWING MACHINES.
THE BEST IN USE FOR FAMILY SEWING.
No. 495 Broadway, New-York.
No. 182 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Radical Cure of Hernia.

Dr. S. N. Marsh, of the well known house of MARSH & CO., No 2 Vesey-st., New-York, opposite the church, devotes special attention to the surgical adaptation of his Radical Cure Truss to all cases of Rupture, however complicated. A visit to their establishment will satisfy patients or their physicians that he is prepared to treat all cases requiring mechanical surgery with skill and success. Also a large assortment of silk and Lisle thread elastic Stockings for varicose veins, Female Supporters, Shoulderbraces, improved Suspensory Bandages, and instruments for physical deformities.

Parker Bros., London Club Sauce—SINCE its introduction into this country, has found its way into almost every respectable family, hotel and restaurant in the land. Indispensable with steaks, meats and fish of every kind; the popularity it now enjoys is owing to its superior savory qualities, as well as its cheapness. Sold by all respectable grocers everywhere. A. J. PARKER, No. 15 Beekman-st., Agent for the United States and Canada.

Genin, No. 513 Broadway,

Informs his friends and the public that every article required in gentlemen's dress hats, gentlemen's soft and felt hats, gentlemen's traveling and opera caps, umbrella and traveling bags, can be obtained at his establishment.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees

—This celebrated establishment is removed to No. 16 Bond-st. Twelve private rooms for the application of his Hair Dye—the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all. This is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

Saratoga Empire Water Superior to Congress Water.—The Empire Water is a perfect regulator, corrective and preserver of health. Sold by druggists and at hotels. Dépôt, No 13 John-st., New-York.
G. W. WESTON & CO.

Undershirts and Drawers,

All sizes and qualities, in silk, buckskin, and lamb's-wool, now open. Prices low. Wholesale or retail.
IRA PEREGO & SON, No. 61 Nassau-st.,
And No. 381 Broadway.

Hill's Hair Dye 50 cents, Black or Brown.

Dépôt No. 1 Barclay-st., and sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine stores. Infallible Onguent for the hair. Inimitable hair-cutting at No. 1 Barclay-st.

What is It? The Renfrew Hat.

Where is it? At WHITE'S, No. 216 Broadway, opposite St. Paul's Church. Also, the SCOTCH RIFLE CAP, just received.

Shirts.—Fine and cross-plait French bosom shirts, ready-made and made to order from measure. French and English Neck-Ties of the latest importation. L. U. SILLECK & CO., corner of Fulton and William sts.

Barry's Tricopherous is the best and cheapest article for DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING AND RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists.

Children's and Misses' Hats and Caps.—The most elegant variety in this City, of Newest Patterns. Gents' and Youths' Hats do.
KELLOGG, No. 381 Canal-st.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.

They are the favorites for families.—*Times.*
We prefer them for family use.—*Tribune.*
Office No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Genin, No. 513 Broadway.

Girls', boys' and infants' Fall style hats, now ready.

MARRIED.

Bennet—Fox.—In this City, on Tuesday, Sept. 11, by Rev. T. R. Smith, Mr. Jacob F. Bennet to Miss Margaret A. Fox, both of this City.

English—Bergh.—In this City, on Wednesday, Sept. 12, at Trinity Chapel, by Rev. Francis Vinton, S. Penn English, of Philadelphia, to Georgiana, daughter of the late Teunis Bergh, of this City.

☞ Philadelphia papers please copy.

Hardenburgh—Lee.—In this City, by Rev. F. D. Harriman, Mr. Charles M. Hardenburgh and Miss Mary Lee, daughter of W. T. Lee, Esq., of Hartford, Conn.

Lord—Launitz.—In this City, on Tuesday evening, Sept. 11, at Trinity Chapel, by the Right Rev. the Bishop of Indiana, Thos. Lord, Jr., to Miss Matilda D., daughter of Robert E. Launitz, of this City.

Fullerton—Suydam.—In Rossville, S. I., on Wednesday, Sept. 12, at St. Barnabas' Church, by Rev. E. S. Watson, Alfred R. Fullerton to Almira V. N. Suydam, daughter of the late Henry Suydam, Jr., Esq., all of this City.

Thurston—Purdy.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Sept. 12, by Rev. N. E. Smith, Thomas L. Thurston to Emily, the eldest daughter of Abraham Purdy, Esq., all of Brooklyn.

Foote—Hungerford.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Sept. 12, by Rev. Rufus W. Clark, Geo. Foote, of Detroit, Mich., to Ellen S. Hungerford, of Wolcottville, Conn.

Mead—Wallace.—In Brooklyn, N. Y., on Tuesday, Sept. 11, by Rev. J. Fransioli, Mr. Wm. W. Mead to Miss Emeline Wallace.

Scribner—Crosby.—At Tarrytown, on Tuesday, Sept. 11, by Rev. Wm. H. Wines, Philip W. Scribner, Esq., of Angels, Cal., to Miss Adelaide Crosby, of Tarrytown.

DIED.

Washburn.—In this City, on Tuesday evening, Sept. 11, after a lingering illness, Stephen Washburn, in the 61st year of his age.

His relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Friday morning, at 8 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 191 Prince-st., corner of Sullivan, without further invitation. His remains will be taken to Dobbs' Ferry for interment. Cars leave Chambers-st. at 9:45 A. M.

Barker.—In this City, on Wednesday, Sept. 12, Gulielma, only daughter of Isaac O. Barker, in the 28th year of her age.

The funeral services will take place at Zion Church, Madison-av., corner of 38th-st., on Friday, Sept. 14, at 2 P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further invitation.

Boyd.—In this City, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 11, George William Boyd, son of William and Agnes Boyd, in the 24th year of his age.

His friends, those of the family, and of his brothers, Peter and John Crerar, are respectfully requested, without further invitation, to attend the funeral, on Thursday, the 13th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of parents, No. 23 West 26th-st.

Tunison.—At Morrisania, on Monday afternoon, Sept. 10, suddenly, Mrs. Mary Ann Tunison, relict of the late Geo. M. Tunison, in the 64th year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 179 West 16th-st., on Thursday afternoon, at 1½ o'clock, without further notice.

Bingham.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 11, after a brief illness, Mrs. Jane Bingham, aged 60 years.

Her funeral will take place from the residence of her son, No. 39 Cheever-place, Brooklyn, this day, (Thursday,) at 2½ P. M.

Savage.—On Sunday, Sept. 9, at 3 o'clock A. M., Clifford Albert Savage, [illegible] L. Savage, aged 5 years, [illegible] months and [illegible] days.

The remains were interred in Greenwood on Tuesday, the 11th inst.

☞ St. Joseph, Indiana, also Illinois and Alabama papers please copy.

Ackerman.—At Harlem, on Wednesday, Sept. 12, Mr. John Ackerman, in the 59th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, 117th-st., third door east of 3d-av., on Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend, without further notice. The remains will be taken to Greenwood.

Starr.—At New-Haven, on Tuesday, Sept. 11, Henry Burr Starr, formerly of the house of Seth Grosvenor & Co., of this City.

Carriages will be in waiting at Fulton Ferry for those who wish to accompany his remains to Greenwood, on Friday, at 10 A. M.

Condit.—At Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, Sept. 11, Joel W. Condit, in the 67th year of his age.

The burial service will be at Grace Church, Newark, on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, without further invitation.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS, BY TELEGRAPH,
OF THE LEGALIZED
LOTTERIES,
WOOD, EDDY & CO., MANAGERS
of the
DELAWARE, KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE
LOTTERIES,
AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE.

The undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the Governor of the State of Delaware to superintend the drawings of the Delaware State Lottery, do certify that the following are the numbers drawn this day:

DELAWARE LOTTERIES.

Extra Class No. 435, Sept. 12, 1860.

12, 56, 28, 55, 48, 30, 26, 60, 35, 31, 58, 7, 63, 77.

Class No. 436, Sept. 12, 1860.

9, 65, 32, 31, 55, 25, 67, 37, 62, 57, 12, 48, 36, 29.

Witness our hands, at Wilmington, Del., Sept. 12, 1860.
GEO. C. GORDON,
JOSEPH SEAL,
JAMES DUNCAN.

Circulars, containing schemes for the month, will be mailed free of charge by sending to
WOOD, EDDY & CO.,
Wilmington, Del., or St. Louis, Mo.

PERFECT FITTING

SHIRTS

WARD, FROM LONDON,
NO. 387 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK,
UP STAIRS.
RETAILED AT WHOLESALE PRICES.
Made to Measure at $18 per doz., or Six for $9.
MADE OF NEW-YORK MILLS MUSLIN,
With fine linen bosoms, and warranted as good a Shirt as sold in retail stores at $2 50 each.
ALSO, THE VERY BEST SHIRTS THAT CAN BE MADE, AT $2 EACH.

P. S.—Those who think I cannot make a good shirt for $18 per dozen are mistaken. Here is the cost of one dozen $18 fine shirts:

30 yards of York Mills muslin, at 14½c. per yard	$4 35
7 yards of fine linen, at 50c. per yard	3 50
Making and cutting	6 00
Laundry, $1; buttons and cotton, 50c	1 50
Profit	2 65
Total	$18 00

SELF-MEASUREMENT FOR SHIRTS.

Printed directions sent free everywhere, and so easy to understand that any one can take their own measure for shirts. I warrant a good fit. The cash to be paid to the Express Company on receipt of goods.

J. R. STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR.

When Olive Tar is inhaled, its healing balsamic odors are brought in direct contact with the lining membranes of the *Throat, Bronchial Tubes and all the Air-Cells of the Lungs.*

Relieving at once any pain or oppression, and healing any irritation or inflammation.

When Olive Tar is taken upon Sugar, it forms an unequaled soothing and healing syrup for coughs and all throat diseases.

When Olive Tar is applied, its magnetic or concentrated curative powers render it a most speedy and efficient

PAIN ANNIHILATOR.

Olive Tar is not sticky—does not discolor.

Fifty cents a bottle, at No. 442 Broadway, New-York, and by all druggists.

J. R. STAFFORD'S
IRON AND SULPHUR POWDERS.

Are a soluble preparation of iron and sulphur, identical with that existing in the blood of a perfectly healthy person. Uniting with the digested food,

They Revitalize and Purify the Blood,
They impart Energy to the Nervous System,
They Invigorate the Liver,
They Strengthen the Digestion,
They Regulate the Secretions of the Body,
And are a Specific for all Female Weaknesses
Price One Dollar a Package.
At 442 Broadway, New-York, and all Druggists.

A Pamphlet containing Testimonials from the following and many other well-known prominent persons, will be sent to any address, *free by mail*:

Geo. Law, Esq., 5th-av., New-York.
Simeon Draper, Esq., Banker, New-York.
Thurlow Weed, Esq., Albany, N. Y.
Gen. Duff Green, Washington, D. C.
Col. Samuel Colt, Hartford, Conn.
Col. Chas. May, U. S. A.
Rev. Joshua Leavitt, Ed. *Independent*, N. Y.
Rev. Edward Bright, Ed. *Examiner*, New-York.
Rev. D. W. Cronk, Agt., Am. Bible Union, N. Y.
Rev. O. F. A. Spinning, Butternuts, N. Y.
Rev. Dr. Leonard, Exeter, N. H.

SEND FOR A PAMPHLET.

NOW READY,
THE NATIONAL QUARTERLY REVIEW,
No. 2, September, 1860.
CONTENTS:

I. James Fenimore Cooper.
II. Hungary, Past and Present.
III. Social Life in America.
IV. Torquato Tasso.
V. The English Language.
VI. Seward as an Orator and Statesman.
VII. The Works of Miss Evans.
VIII. Availability, or, Politicians vs. Statesmen.
X. Notices, Criticisms, etc.

Subscription price, $3 per annum. Single copies, 75c. Sent free by mail on receipt of price.
PUDNEY & RUSSELL, Publishers,
No. 79 John-st.

GRAND UNION MASS MEETING,

To be held at the Cooper Institute on MONDAY, Sept. 17, at 8 o'clock. All Democratic and Union Clubs are invited to coöperate in this great demonstration. The officers of such Clubs will please communicate with the Committee of Arrangements, which will be in session in Room No. 37 Lafarge Hotel every evening this week to perfect arrangements to attend said meeting, and appoint escorts for the various delegations from abroad. Communications may be addressed to the Secretaries, at the above place. By order of

D. ROWLAND, GEO. A. HALSEY, } Secretaries.

ADVERTISING AGENCY
FOR ALL NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED
THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES AND
BRITISH PROVINCES.
No. 41 Park-row, New-York Times Building.
JOHN HOOPER & CO.

N. B.—Advertisements inserted at the Publisher LOWEST CASH ADVANCE RATES.

Reference—Messrs. Raymond, Wesley & Co., publishers of this paper.

ASTHMA.

For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use
FENDT'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,
Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., No. 107 Nassau-st., New-York. Price $1 per box; sent free by mail.
For sale at HEGEMAN & CO'S,
and at F. V. RUSHTON'S,
And at the Principal Dépôt, No. 458 Broadway.

GRAND NATIONAL MASS MEETING.

The several Sub-Committees of this meeting are requested to assemble THIS (and every succeeding) EVENING, at 7 o'clock, (until after the meeting,) at Room No. 37 Lafarge Hotel, Broadway.

By order Committee of Arrangements.

DAVID ROWLAND, GEO. A. HALSEY, } Secretaries.

USEFUL AND ECONOMICAL.—HEGEMAN & CO'S Benzine for the instant removal of grease spots, paints, &c., &c., and for cleaning gloves, silks, ribbons, &c., equal to new, without injury to color or fabric. Sold by druggists; only 25 cents per bottle. See that you get the genuine article.

KITCHENERS AND RANGES.

The AMERICEN SAND-OVEN KITCHENER, a new and splendid Range, just completed, combining more useful improvements than any other range in the country. Also, the IMPROVED MORNING-STAR RANGE, suited for wood or coal, and the PIERCE RANGE, for sale by
RICHARDSON, BOYNTON & CO.,
No. 260 Canal-st., New-York.

THE INDEPENDENT, OF THIS WEEK,

Is out to-day, and contains an admirable article by

HORACE GREELEY,

ON

"YOUNG MEN IN POLITICS."

An interesting and instructive

SERMON

BY

HENRY WARD BEECHER,

From the text

"Thy Will be done on Earth as it is done in Heaven."

"THE LOST ONE FOUND,"

BY

Rev. STEPHEN H. TYNG, D. D.,

Being one of a series of admirable articles under the above general title.

"THE MODEL PRAYER-MEETING,"

A graphic and interesting sketch,

BY

Rev. THEODORE L. CUYLER,

Who has recently become a regular contributor to the INDEPENDENT.

A LETTER FROM LONDON,

BY

Rev. WILLIAM PATTON, D. D.

AN ARTICLE ON

STEPHEN ARNOLD DOUGLAS,

BY

Rev. ROBERT M. HATFIELD.

The distinguished writers who have been engaged as Special Contributors to the INDEPENDENT now number the following unequaled array of talent:

MRS. ELIZABETH BARRETT BROWNING.
MRS. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.
GRACE GREENWOOD.
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JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.
REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.
HORACE GREELEY.
WILLIAM M. EVARTS.
REV. STEPHEN H. TYNG, D. D.
WILLIAM ALLEN BUTLER.
REV. THEODORE L. CUYLER.
REV. GEORGE B. CHEEVER, D. D.
BAYARD TAYLOR.
JOHN BIGELOW.

Terms—By mail, Two Dollars a year. By carriers, Two Dollars and a Half.

JOSEPH H. RICHARDS,
Publisher,
No. 5 Beekman-st., New-York.

Specimen copies sent gratis to any address.

FOR SALE BY ALL NEWS AGENTS.

FALL AND WINTER.

I am now prepared to offer one of the largest and most extensive stocks of ready-made Fall and Winter clothing ever offered in this City. This stock is all new, manufactured from the latest importations, cut and made in the most tasty style and fashionable manner. Articles in this line will be sold less than at any other establishment in the City. Youths and boys clothing, school outfits, &c., in every variety. Custom-room and furnishing department not excelled in taste, style, or fit. In every instance when parties are not satisfied their money will be returned.
F. B. BALDWIN,
Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery.
The largest store in the City.

INLAND AND STEAMSHIP EXPRESSES,
For the
SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST,
Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
ADAMS' EXPRESS COMPANY
Have space contracts on the steamships
JAMES ADGER, COLUMBIA, MARION and NASHVILLE, } For Charleston.
On the
MONTGOMERY, HUNTSVILLE, R. R. CUYLER, FLORIDA, ALABAMA and AUGUSTA, } For Savannah.
And on the
JAMESTOWN, YORKTOWN and ROANOKE, } For Norfolk, City Point and Petersburgh.

Goods for the above-named steamships are received and forwarded by Adams' Express Company, up to 2 P. M. on sailing days.

INLAND EXPRESSES

For all parts of the South, leave our office, No. 59 Broadway, daily, at 12:30, 3:30 and 5:30 P. M.

Goods intended for the land route should be plainly marked,

"INLAND EXPRESS."

The fast NEW-ORLEANS 84 HOUR EXPRESS, via Orange and Alexandria, Va., and Tennessee,
AND
JACKSON RAILROAD.
Leaves at 12:30 and 5:30 P. M., reaching
MEMPHIS in 2 days, and
NEW-ORLEANS in 3½ days.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

When the value of the merchandise shipped by the Adams' Express Company is inserted in the receipts at time of shipment, the Company insure against all risks, at a low rate of premium.

Our wagons call for goods in any part of the City. Merchants hanging out the Company's call cards may depend on the drivers calling.

Apply to JOHN HOEY, at our Office, No. 59 Broadway, for rates, special contracts, insurance, time, &c., &c.
ADAMS' EXPRESS COMPANY,
No. 59 Broadway.
BRANCH OFFICES,
No. 442 Broadway,
and
New-Haven Railroad Dépôt, 27th-st.

FRENCH'S CELEBRATED CONICAL
WASHING MACHINE.
UNEQUALED AND INDISPENSABLE!
PRICE ONLY TEN DOLLARS.
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Agents wanted in all parts of the United States.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.
Address Box No. 2,893 Post-office, New-York City.
P. & R. FRENCH.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co.
No. 119 NASSAU-ST., New-York.
are Inserting
ADVERTISEMENTS

in all the newspapers in the United States and British Provinces, and will make a careful selection adapted to any business, and will do the advertising in the best possible manner, and see that it is thoroughly done, saving time, trouble, and expense to the advertiser. Nearly all the newspapers in the country are received and filed at their office. Business men are cordially invited to call and examine their papers and prices.

BARTLETT & CO., NEEDLE MANUFACTURERS for WHEELER & WILSON, GROVER & BAKER, HOWE, SINGER, and all Sewing-machines. Wholesale and retail salesroom, 421 Broadway, cor. Canal-st., N. Y.

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THE LINTON FAMILY;
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BLACK DIAMONDS GATHERED IN THE SOUTH.
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From the New-York News.
So many jewels in their way.
From the New-York Herald.

Mr. ——, Southerner though he be, is yet far from being a bigoted writer. His book represents slave life at the South as it is, and not as it is represented by Mrs. Stowe and other partisan writers.

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SECOND EDITION NOW READY.
ALBERT B. STREET'S NEW BOOK,
WOODS AND WATERS;
OR, THE SARANACS AND RACKET.
With Map of the Route, and nine superb wood illustrations, as follows:

Camp Scene,	Mount Seward,
Floating for Deer,	The Devil's Pulpit,
Indian Pass,	Bog River Falls,
Whiteface Notch,	Whiteface.

One large 12mo. $1 25.
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IF YOU WANT TO KNOW
THE FASHION OF THIS WORLD,
Read
THE LINTON FAMILY.
For sale by all Booksellers.

APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE.
THIRD EDITION
FOR SEPTEMBER.
PRICE 25 CENTS.
For sale by all News Agents, and boys in the cars, throughout the United States and Canadas.
D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
Nos. 443 and 445 Broadway.

BARNEY'S COCOA-CASTORINE!
A new and splendid preparation for the Hair.
BARNEY'S COCOA-CASTORINE.
"Its effect is almost magical."—Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
BARNEY'S COCOA-CASTORINE,
Unites the two best ingredients for the Hair yet discovered.
BARNEY'S COCOA-CASTORINE.
"An excellent preparation for the Hair."
Hon. Wm. J. Eames.
BARNEY'S COCOA-CASTORINE.
Preserves the Hair nicely and finely in curl for several days.
BARNEY'S COCOA-CASTORINE.
"One of the best compounds for beautifying the Hair."
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BARNEY'S COCOA-CASTORINE,
Is better in quality, more in quantity, than any other dressing.
BARNEY'S COCOA-CASTORINE.
"Deserving extensive public patronage."
A. A. Hayes, State Assayer.
BARNEY'S COCOA-CASTORINE.
For sale by all respectable Druggists in the United States. Orders sent to
G. T. BARNEY, So. Malden, Mass.

GRAND NATIONAL MASS MEETING.

ALL THE FRIENDS OF THE
UNION, THE CONSTITUTION, AND THE LAWS,
AND
ALL WHO ARE OPPOSED TO PSEUDO REPUBLICANISM,
AND TO ITS
Sectional and Anti-Fraternal Teachings,
are requested to assemble in and around the
COOPER INSTITUTE,
in the City of New-York, on the anniversary of the adoption of the
FEDERAL CONSTITUTION,
ON
MONDAY EVENING, Sept. 17, at 8 o'clock,
and invoke its perpetuity.
The following are the names of some of the
Speakers
who have been invited to address the meeting:

Hon. MILLARD FILLMORE, of New-York.
Hon. ALEX. H. STEPHENS, of Georgia.
Hon. JOHN J. CRITTENDEN, of Kentucky.
Hon. HORATIO SEYMOUR, of New-York.
Hon. FERNANDO WOOD, of New-York.
Gov. WHITFIELD, of Mississippi.
Hon. JAMES T. BRADY, of New-York.
Hon. WASHINGTON BARROW, of Tennessee.
Hon. H. W. HILLIARD, of Alabama.
Hon. GEORGE LUNT, of Massachusetts.
Hon. RANDALL HUNT, of Louisiana.
Hon. WM. C. RIVES, of Virginia.
Gov. BROOME, of Florida.
Gov. C. S. MOREHEAD, of Kentucky.
Maj. URIEL WRIGHT, of Missouri.
Maj.-Gen. J. E. WOOL, of New-York.
JAMES S. THAYER, Esq., of New-York.

DELEGATIONS
of the friends of the
NATIONAL CAUSE,
from every State in the
UNION.

have announced their intention to attend; and their several head-quarters from which they will be escorted to the meeting will be announced hereafter.

The Committee of Arrangements will be *en permanence* until the meeting, through the day, at No. 23 Chambers-street, 2d story, and in the evening, at Room No. 37 Lafarge Hotel.

See following recommendation of this meeting.

By order, Committee of arrangements.

JEHIAL READ, Chairman.

David Rowland, George A. Halsey, } Secretaries.

UNION FOR THE SAKE OF THE UNION.

We, the undersigned, call upon our fellow-citizens to unite in a Grand Mass Meeting of all who are opposed to the Republican Party and its principles, believing that their success would prove injurious to the peace and prosperity of the country.

New-York, September 10, 1860.

Henry Grinnell,	Greene C. Bronson,
Peter I. Nevius,	Benjamin Loder,
W. Butler Duncan,	Jeremiah Towle,
George B. Lamar,	Arnold, Constable & Co.,
Reuben Withers,	J. H. Hobart Haws,
Henrys, Smith & Townsend,	Lewis A. Sayre,
Hiram Ketchum,	Charles A. Lamont,
Wm. P. Lee,	M. S. Whitney,
Nathan C. Platt,	Samuel D. Babcock,
John R. Briggs,	Lathrop & Wilkinson,
John F. Cowan,	Horace H. Day,
James Wilde, Jr., & Co.,	Stephen Roberts,
Fernando Wood,	Cochran & Co.,
Reuben W. Howes,	Daniel Devlin,
Chas. M. Connolly,	Samuel Boardman,
Geo. B. De Forest,	Edwin J. Brown,
Benj. M. Whitlock,	C. P. Schermerhorn,

And many thousand others.

Hon. Mr. HILLIARD, of Alabama, has addressed the following letter to the Committee of Arrangements:

Fifth-avenue Hotel, New-York, Sept. 10, 1860.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your invitation to attend a Mass Meeting to be held in this City on the 17th inst., and although I had intended before this time to return to Alabama, where my interests demand my presence, yet I regard the object of your meeting as of such immediate importance that I shall stay to take part in it, and do what I can to give it complete success.

I earnestly hope that you will succeed in your patriotic exertions, and that the great State of New-York will defeat the Republican forces so overwhelmingly that the event will take rank through all future time as a crowning victory.

Rarely has it fallen to the lot of any people to be able to achieve so brilliant, so important, and so beneficent a triumph as that which the people of this great State may now accomplish.

I trust that God will guide your movements and give you the victory.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

HENRY W. HILLIARD.

Messrs. E. J. Brown, Jehial Read, John T. Henry, and John R. Briggs.

GENERAL MEETING!!

The Republican electors, and all others opposed to the present Administration of the General Government, are requested to assemble at the
COOPER INSTITUTE,
on THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 13,
to respond to the nominations of EDWIN D. MORGAN, for Governor, and of ROBERT CAMPBELL, for Lieutenant-Governor, and the nominees for Canal Commissioner and State Prison Inspector.

Hon. Carl Schurz, of Wisconsin, and other eminent speakers, will address the meeting.

LET THERE BE A GRAND RALLY.

By order of the Republican Central Committee.

DANIEL D. CONOVER, Chairman.

H. T. Cleveland, J. W. Olssen, } Secretaries.

ADAM E. ELLIS,
Chairman Committee of Arrangements.

Joseph C. Pinckney, Secretary.

BOYNTON'S FURNACES.

These SELF-CLEANING, SELF-PACKING, and GAS-TIGHT FURNACES have been thoroughly tested for six years, and have proved the most durable, economical and popular Furnaces in use, as those will acknowledge who have given them a trial.

BOYNTON'S PORTABLE HEATER

has also given very general satisfaction for the last eight years. Call and examine these Furnaces, or send for circulars with references.
RICHARDSON, BOYNTON & CO.,
No. 260 Canal-st., New-York.

STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING.

We are prepared to HEAT public and private buildings with HOT WATER or STEAM in the most substantial manner, at low prices. Estimates given, for work in any part of the country, by
RICHARDSON, BOYNTON & CO.,
No. 260 Canal-st., New-York.

DR. J. HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.—THESE Bitters are universally acknowledged to be a sure preventive and cure for fever and ague, flatulence, heaviness of the stomach, or any other like affection. Their effect upon the system is most miraculous; they give a healthy tone to the system, remove all morbid matter, and in fact thoroughly cleanse the system of all impurities. The proprietors, in presenting this preparation to the public, assure them that in no single case, when it has been used according to their directions, has it been known to fail, but, on the contrary, new virtues have been found in its use. To those afflicted with any of the above ills of the body, the "Bitters" are offered as a speedy and certain cure. Try them and form your own opinion.

For sale by druggists and dealers generally everywhere.

INSTRUCTION.

FRENCH PROTESTANT INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN, NO. 48 EAST 24TH-ST. BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.—The lessons for the sixth year will commence on TUESDAY, Sept. 18. Classics, mathematics, Spanish, German, English studies, besides the French, which is the language of the school; 17 teachers. No money or pains spared to render this institution as complete as possible. Gymnastics and equitation. References, names of former pupils and their parents, &c., in circulars. There is a Primary Department.

Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

MADAME C. MEARS; BURKHARDT

Respectfully announces to Parents and Guardians that her English and French Boarding and Day School will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 12. Circulars may be obtained at her residence, No. 32 West 15th-st., at the book-store of Roe Lockwood & Sons, No. 411 Broadway, and at Breusing's music-store, No. 701 Broadway. Applications by letter until Sept. 1, will receive prompt attention, on and after which date, Madame C. MEARS BURKHARDT will be happy to receive them in person.

MAPLEWOOD YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE,

PITTSFIELD, MASS.

In a location of unsurpassed beauty and salubrity, six hours from New-York, with grounds and buildings that rival those of the best colleges, and a Gymnasium the finest in New-England—with a permanent corps of able Professors, and ample facilities for illustration, commences its Thirty-ninth Semi-annual Session Oct. 4.

The Institution has always enjoyed a very considerable Southern and Western patronage.

For further information, address Rev. C. V. SPEAR, Principal, or Rev. JOHN TODD, D.D., President Board of Trustees.

MRS. LEVERETT,

NO. 32 WEST 18TH-ST.,

Will reopen her English and French Protestant Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies on THURSDAY, Sept. 20. Circulars, stating terms and course of instruction, may be obtained at her residence.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

No. 60 West 33d-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway, will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 10. Pupils received at all ages and prepared for college or business pursuits.

JOHN ARRELL, A. M., Principal.

SOUTH BROOKLYN FEMALE SEMINARY.

No. 293 Clinton-st.,
WILL REOPEN WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 12.
Experienced Teachers in each Department.
A. W. MOREHOUSE, A. M., Principal.

MISS BALLOW

Will reopen her school for young ladies at No. 24 East 22d-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 17.

B. A. SMITH'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

Lexington-av., near 37th-st.
Term commences Sept. 10.

VAN NORMAN INSTITUTE—AN ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, Nos. 2 and 5 West 38th-st., Murray Hill, two doors from 5th-av., New-York, will reopen on WEDNESDAY, the 19th of September next. The edifice—planned expressly for the school, and warmed by hot water, with a pure, Summer-like air,—is in the highest and most beautiful part of the City.

Special attention is paid to physical training, for which an entire story is set apart. Boarding pupils have constant care as members of the Principal's family. French is spoken. The ablest Masters are employed for French, Italian, German, Piano-forte, Harp and other accomplishments.

Among his City friends and patrons the Principal refers to Rev. Gardiner Spring, D.D.; Rev. Nathan Bangs, D. D.; Rev. Thomas De Witt, D. D.; Rev. Asa D. Smith, D. D.; Rev. Joel Parker, D. D.; Rev. Edwin F. Hatfield, D. D.; Rev. Abel Stevens, LL. D.; Rev. Joseph P. Thompson, D. D.; Mr. William E. Dodge; J. Marion Sims, M. D., and John H. Griscom, M. D. For full information, apply at the Institute, or see circular, for which address Rev. D. C. VAN NORMAN, LL. D., Principal.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day-School for Young Ladies has been removed from Gramercy Park to No. 7 West 22d-st., (second door from the 5th-av.,) where it will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 17. Special provision has been made for the practical acquisition of the French language. Application for admission, or for circulars, may be made to the Misses BUCKNALL, at No. 7 West 22d-st.

Mr. MILLS, for many years the conductor of the principal studies of the late Mrs. Okill's school, respectfully announces that he has associated himself with the Misses BUCKNALL in the future management of their Institution. The same course of study, and the same succession of classes, which he has hitherto so successfully observed, will still be followed in this new arrangement.

Parents or guardians who may desire to see Mr. MILLS with regard to the school, will find him, after the 1st of September, at his residence, No. 22 West 14th-st.

THE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, NO. 71 WEST FOURTEENTH-STREET, CORNER OF SIXTH-AVENUE,

Now in its forty-first year, has reopened.

With every advantage for the education of youth in both the elementary and higher branches, in ancient and modern languages, book-keeping, and all other departments of a complete school course. To meet urgent demands for increased accommodations, the school-building has been considerably enlarged during the Summer vacation. The Rector is assisted by twelve experienced teachers, and can thus insure to each scholar a due share of individual attention. Pupils are received at all ages, and thoroughly prepared for college or business. Parents who wish to place their sons where there will be no necessity for change till they have finished their education, are invited to call.

G. P. QUACKENBOS, Rector.

MR. A. BOURSAUD'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH, Classical and Commercial School, No. 130 Remsen-st., Brooklyn Hights. The object of this School being to afford to pupils an opportunity of acquiring in a short period of time, a practical knowledge of the modern languages, and to prepare them for business, the French, Spanish and German are daily taught by experienced teachers, and exclusively used by them in their respective classes. French is the language of the Institution. Commercial arithmetic and book-keeping are part of the regular studies, and subject to no extra charge. A gymnasium is attached to the establishment.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S SCHOOL, NO. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st., will be opened again on MONDAY, Sept. 10. The French Department (in which nothing but French is spoken) will be under the care of M. HENRI DELESCLUZE, a native of Paris, and a graduate of the University of Paris. Miss SARAH SEDGWICK will remain at the head of the Primary Department. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway; Crowen's, No. 699 Broadway, Christern's, No. 763 Broadway, and Price's, No. 864 Broadway.

PACKER COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, N. Y.—The next term of this institution will commence on Wednesday, Sept. 12. Application for admission may be made to the Principal, A. CRITTENDEN, Esq., Prof EATON, or any of the Trustees. J. W. HARPER, Secretary.

Pupils from abroad will find ample accommodations in the family of Prof. Eaton, adjoining the Institute.

MESSRS. PARKER & BERTHET WILL reopen their school at No. 23 East 21st-st., corner of Broadway, Sept. 10. Pupils will be prepared for any college or the counting-room, and the studies conducted in French or English, at the parent's option. There is a Primary Department in charge of an experienced lady, and one of the Principals directs the exercises of the Gymnasium. Circulars at LOCKWOOD'S, No. 411 Broadway.

ENGLEWOOD INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES.—Next term will open Sept. 26. Beautifully located on the slope of the Palisades, opposite New-York; 45 minutes from the City. Circulars at No. 547 Broadway, and No. 244 Pearl-st. Post-office address, "Englewood Institute, New-York City."

J. A. FOWLER,
REV. W. B. DWIGHT, } Principals.

MISS A. VAN WAGENEN'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—No. 53 West 33d-st., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 17. Miss VAN WAGENEN will be at home after the 1st of September, to receive applications for pupils. Circulars may be obtained at her residence; or of A. D. F. RANDOLPH, Esq., No. 683 BROADWAY.

GERMAN COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE AT BROOKLYN, L. I.—R. SCHMIEDER and J. DEGHUEE, Principals, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 3. Boarding pupils received into the family of one of the Principals. For circulars, &c., apply at No. 246 Henry-st., or at the School, No. 152 Pacific-st.

FEW INSTITUTIONS SO FULLY MEET *the wants of those educating daughters abroad, as the Young Ladies' Institute, Auburn, N. Y. Parents should learn its peculiar advantages from circulars, obtained of Ivison & Phinney, Derby & Jackson, C. M. Saxton & Co., New-York, or of the Principal.*

FRENCH AND ENGLISH INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES—No. 184 Clinton-st., Brooklyn.—Madame NAPOLEON has the honor to inform the parents of her scholars and the public, that she will reopen her school on Monday, Sept. 10.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH FEMALE INSTITUTE—No. 236 West 20th-st., is now open. A limited number of boarding scholars will be received on reasonable terms. Circulars may be obtained at the Institute.

THE MISSES ANABLE'S BOARDING AND Day School, Abbotsford-place, southeast corner of Broad and Pine sts., Philadelphia, will reopen with enlarged accommodations on MONDAY, Sept. 10.

R. P. JENKS' SELECT SCHOOL FOR boys, No. 866 Broadway, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 10. Circulars at R. LOCKWOOD & SON'S, No. 411 Broadway.

MRS. A. COUTAN'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 279 5th-av., corner of 31st-st., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 17.

HOBART HALL, NO. 98 WEST THIRTY-SEVENTH-ST., New-York, for the Christian education of young ladies, will open MONDAY, Sept. 17, 1860. Address Rev. JOHN J. ELMENDORF, Rector.

MRS. GIBSON, NO. 38 UNION-SQUARE, will re-open her Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, on MONDAY, Sept. 17.

MISS F. B. PRIEST'S SCHOOL, NO. 77 EAST 16th-st., near Stuyvesant-square will reopen Tuesday, Sept. 18.

MILITARY ACADEMY, WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.—The Academical year will commence Oct. 2, 1860. Gen. M. I. LOCKWOOD, Principal.

NOTICE.—COMMERCIAL AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL, No. 75 Henry-st., New-York, will reopen Sept. 10. SOLOMON JENNER, A. M., Principal.

MISS SCHENKBERG, NO. 26 EAST-20TH-ST., will reopen her school on Monday, Sept. 17th.

MISS ALLERTON'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 49 West 19th-st., will open Monday, Sept 17.

M. W. LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 926 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts., reopens Monday, Sept. 17.

AT ST. FRANCIS XAVIER'S COLLEGE, No. 49 West 15th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., studies have been resumed. F. DURTHALER, President.

THE MISSES MARSHALL'S DAY AND Boarding School, No. 141 West 38th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 10.

TARRYTOWN INSTITUTE.—CIRCULARS, with terms, reference, &c., can be obtained by addressing A. NEWMAN, A. M., Principal.

INSTRUCTION.

MISS HAINES

Respectfully informs her friends and the public that her school will commence on THURSDAY, Sept. 20. A punctual attendance of her pupils is respectfully requested. Circulars can be obtained at her residence, No. 10 Grammercy Park, (East 20th-st.) Applications for the admission of pupils to her school can be made by letter until the 1st of September. After that date, Miss HAINES will be at home to attend to them in person.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE,

AT
NYACK ON THE HUDSON.

See advertisement in the *Times, Tribune* and *World* of Saturday, Sept. 15.

LADIES' ACCOMPLISHMENTS.

Mr. and Mrs. APTOMMAS have opened their new establishment, the specific object of which is to offer facilities for the acquirement of accomplishments, and also to afford a home to those who seek the superior means of instruction to be found in New-York City. A prominent feature is the introduction of a

LEGITIMATE METHOD OF STUDYING,

without which the best tuition is attended with no benefit; and hence the reason that aspirants for accomplishments are disappointed with their attainments. The admirable plan of

EVERY-DAY LESSONS

is adopted as the only effective mode of teaching. For the development of taste, Matinées and Soirées, of a high order, will be given during each season. The assistance of the most eminent artists is secured. For particulars apply to Mr. APTOMMAS, No. 114 West 34th-st., near Broadway, New-York.

NAZARETH HALL,

NAZARETH, NORTHAMPTON COUNTY, PENN.

The seventy-sixth Annual Session of this Moravian Boarding-School for boys has just opened.

TERMS—$50, in advance, for three months' board and tuition in the English branches, the German language and vocal music. Extra charges for the ancient languages, instrumental music, and drawing, from $5 to $10 per quarter. A few vacancies for boys between 9 and 14 years of age, which immediate application can secure.

Agents—Messrs. A. BININGER & CO., Nos. 92 and 94 Liberty-st., New-York.

Rev. EDWARD H. REICHEL, Principal.

MRS. WILLIAMES'

FRENCH AND ENGLISH

DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL,

No. 26 West 39th-st., (near 5th-av.,)

Will reopen Sept. 17. A punctual attendance of the pupils is desired. Circulars may be obtained at Roe Lockwood & Son's, No. 411 Broadway, or on application at her residence.

MISS HAVENS

Will resume her Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, on THURSDAY, Sept. 13.

Her school circulars may be obtained at any time at her residence, No. 250 Madison-av., between 39th and 40th sts., at the bookstores of Messrs. Lockwood & Son, No. 411 Broadway, and Mr. A. D. F. Randolph, No. 683 Broadway, and also of R. N. Havens, Esq., No. 17 Nassau-st.

Miss HAVENS will be at home after Sept. 1; previous to which date applications for the admission of pupils made to her by letter will receive her prompt attention.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE.

The next academic year of this popular Seminary, delightfully situated on the banks of the Hudson, two hours' ride from the City, will begin on the 18th of September. Persons desirous of securing the advantages of the superior intellectual, moral and physical training of this Institution, should apply immediately to L. D. & C. F. MANSFIELD, Principals, Nyack-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

P. S.—The Annual Catalogue and Circular may be obtained of T. J. Crowen, Esq., No. 699 Broadway, A. S. Barnes & Co., John-st., or by addressing the Principals.

CLASSICAL GYMNASIUM,

No. 68 West 20th-st.
REV. N. E. CORNWALL, A. M., RECTOR.

A select school for boys in the rudiments of a liberal education, and young gentlemen more advanced in study. The annual course of study will begin on MONDAY, Sept. 24. Circulars at the principal book-stores, and, after Sept. 20, at the school rooms.

MRS. M. A. SHIPMAN'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

FOR YOUNG LADIES.

Will open Sept. 13, at No. 30 West 47th-st. Circulars may be obtained on application to the Principal.

$120 PER YEAR. } COOPERSTOWN SEMINARY, COOPERSTOWN, N. Y., (Both Sexes.) Pays Board and Tuition. Unsurpassed advantages in Piano Music and Vocalization. Term opens Nov. 2.

R. C. FLACK, A. M., Principal.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

The Misses DANFORTH will receive their pupils on MONDAY, Sept. 17, at No. 51 West 24th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

RUTGERS FEMALE INSTITUTE, Nos. 435, 437, 439 5th-av.

The eighty-sixth session of this Institute will open Sept. 12. The Institute stages, connecting with the principal ferries and distant sections of the City, will convey pupils to and from the school on the same terms as heretofore.

All the lines of City cars and stages which pass 42d-st., also the Hudson and Harlem Railroad cars, are available for access to the Institute, which is located on the corner of 42d-st. and 5th-av. One of the Institute stages will connect with the nearest Hudson Railroad station for the accommodation of pupils coming to the City by that conveyance.

TUITION:

Collegiate Department		$20 per quarter
Academic Department		15 per quarter
Preparatory	Advance Class	12 per quarter
	Primary Class	8 per quarter
	Infant Class	6 per quarter

Further information on tuition in Languages, Music, Drawing and Painting, or terms of admission for pupils to board in the family of the Principal, may be found in the catalogue, obtained at the Institute. Pupils will be received and classes organized on the 12th, 13th and 14th inst. Address

HENRY M. PIERCE, Principal.
J. W. C. LEVERIDGE,
Secretary of the Board of Trustees.

$200.—THE BLOOMFIELD FRENCH PROTESTANT INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES, Bloomfield, New-Jersey, will reopen on the 18th of September. This institution offers all the advantages of a thorough and systematic course of English education, combined with peculiar facilities for the study and practical acquisition of the French and other modern languages. French is the language of the family. But twelve young ladies will be received as boarders in the Institute, and they will enjoy the comforts and privileges of a pleasant home. Great care will be taken always to have a good table. Terms for board and tuition, including French, drawing, vocal music and calisthenics, $200 per annum.

Madame M. BALQUE, Principal.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE, AT CLAVERACK, COLUMBIA CO., N. Y.—Mme. Stephani, the celebrated vocalist, will have charge of the Vocalization; Profs. Martin and Wood of the Piano. Term opens Sept. 14. $40 per term of 14 weeks pays board and tuition. Write for a catalogue.

Rev. ALONZO FLACK, A. M., Principal.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL— No. 20 East 31st-st.—JAMES WEIR MASON. Personal instruction by the Principal, and thorough drilling in the English branches. Term begins Sept. 13. Circulars at Carter's, No. 530 Broadway, and after Sept. 6 at the school.

MISS E. LENDRUM'S BOARDING AND Day School for Young Ladies and Misses, No. 64 West Warren-st., Brooklyn, will be reopened on TUESDAY, Sept. 11. A very limited number of Boarding pupils will be received in the family. Circulars may be obtained at her residence.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, FLUSHING, L. I.—Rev. H. DANA WARD and Mrs. WARD resume their labors Sept. 12, receiving in their family nine young ladies, to whom the highest advantages of a refined education are presented, in manners, music, drawing, &c.

WILLIAM H. LEGGETT'S CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL—Northeast corner of Broadway and 12th-st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 10. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 411, Crowen's, No. 699, Legre's, No. 826 Broadway, and at the residence of the Principal, No. 273 10th-st.

ANTHON'S (MR. GEO. C.) CLASSICAL, French and English School, (with gymnasium and Preparatory department,) No. 872 Broadway, corner 18th-st., opens Sept. 10. Circulars at Randolph's, No. 683, at Christern's, No. 763 Broadway, and at No. 156 2d-av.

JOSEPH KARGE'S SCHOOL WILL OPEN September 17, at No. 1,214 Broadway, between 29th and 30th sts., for the instruction of boys in all the branches of a complete English and classical education, and in the French and German languages.

HOPEDALE INSTITUTE FOR BOYS—AT Westchester, Westchester Co., N. Y. Terms moderate. For circulars, &c., apply to Wm. Watson, Esq., No. 29 Park-place, or to Edward Haight, Esq., Bank of Commonwealth, or to JOHN ROSENBERG, Principal.

P. M. W. REDFIELD'S FRENCH AND English High School, Nos. 1,127 and 1,129 Broadway, (Madison-square,) will reopen on Monday, Sept. 10. Boarders, day boarders and day scholars.

MADISON ACADEMY—MADISON-AV., CORNER 29th-st., will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 13. For terms apply as above, or at No. 163 Lexington-av. Rev S. R. DAVIS and D. P. LEE, Principals.

MRS. BODSTEIN WILL RESUME INSTRUCTION in singing, at her residence, No. 84 West 22d-st., on Monday, Sept. 17. Application to be made at the house.

MRS. A. THIBAULT, FORMERLY OF No. 15 Washington-place, having removed to No. 36 West 31st-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway, will be prepared to receive her pupils on Monday, Sept. 17.

MAPLE HALL.—PROF. ANDREU'S BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, at Jamaica, L. I., 12 miles from New-York, will reopen on Monday, Sept. 10.

MESDAMES CHEGARAY AND PREVOST respectfully inform the parents of their pupils, that they will reopen their school on MONDAY, Sept. 17, at No. 70 Madison-av.

PROF. N. H. GRIFFIN'S PRIVATE SCHOOL for boys at Williamstown, Mass., will reopen Sept. 27. Inquire of R. W. TOWNSEND, No. 140 Broadway, where the Principal may be seen on the 6th and 7th inst.

MODERN STYLE OF SCHOOL FURNITURE.—Manufactured and for sale by N. JOHNSON, No. 490 Hudson-st., New-York. Illustrated Circulars forwarded on application, free, by mail.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REOPEN their Day School for Young Ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., on TUESDAY, Sept. 18.

THE MISSES GREEN WILL REOPEN their school for young ladies on THURSDAY, Sept. 20, at No. 1 5th-av., first door from Washington-square.

J. H. PATTON'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS WILL reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 17, at No. 15 West 26th-st., (opposite Trinity Chapel.)

MISS STIMSON WILL RESUME HER School on Monday, Sept. 10, at her residence, No. 119 West 34th-st.

MADAME MARTINET'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 32 West 21st-st., will reopen Monday, Sept. 17.

MISS M. W. LEGGETT WILL REOPEN her school, No. 273 10th-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 17.

INSTRUCTION.

MADAME LE DUC'S ENGLISH AND French School for young ladies, will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. [illegible]. Apply for circulars at Madame LE DUC'S, No. [illegible]

MURRAY HILL SEMINARY,

NO. [illegible] EAST [illegible]-ST.

The Misses HOWLAND'S English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 17, when a punctual attendance of their pupils is requested.

Circulars and further particulars may be obtained on application to the Principals, or at the book-store of Messrs. FRANCIS & CO., No. [illegible] Broadway.

MISS KENNEDY'S

PRIVATE CLASSES FOR YOUNG LADIES,

No. 33 West 24th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.,

Will open on the 14th of September. Miss Kennedy will also receive a limited number of young ladies as boarding pupils, and will be at home from the 1st of September. Circulars may be obtained at her residence, or will be forwarded to applicants, if desired.

MRS. AND MISS STEERS

Respectfully inform parents and guardians that their English and French Boarding and Day School No. 54 West 11th-st., near 5th-av., will open Sept. 10. Classes will form on the 17th. Professors have been carefully selected from the most distinguished talent in the City. Private classes from 2 to 4 P. M. Circulars may be obtained at the principal book and music stores, and at No. 54 West 11th-st., where all applications will receive immediate attention.

MRS. MACAULAY'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES

will be reopened at No. 43 East 21st-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 17. Mrs. M. will be at home after Sept. 1, and will be happy to meet any who desire to arrange with her for the education of their children or wards.

THE MISSES ROHR AND MRS. TUFF'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

No. 13 West 24th-st., near Madison-square,
Will be reopened on THURSDAY, Sept. 13.

MADAME F. REICHARD'S

French and English Boarding and Day School for young Ladies, No. 22 West 22d-st., near 5th-av.,
Will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 17.
For circulars, &c., apply as above.

SCHOOL.

NEW-HAVEN, CONN.

The Fall term of the Misses EDWARDS School will commence on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 19.

SELECT FRENCH AND ENGLISH PROTESTANT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

No. 30 WEST 25TH-ST.,
Opposite Trinity Chapel.

This School, under the direction of Mlle. ROSTAN, of Paris, will be reponed on TUESDAY, Sept. 18.

A punctual attendance is earnestly requested, as the pupils will find it much for their advantage to be present the first day.

The course of instruction is thorough, comprehensive, and systematic, and designed to combine an accomplished English education with the practical knowledge of the French and other modern languages.

Special attention is also given to Music, Drawing and Painting; and all the classes are under the care of able and accomplished Professors and Teachers.

A small number of young ladies will be received in the family, and will be welcome to share in all the comforts and privileges of a pleasant home.

For further information, testimonials, &c., apply to Mlle. ROSTAN, No. 30 West 25th-st.

Circulars sent, if desired.

RAVENSWOOD INSTITUTE, L. I.—ON THE banks of the East River; is perfectly secluded, and affords unusual facilities for training daughters, under strictly family influences, in a thorough and accomplished education. Visits are made in twenty minutes, by *Mattano*, from Fulton-slip, at 9, 1 and 4 o'clock; or by either of the ferries, and circulars had at Mr. BROWN'S, No. 819 Broadway.

FAMILY BOARDING SCHOOL AT TARRYTOWN for male and females under 14 years. Location unsurpassed on the Hudson. Terms, $25 per quarter, payable in advance. Term commencing Sept. 25. For reference apply to S. H. Cowles, Nos. 443 and 445 Broadway, Rev. N. Gillespie, cor. of Walker and Baxter-sts., S. P. York, No. 17 Nassau-st., or of JOSEPH JONES, Principal.

HUDSON CITY SEMINARY, N. J.—C. GRAVES, Principal.—This institution reopens Sept. 5, with enlarged facilities for a thorough English and classical education. Parents residing in the City are respectfully solicited to call and see for themselves, as it is of easy access by the Jersey City and Hoboken cars, each ten minutes throughout the day. Terms reasonable.

MONTICELLO ACADEMY, MONTICELLO, Sullivan County, N. Y.—Principal, Rev. J. H. NORTHRUP. School opens 19th. Board, including room (furnished, warmed, and lighted,) $126 per annum. For particulars, send for circular.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL REOPENS its Primary, Commercial and Classical departments, Sept. 10. For circulars, call at the University. ISAAC FERRIS, Chancellor.

THE COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL Institute, No. 244 West 19th-st., will open its FIFTEENTH year Sept. 10.

JOHN H. BROWN, A. M., Principal.

MADAME BONDON, JUST RETURNED from Paris, is ready to resume her lessons in French and Music. Direct care of A. Bondon, No. 44 South-st.

MUSICAL.

H. WORCESTER'S

IMPROVED PIANO-FORTES.

MANUFACTORY AND SALESROOM,
FOURTEENTH-ST.,
Corner of 3d-av.

For a quarter of a century the instruments manufactured at the above establishment have ranked among the first in the country. In durability, strength and delicacy of tone and touch, they are highly appreciated by all who have given them a thorough trial. The proprietor by giving his personal attention to the manufacture of each instrument, in all its details, is enabled to guarantee superior excellence and reliability in every respect.

CHICKERING & SONS,

Manufacturers of
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS.
Warerooms No. 694 Broadway.

C. & SONS have been awarded thirty-eight prize medals for the superiority of their manufacture for the past thirty-five years.

Also for sale,
MASON & HAMLIN'S SUPERIOR
MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS.
For parlors, churches, vestries and lodges,
At wholesale and retail.

Pianos to rent.

STEINWAY & SONS' GOLD MEDAL

PATENT OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS

Are now considered the best Pianos manufactured, and are warranted for five years.

Warerooms Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., near Broadway.

A GREATLY IMPROVED PIANO-FORTE.

LIGHTE & BRADBURYS,

Manufacturers of a NEW SCALE OVERSTRUNG BRASS, PATENT INSULATED, FULL IRON FRAME, GRAND and SQUARE PIANO-FORTES, 421 Broome-st.

WM. HALL & SON,

No. 543 Broadway, (between Prince and Spring sts.,) Publishers of Music, dealers in all kinds of Musical Instruments and merchandise. The celebrated Driggs Patent Pianos.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS.

First class, for sale, to let, or sold on installments, on favorable terms. Superior Harmoniums, of nine varieties, for churches, &c., at $175 to $400.

J. M. PELTON, Nos. 841 and 843 Broadway, N. Y.

A CHANCE SELDOM OFFERED.—ONE OF H. C. Fischer's superb 7-octave piano-fortes for sale. Magnificently finished, rich mother-of-pearl work, round corners, rich carved legs, and cost $430; made to order; superb tone; only two months old; a truly elegant piano. Must be seen to be appreciated. Fully warranted by the makers. Price $265. Apply at No. 676 6th-av., five doors from 10th-st. It will be made an object to a cash buyer. Has packing-box for shipping. Apply from 7 A. M. till 7 P. M.

RECEIVERS' SALE OF PIANO-FORTES, BY ORDER OF JUDGE LEONARD, OF THE SUPREME COURT.—A large assortment of new 7-octave piano-fortes, in plain and carved cases, single and double round corners, carved legs, pearl inlaid, &c., will be sold at a great sacrifice to close the account of the late firm of Cooper & Atherton, piano-forte manufacturers. Can be seen at the piano-forte warerooms of McDonald & Co., No. 358 Bowery, near 4th-st.

JOHN McDONALD, Receiver.

PIANOS—PIANOS.

HAZELTON BROTHERS,
Manufacturers of
THE FULL IRON FRAME AND OVERSTRUNG BASS PIANO-FORTE,
IN ALL STYLES OF CASES,
AT VERY MODERATE PRICES.
Warerooms, 99 Prince-st., near and west of Broadway.

AT WALKER'S WAREROOMS,

Clinton Hall, Astor-place and 8th-st., near Broadway, a large stock of
HORIZONTAL AND UPRIGHT PIANOS,
new and second-hand,
FOR SALE AND HIRE.
Allowance made for hire if purchased.

MR. L. J. GILLILAND BEGS TO ANNOUNCE that he gives lessons on the piano-forte. Letters and communications to be addressed to the care of Breusing, No. 701 Broadway, or Chickering & Sons, No. 694 Broadway, or to his residence, No. 1 Rutgers-place, corner of Jefferson-st.

J. & C. FISCHER, NO. 836 BROADWAY, near 14th-st., offer at a great bargain a fine assortment of their celebrated iron frame overstrung pianos, with the new improved patent Damper; also, several second-hand Pianos and Melodeons. Manufactory, No. 245 West 28th-st.

PIANOS, MELODEONS AND ALEXANDRE ORGANS—New and second-hand, for sale or to rent at great bargains. Melodeons as low as $30; Pianos $75. Monthly payments received for either. Rent allowed if purchased. HORACE WATERS, Agent No. 333 Broadway.

$165 CASH WILL PURCHASE A NEW seven octave piano at the Receiver's sale, No. 358 Bowery, to close the account of Cooper & Atherton for the creditors. JOHN McDONALD, Receiver.

BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO. SELL A NEW Piano for $150. They have a few School Pianos for sale on instalments. No. 487 Broadway, corner of Broome-st.

ALBERT WEBER'S NEW OVERSTRUNG iron frame Piano-fortes, warranted unsurpassed in every respect, and sold at the lowest price, at the manufactory, No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st.

A. H. GALE & CO., PIANO-FORTES, NO. 107 East 12th-st., invite attention to their new Scale Pianos. Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

HOUSE WANTED—IN BROOKLYN OR NEW-YORK, furnished or unfurnished. If unfurnished it is desirable to have the privilege of renewing lease after May, 1861. Family small, without children. House must be small, in good order, and pleasantly located. Address C. H. J., Box No. 3,338 Post-office.

WANTED—A MODERATE HOUSE, FURNISHED or unfurnished, at a moderate rent, located between 4th and 7th avs. Address H. P., Box No. 179 *Times* Office, stating location, style of house and terms.

TEACHERS.

AS TEACHER.—A PROTESTANT LADY, NATIVE of Switzerland, having ten years' experience of teaching in America, wishes to make an engagement with some large institution as teacher of French, German and drawing. She can assist in some other branches, but does not wish to perform other duties besides teaching. Or she would undertake the education of children—no more than three—in a private family, and where the situation would likely be a permanent one. Best references given. Address Box No. 245 Brattleboro', Vt., or apply at F. W. CHRISTERN'S foreign bookstore, No. 763 Broadway.

NATIONAL TEACHERS' INSTITUTE— TEACHERS WANTED.—A French lady, Music and French; salary, $1,000 and expenses; one for the same branches, $800, and one at $700. Other teachers wanted as Principals, assistants or partners. Also, educational correspondents, either ladies or gentlemen, one for each county in the Union, for the National Teachers' Institute, No. 335 Broadway, New-York. Send for Circulars, giving all particulars and references. Address

RICE & ANDREWS.

AS ASSISTANT TEACHER OR GOVERNESS.—A young lady, a graduate of Lasell Seminary, who passed one year at Mount Holyoke Seminary, a member of an orthodox Church, and of five years' experience in teaching, desires a position either as assistant teacher or private governess. Qualifications—Latin, French, mathematics, higher English. Best references given. Address C. D. F., Union Theological Seminary.

AS GOVERNESS OR COMPANION.—A highly educated German lady of many years' experience in teaching, desires a situation in a private family, where the children are young; she is thoroughly able to teach all the English branches, besides German, French, and music. No objection to assist in housekeeping; the best of references given. Address A. B., No. 192 Stanton-st.

AS GOVERNESS.—A LADY, EXPERIENCED in teaching music, French, drawing, oil, and water-color painting, with the usual branches of a thorough English education, is desirous of obtaining a situation as governess in a private family; the most unexceptionable reference can be given. Address B. C. D., Box No. 2,579 Post-office, New-York.

AS TEACHER.—A LADY OF MUCH EXPERIENCE, competent to instruct in Latin, French, the higher Mathematics, usual English branches and Drawing, desires a situation in a seminary, or as governess in a family; no objection to go South; satisfactory references given. Address TEACHER, Box No. 302, Augusta, Maine.

AS MUSIC TEACHER.—A LADY WHO HAS been for a number of years connected with Schools and Academies as music teacher, desires a like position in or near the City; could, if necessary, assist in English branches and French; satisfactory references and testimonials furnished. Address TEACHER, care of E. A. Honeywell, No. 745 Broadway.

A RECENT GRADUATE OF HARVARD College desires a few private pupils to fit for College. References: President Felton and Rev. Dr. Walker, Cambridge; Rev. Dr. Lothrop, Boston; Rev. Dr. Osgood, Prof. H. Webster, Wm. C. Noyes, Esq., William Tracy, Esq., C. P. Kirkland, Esq., New-York. Address Box No. 901 Post-office.

AS PRIVATE TEACHER.—A GRADUATE OF William's College, of two years' standing, who has had experience as a teacher, will receive pupils for private instruction in the studies required for admission to college. The best of college and city testimonials and references will be given. Address X., Box No. 93 *World* Office.

AS TEACHER.—A GRADUATE OF YALE COLLEGE desires a situation as a teacher of the classics, mathematics, or higher English branches, in a school or private family. Recommendations from President Woolsey, and Profs. Porter and Thacher, of Yale. Address K., Box No. 1,451 New-York Post-office.

AS TEACHER.—A GRADUATE OF A NEW-ENGLAND College is desirous of teaching an hour or more daily, in some school, or of giving instruction to private pupils; a situation in Brooklyn preferred; references given. Address A. H. D., Box No. 2,844 New-York Post-office.

A YOUNG LADY OF SIX YEARS' EXPERIENCE in teaching desires a situation either in a school or family, to teach French and Spanish, (both of which she speaks,) Latin, the higher English branches, and music, if required. Address E. M. S., Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

AS TEACHER.—A GENTLEMAN OF EXPERIENCE in teaching, a graduate of Columbia College, desires a situation as teacher of Latin, Greek and the English branches. He will give private tuition to those who contemplate entering college. References given. Address F. J., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

A TEACHER.—A YOUNG LADY WISHING A good home, and is willing to teach two or three small children, a part of the day, as an equivalent for her board, can hear of the same by addressing K. G. D., Box No. 76 Flushing Post-office, giving her name and address. One who could give lessons in music preferred.

PRIVATE TUITION.—AN INSTRUCTOR OF considerable experience, desires to give private tuition in the English branches, Classics, and Mathematics. References from gentlemen of the highest standing, as to character and capacity. Address T. B. F., Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

ELOCUTION.—A POSITION TO TEACH ELOCUTION in a school or privately, in the City, is desired. Testimonials as to qualifications from W. A. Larned, Professor of Belles Lettres in Yale College, and others. Address R. S., Box No. 698 Post-office, Newark, N. J.

AS TUTOR—GRADUATE OF COLLEGE, WHO has had some experience in teaching, solicits a situation as private tutor, or as assistant in an educational institute. References given. Address M. A., Box No. 113 *Times* office.

A TUTOR.—WANTED, ONE WHO IS THOROUGHLY competent to teach two or more of the following accomplishments, viz.: guitar, singing, pastel painting and Italian. Guitar and pastel preferred. Inquire of Dr. MINNELLI, No. 1,057 Broadway.

AS TEACHER.—A LADY, WHO HAS HAD experience in teaching French and the higher English branches, desires to obtain classes in schools or private families. Address A. F., care of Rev. Dr. McCartee, No. 1 8 West 22d-st., New-York.

AS TEACHER.—A CHRISTIAN GENTLEMAN, 32 years of age, of collegiate attainments, and of ten years' business experience, desires a situation; good references. Address WILLIAM BARSTOW, Box No. 168 *Times* Office.

AS TEACHER.—WANTED, BY A CLERGYMAN, a recent graduate of Yale College, a situation as tutor, either in a private family or in a school. Satisfactory references given. Address YALE, *Tribune* Office.

CLASSICAL TEACHER WANTED—A GRADUATE of Columbia College. Apply at No. 872 Broadway, between 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.

AS TEACHER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS teacher, by a French lady. Address E. Y. Y., station D, Bible House.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,

No. 806 Broadway, New-York,
No. 137 Montague-place, Brooklyn.
WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS in New-York.
TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS in Brooklyn.
At 4 P. M. for children—at 8 P. M. for gentlemen.
Commence in New-York, Sept. 29.
In Brooklyn, Oct. 2.

In addition to the Court Quadrille, Prince Imperiale, Evergreen Empire, and other social dances, Minuet Quadrille, Linda, and other educational dances already introduced by Mr. DODWORTH, a variety of newer dances will be brought forward during the season—one, the Quadrille Stirienne, especially adapted to the development of graceful movement in children.

Circular of terms, &c., may be had at either Academy.

ACADEMY OF DANCING AND CALISTHENICS.—Mr. and Mrs. TRENOR reopen those well-known rooms, No. 65 West 34th-st., on WEDNESDAY, 26th inst.; No. 90 South 8th-st., Brooklyn, E. D., is now open. Mr. T. will be pleased to accommodate parties who may form classes at their residences, in private schools, or at either of the Academies. Call for circulars.

C. H. RIVERS' DANCING ACADEMY, NO. 355 Fulton-street, Brooklyn, now open for the reception of pupils and formation of classes. TUESDAY and FRIDAY afternoons, at 3 o'clock for ladies; TUESDAY and FRIDAY evenings, at 8 o'clock, for gentlemen; misses and masters on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY afternoons, at 3 o'clock. For terms, &c., apply at the Academy, or send for a circular.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET

ORANGE, N. J.—TO LET—FURNISHED, FROM November 1, for six months or longer, a beautiful country seat, in complete order, with all modern improvements,—hot and cold water, gas, &c.,—on the slope of the mountain, within five minutes of the Station, and one hour from Cortlandt-st. Address H. B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, from 9 to 11 A. M.; or, No. 49 Main-st., Orange, from 1 to 5 P. M.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT, NO. 90 Madison-av., next above the corner of 29th-st., west side. The location is as desirable as any in the City. The house was recently built and furnished in the best manner for the use of the owner. It will be rented on satisfactory terms to a private family only. For particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—A STONE FRONT HOUSE, CONTAINING twelve rooms, with the furniture, situated on Degraw-st., opposite Tompkins-place, with Ridgewood water, hot and cold, gas, chandeliers and range, &c. Apply to H. STEVENSON, No. 218 Court-st., Brooklyn.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY W. COLYER, late of the City of New-York, livery-stable keeper, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at the house of Abram Beekman, No. 52 First-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of September next.—Dated New-York, March 7, 1860.

MARY COLYER, Administratrix.
ABRAM BEEKMAN, Administrator.
mh8-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MONTROSE MITCHELTREE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his residence, No. 67 West 47th-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 21st day of January next.—Dated New-York, the 18th day of July, 1860. WILLIAM MITCHELTREE, Executor.

jy19-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS MAHANEY, late of the City of New-York, turner, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of Francis Byrne, No. 132 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 4th day of December next.—Dated New-York, May 30, 1860.

ANNE MAHANEY, Executrix,
JOHN R. GRAHAM,
my31-law6mTh* Executor of said deceased.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM H. HOPKINS, late of the City of New-York, butcher, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 194 Chrystie-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 16th day of December next.—Dated New-York, June 13, 1860.

MARIA F. HOPKINS,
jcl4-law6mTh Administratrix.

AUCTION SALES.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

GREAT AUCTION SALE OF 166 VALUABLE LOTS,

On 11th and 12th avs., 77th, 78th and 79th streets, belonging to the estate of Frances Hendricks, dec'd.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., will sell at auction on TUESDAY, Sept. 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchant's Exchange,

On 11th av., 8 lots on w. s., between 77th and 78th sts.
On 11th av., 8 lots on w. s., between 78th and 79th sts.
On 12th av., 8 lots on e. s., between 78th and 79th sts.
On 12th av., 8 lots on e. s., between 77th and 78th sts.
On 12th av., 2 lots on the s. e. corner of 78th st.
On 77th st., 52 lots on n. and s. s., between 11th and 12th avs.
On 78th st., 49 lots on n. and s. s., between 11th and 12th avs., (with mansion.)
On 79th st., 24 lots on s. s., between 11th and 12th avs.
On 79th st., 7 lots on n. s., 100 ft. east of 12th av.

The above valuable property, has been in the possession of the Hendricks' family for a long series of years, and is all eligibly situated for immediate use; the land slopes beautifully to the river, the water rights on which, embracing a front of 2½ blocks extending 400 ft. west of the 12th av., are of immense value, and will be sold in sections; 79th st., is 100 ft. wide, and is opened, graded, curbed, guttered and flagged to the river; this is probably one of the loveliest tracts of land now for sale in the City, and lies in the rear of the well known Burnham's Hotel and adjoining the land of His Honor Mayor Wood; the terms will be liberal, and large privileges will be allowed to purchasers; the title is unexceptionable, and one of the oldest on the Island.

SALE ABSOLUTE.

Maps and full particulars can be had at No. 7 Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

WASHINGTON AND TROY STREETS PROPERTY.

BY ORDER OF SUPREME COURT IN PARTITION.
Under direction of John P. Sturtevant, Referee.

At Auction, FRIDAY, Sept. 14, 1860, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

WASHINGTON-STREET.—Four lots, northeast corner of Washington and Bethune sts., each 20 by about 80 feet.

TROY-STREET.—One lot south side of Troy-st., 124 feet east of West-st., 22 by 80 feet.

For maps and particulars apply to the Auctioneer, No. 35 Wall-st.

M. C. EDEY, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.

CONTINUATION OF CATALOGUE SALE OF CARRIAGES, HARNESS, &c.
EZRA LUDLOW, JR.,

Will, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at his salesrooms No. 66 Cedar-st., (opposite the Post-office,) continue the sale per catalogue of phætons, rockaways, barouches, top-buggies, light waggons, &c., &c., all of superior make and finish. Also, single and double harness. The attention of Southern and Western buyers is particularly requested.

A. C. TUTTLE, Auctioneer—Office No. 130 Broadway.

MORTGAGE AND ADMINISTRATORS' SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

PIANO, DENTAL INSTRUMENTS, &c.

A. C. TUTTLE will sell on FRIDAY, at 11 o'clock, at No. 2 Union-square, the furniture and effects of the late Dr. B. F. Maguire, consisting of rosewood piano, parlor suites, etageres, centre-tables, large mirrors, oil-paintings, Brussels carpets, chandeliers, bedroom furniture, &c. Also, dental instruments, operating chairs, &c. Terms cash and deposits required.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer,

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, (THURSDAY,) Sept. 13, 1860, at 12½ o'clock, at the Stock salesroom No. 52 William-st., near Wall:

Shares.			Shares.		
10	Imp. and Tra. Bank	$100	10	Bk. of Commerce	$100
20	Ætna Insurance	50	50	Hope Insurance	50
40	Imp. and Tra. Ins.	100	24	Equitable Insurance	35
20	Grocers' Insurance	50	40	Gallatin Ins., hyp.	50
10	Wash'ton Mar. Ins.	100	15	Home Insurance	100
500	Cambrian Min'g Co.	25	40	Fulton Insurance	25
10	Goodhue Ins.	100	20	Lorillard Insurance	25
100	Hamilton Insurance	15	100	N. Y. Con. St'g	25
10	Empire City Ins.	50	20	Metropolitan Ins.	50
50	Greenwich Ins.	25	20	Excelsior Ins.	50
24	N. Y. & Vir. S.S. Co.	100	30	Standard Ins.	50
20	Gt. West Mar. Ins.	100	10	American Ex. Ins.	50
25	Damascus Steel Co.	50			

3,000 Sciota & Hocking Valley RR. 1st Mortgage Bonds.
5,000 Hancock Co., Ill., 8 ℔ cent. Bonds.
1,000 North Carolina State 6 ℔ cent. Bonds.
2,000 Missouri State 6 ℔ cent. Bonds.

Next regular sale on MONDAY, Sept. 17. Regular Auction Sales of Stocks and Bonds every MONDAY and THURSDAY, or every day when required, at 12½ o'clock, at the Stock Salesroom, No. 52 William-st., or at the Merchants' Exchange, as preferred. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale, and at the Brokers' Board.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
Auctioneer and Stock Broker,
No. 52 William-st., near Wall.

LANDS ON THE HUDSON RIVER AT AUCTION.—Will be sold at public auction, at Mooney's Hotel, Bull's Ferry, N. J., on SATURDAY, the 22d day of September instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, the farm formerly of Catharine C. Young, deceased, situate on the west side of the Hudson River, between Bull's Ferry and Fort Lee, about one mile north of Bull's Ferry.

The homestead lot contains about thirty acres, and is eligibly situated on the Hudson River, with a front of 700 feet on the river, and forms a parallelogram nearly rectangular of about 1,700 feet deep. It is directly opposite 115th-st., in the City of New-York. The extension of the Hudson River Turnpike passes along the front. It is about six miles distant from the Hoboken ferry, and about 2½ miles from the 42d-st. or Weehawken ferry, connected with both by the Hudson River Turnpike, one of the finest drives in the vicinity of New-York. Nearly one-fourth of the land lies below the hill along the river, sloping finely towards the Hudson. The residue is elevated, and commands extensive views of the Hudson, and over Manhattan Island, Long Island and Connecticut. Its south side adjoins the residence of John Van Wart, Esq.

Also, a wood lot of seven acres, on the hill, about sixty chains from the Hudson River, adjoining lands of Barent De Klyne, deceased.

A map of the property may be seen at my office.

A. O. ZABRISKIE,
No. 9 Exchange-place, Jersey City, (near ferry.)

M. DOUGHTY, Auctioneer.

M. DOUGHTY WILL SELL, THIS DAY, (Thursday,) Sept. 13, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 113 Fulton-st., a general assortment of household furniture, carpets, sofas tete-a-tetes, chairs, centre-tables, oil-paintings, pier and mantel glasses, Brussels and ingrain carpets, extension-tables, buffets, dressing-bureaus, washstands, bedsteads, mattresses, paillasses, rockers, &c. The whole to be peremptorily sold to the highest bidder for cash.

JOHN E. ANTWERP'S SON, Auctioneer.

HARDWARE AUCTION NOTICE.—JOHN E. VAN ANTWERP'S SON will sell on THURSDAY, Sept. 13, at 10 o'clock, at No. 73 William-st., 300 lots assorted hardware, embracing fine table and pocket cutlery, double barrel guns, 500 cases cut tacks, 100 dozen American saws, handled axes and hatchets, &c. Also, 4 packages of French tinned ware, comprising a large assortment, all in fine order. Terms four months.

A. J. T. HUNGERFORD & CO., Auctioneers.

LARGE AND MAGNIFICENT SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—THIS DAY, (Thursday,) commencing at 10½ o'clock, at No. 50 West 16th-st., near 6th-av.; rosewood piano-forte, suites lace curtains, oil-paintings, bronzes, rosewood, mahogany and enameled chamber furniture, bedding, &c.; also, basement and kitchen furniture.

J. H. BURLEY, Auctioneer.

MORTGAGE SALE.—J. H. BURLEY, WILL sell THIS DAY at 2 o'clock, at No. 444 Canal-st. bureaus, bedsteads, chairs, tables, wardrobes, sofas, sofa-beds, brussels and other carpets, oil cloths, mattresses, feather beds, curtains, blankets, sheets, &c.

FRANKLIN BROWN, Attorney.

A. C. TUTTLE, Auctioneer—Office, No. 130 Broadway.

TO DENTISTS.—A. C. TUTTLE WILL SELL on FRIDAY, at 12 o'clock at No. 2 Union-square, the effects of the late Dr. B. F. Maguire, consisting of instruments, cases, operating chairs, dental tools, &c., by order of the administrator.

JOHN P. MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer.

500 CASES BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS at auction, on THURSDAY, Sept. 13, at 10½ o'clock, at store of J. F. Davis & Co., No. 16 Cortlandt-st. Fresh seasonable goods for City and country trade.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.—THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA —NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO—*United States Circuit Court*.—EDWIN LUDLOW, Trustee, &c., Complainant *vs*. The CLINTON LINE RAILROAD COMPANY and P. LAVIN, Defendants—In Chancery.—Pursuant to an alias order of sale to me directed, from the Court above named, in the case above entitled, pending in said Court, I shall offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the public house, called the "Mansion House," in the village and town of Hudson, Summit County, Ohio, on the 11th day of October, 1860, at 2 o'clock P. M. of that day, the following described premises and property of the Clinton Line Railroad Company, situate, and being in the Counties of Summit, Portage, Geauga, and Trumbull, in the State aforesaid, viz.; the railroad of said Company, the right of way and land occupied thereby, together with the superstructure and tracks thereon, and all rails and other materials used thereon or provided therefor—the bridges, viaducts, culverts, fences, dépôt grounds and buildings thereon, engines, tenders, cars, tools, materials, machinery, and all other personal property, (including a quantity of stone, both dressed and undressed) of the Clinton Line Railroad Company; and all said Company's right thereto, and interest therein, together with the tolls, rent and income to be had or levied therefrom; and all franchises, rights and privileges of said Company to, or concerning the same.

The real estate and mixed property are appraised at seventy thousand dollars.

WM. COLLINS, Special Master, &c.
RANNEY BACKUS and NOBLE, and WORTHINGTON and MATTHEWS, Solicitors for Complainant.

TO WARD McLANE, JAMES C. WILLET (ex-Sheriff,) Geo. Merilles, Livingston Freborn, Charles Smedes, Geo. Mowbray, John Stagg, Webster & Oatman, American Hair Co.; George J. Strauss, Charles Bailey and whomsoever else it may concern. Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 19, 1860, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Empire Works, foot of East 24th-st., New-York, the following packages to pay storage and charges: 1 patent grain dryer; 367 barrels of guano; 1 box of machinery; 1 slate cutting machine; 3 boxes chemical apparatus and crockery; 1 match splint machine; 1 picker; 1 whipper; 1 hand lathe; 3 pair wire rolls and belting; 1 vice; 2 wire drawing blocks and bench; 1 steam worm; lot of old tanks and barrels. SAMUEL LEGGETT,
SEPT. 7, 1860. Superintendent.

MR. GEORGE B. BUTLER IS DULY AUTHORIZED to sign the firm name of
ALEXANDER T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 12, 1860.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED have formed a copartnership under the firm of JEROME, FITZHUGH & CO., for the purchase and sale of stocks, bonds, mercantile paper and other securities, on commission. Office No. 61 Beaver-street.

A. G. JEROME.
D. H. FITZHUGH, JR.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 12, 1860. J. E. JENKINS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership under the firm of CALDWELL & PURDY, and will continue the Ship Brokerage and Commission business heretofore carried on by the former at No. 169 Front-st.

EBEN. CALDWELL, JR.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 1, 1860. WILLIAM M. PURDY.

PAINTS, OILS AND BRUSHES.

USE MITCHIL'S SILVER OIL
ON YOUR SEWING MACHINE.
Price 25 cents per bottle.
CARLE & STRONG, Agents, No. 153 Water-st., N. Y.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Recently occupied by the late A. L. Gomez, at Bull's Ferry. A beautiful country seat, containing about 11¼ acres of land, being one of the most valuable and healthy locations on the west side of the Hudson River, and commanding an extensive view of the same, situated at Bulls' Ferry, N. J., distant by land about five miles from Hoboken, along the new Hudson River Turnpike Road—one of the most beautiful drives in the world. A regular ferry is running between 42d-st., New-York, and Weehawken, two miles from the property. The Fort Lee steamboats leave every two hours, from foot of Spring-st., landing within a quarter of a mile of the house. The dwelling-house is two stories high, about 46 feet front and rear, and is made of brick, covered with wood. It contains 12 rooms, with two wings one story high, and basement running the entire width of the house, and containing a never-failing supply of water. On the grounds are three wells of water, of most excellent quality, and a large cistern. There are eleven terraces under full cultivation with the Isabella grape vine. Seven thousand pounds of grapes have been produced in one season. The property also contains a commodious stable—two stories high—green-house, and an extensive building under glass for white grapes. A further description is unnecessary, as it is presumed no person will purchase without viewing the premises. For particulars, apply to WM. H. FRANKLIN, No. 5 Broad-st., New-York, who will give all necessary information as to terms and price, and will also furnish cards to those persons desirous of seeing the place.

NORTH RIVER PROPERTY FOR SALE.—"Clifton Point," at Rhinebeck, Dutchess County, on the easterly Bank of the Hudson River, distant from New-York 90 miles, and containing 174 acres of land. The premises occupy a bold and commanding promontary, having several fine sites in addition to that upon which the mansion is built. The Cattskill Mountains at the northwest, and the Roundout Kill at the southwest, with the expanse of water between, form a series of lake and water views varied and beautiful. Water frontage is ample, and shore bold. The Hudson River Railroad passes partly through a tunnel belonging to the property, affording uninterrupted access to the river. The lawns are deeply shaded, and river woods beautified by walks tastefully cut through them. Lands of best quality, and garden remarkable for its productiveness. Situated in a most healthful region, in the midst of superb river and mountain scenery, and surrounded by a refined and elegant neighborhood, this property affords as well a home to those seeking retirement, as occupation to the more actively disposed. Terms easy. Apply to FREEBORN GARRETTSON, the owner, on the premises, or to FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON, Counsellor, &c., No. 74 Wall-st., New-York.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET.—One of the most desirable country seats in the vicinity of New-York, and possessing unsurpassed advantages for a gentleman engaged in active business in town, yet wishing to reside in the country. The premises consist of a first-class mansion of large size, finished and furnished with all the modern improvements of a town residence, not excepting gas. The out-buildings consist of ample stable and coach-house; gardener's lodge, porter's lodge, (at entrance;) carpenter's shop, tool-house, &c. The grounds contain about 18 acres under a high state of cultivation, producing all the vegetables and fruits required for three or four families, and 25 tons of hay. The place is accessible in one hour from the business part of the City by either of the Brooklyn ferries and horse railroads, for a fine drive of 30 minutes. The place is perfectly healthy, and is offered for sale or to let only because the present occupant cannot afford to occupy it. For particulars, address Box No. 2,134 Post-office, with real name. The place may be had by the 1st of July.

ORANGE, N. J.—FIFTY COUNTRY SEATS, VILLAGE residences, farms and villa sites—a great variety—fine views, beautifully situated, within an hour of Cortlandt-st., for rent and for sale, by H. B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, from 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, from 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A NEAT COTTAGE-HOUSE, and farm of 30 acres, well improved, handsomely located in a pleasant village, about 70 miles from New-York. S. EDDY & CO., No. 51 Liberty-st.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR TO HIRE—THE MOST SPLENDID Concert Room and Beer Saloon, known as Vaux-hall, Nos. 14 and 16 4th-av., will be sold on favorable terms, or hired for balls, concerts, suppers, political purposes, public meetings, &c., &c., at the extreme low rates of from $5 and upwards per night. The Hall is 50x100 feet, well lighted and ventilated, capable of accommodating 1,000, and situated opposite Cooper Union. To any wishing to give benefits or performances a chance like this is seldom met with. Apply upon premises, Vaux-hall Drawing-room Concerts, No. 14 and 16 4th-av.

FOR SALE.—THE FOUR-STORY STONE FRONT English basement house No. 95 East 35th-st., 16 feet 8 inches front and 60 feet deep, in good order, with modern improvements; price $9,000. Also, the adjoining house No. 97 East 36th-st., 14 feet wide and 60 feet deep; price $8,000; both lots half the block in depth. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st., No. 3 Metropolitan Bank.

EVERY FAMILY A HOME.—THE HEMPSTEAD Improvement Company are erecting, for sale or to let, numerous dwellings, stores, workshops, &c., at East New-York and Unionville. Price of lots from $100 to $500. Payments easy, and cottages will be built for purchasers of lots. Apply to CHAS. R. MILLER, East New-York, or No. 15 William-st., Room No. 4.

FIFTH-AVENUE HOUSES FOR SALE.—Three new four-story, high-stoop, first-class houses for sale, with immediate possession, on the 5th-av, near Dr. Spring's Church, known as Nos. 387, 389 and 391. Price, $30,000; terms easy. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building, Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE front house, on Lexington-av., southeast corner of 39th-st., replete with the modern improvements, three stories high, 24 feet front by 50, lot 80. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—FIVE TWO-STORY AND BASEMENT brick houses, in De Kalb-av., adjoining Stillman-st., Brooklyn, with all the modern improvements, just finished. Inquire of BADEAU, LOCKWOOD & CO., No. 227 Washington-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—ON FAVORABLE TERMS, AND IN quantities to suit purchasers, about 50 acres, or eight entire blocks, situated between 3d and 7th avs. and 54th and 56th sts., Brooklyn, within 30 minutes' of New-York. For maps, &c., inquire of L. T. BERGEN, No. 30 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—A HOUSE AND LOT, WITH STABLE in the rear. Lot 25x126.6. House 25x65; finished with all the modern improvements. Stable 25x32.6, with four stalls for horses, carriage house, &c. Inquire on the premises, No. 15 West 34th-st.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY HOUSE IN 31ST-ST., pleasantly situated, in complete order, with all the modern improvements. Possession given in a few days' notice. For terms apply to E. F. DE LANCEY, Nos. 8 and 10 Pine-st.

MURRAY HILL LOTS.—FOUR LOTS ADJOINING, for sale, extra size, half way between 5th and 6th avs., on 42d-st., north side. Apply on the premises, opposite Reservoir-square.

UNION-SQUARE.—FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS house, with extra-sized lot, on Union-square. Also a large corner on Union-square, all in fee. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st., Metropolitan Bank.

TO LET.

TO LET OR LEASE.—THE TWO NEW MODEL English basement houses, No. 291½ and 293 West 19th-st., between 9th and 10th avs., with all modern improvements; has hot and cold water to 4 stories, bathing rooms, water closets, front and rear vaults, front and rear stair-ways, mirrors, etc. Will be rented to good tenants at moderate prices. Apply, for further particulars, between 1 and 8 o'clock, P. M., to OWENS & KETTLEMAN, No. 288 West 19th-st.

BROADWAY PROPERTY.—TO LEASE FOR 20 years, with renewal of 20 years further, a valuable frontage of 73 feet on Broadway, extending in part to the street in the rear. The location is one of the most desirable on Broadway. None but principals will be treated with. Apply to ADRIAN H. MULLER, No. 35 Wall-st.

TO LET—STORE AND OFFICES IN BROAD-ST., near Wall-st.:
Store No. 3 Broad-st.
Offices on second floor, No. 3 Broad-st.
Offices on third floor, No. 5 Broad-st.
Apply to A. J. DELATOUR,
No. 25½ Wall-st., near Broad.

TO LET—A DESIRABLE DWELLING-HOUSE, with all the modern improvements, with or without the furniture; the present occupants, man and wife, would not object to board with the family. Immediate possession given if required. Inquire on the premises, No. 34 Pike-st.

TO LET—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—A pleasant dwelling; tea-room, gas, grape arbor, nice yard, No. 104 Ryerson-st., near Myrtle-av., Brooklyn. Key at No. 106. Apply at Wall-st. ferry, Brooklyn, or at No. 92 Broadway from 12 to 3. JOHN BRAINERD.

TO LET—TWO OF THE PRETTIEST LITTLE three-story houses in the City, on the west side of 2d-av., between 36th and 37th sts. Rent $500 per year. Inquire on the premises, or of Mr. SHAW, No. 82 Nassau-st.

TO LET.—APARTMENTS IN THE SECOND STORY of the modern two-story house, No. 19 Vandewater-street, with privileges, &c. These are very desirable premises for a small respectable family. Apply on the premises.

OFFICES AND WORKSHOPS TO LET.—Two front offices, on fourth floor, at No. 113 Nassau-st., two workshops, 30 by 50 feet, with ten windows in each, in rear building, No. 208 William-st. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 78 Nassau-st.

OFFICES TO LET IN THE BIBLE HOUSE.—Desirable offices in the Bible House, Astor-place; also, a suite of three offices, fronting on 3d-av. These offices are all heated without extra charge.

BROADWAY STORE TO LEASE.—THE large new marble store, No. 721 Broadway, opposite the New-York Hotel. Apply to J. WOLFE, No. 38 Warren-st.

A PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE TO LET—NEAR 5th-av., on 34th-st. Address H., Box No. 130 *Times* Office.

STEAM POWER TO LET—AT THE EMPIRE Works, foot of East 24th-st. Engine 1,000 horse power. Also, lot of machinists' tools for sale.

FARMS.

VALUABLE FARM AND COUNTRY SEAT, 37 miles from New-York, near New-Brunswick, N. J., for half a century owned and occupied by the late Hon. Ferdinand S. Schenck, M. D., for sale, to close his estate, containing about 140 acres improved and 30 acres wood land, located in Somerset County, half a mile from the Reformed Dutch Church, Post-office, stores, &c., in the village of Six Mile Run, four miles from two Railroad stations, with various trains, and steamboat daily to and from New-York, by either of which business hours may be spent in the City. Delaware and Raritan Canal two miles distant. Is well watered, under best cultivation, good fences, peach orchard of 1,000 trees, 300 apple trees of choice varieties, besides other fruit. A large and commodious mansion house, designed by John Welsh, architect, and finished in the best style only three years since, marble mantels, heated by furnace, together with all manner of outbuildings, trees, shrubbery, &c., needful for the premises, and the whole in good condition. Will be sold on favorable terms. Apply to

ADRIAN H. MULLER, No. 35 Wall-st., or
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FARM FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR City property; 90 acres; it has good house and outbuildings; within 20 miles of this City, half mile of steamboat landing, three miles of railroad station, in New Jersey. Apply to W. S. CHAMBERLIN, No. 70 Robinson-st.

FINANCIAL.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELER'S CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

[OFFICIAL.]
OHIO STATE LOAN—$6,400,000.
OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND OF THE STATE OF OHIO,
COLUMBUS, 28th August, 1860.

THE STATE OF OHIO DESIRES TO BORROW THE SUM OF SIX MILLIONS AND FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, to be applied exclusively to the payment of that portion of the public debt redeemable at its pleasure after the 31st day of December next; and to that end the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of the State, under authority of an act of its General Assembly, will receive sealed proposals at the Ohio State Agency, No. 25 William-st., New-York City, until 12 o'clock M. of the TWENTIETH DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, for the purchase of SIX MILLIONS AND FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS of the Transferable Certificates of the Funded and Registered Debt of the State of Ohio, bearing interest from the 1st day of January, 1861, to be paid semi-annually on the first days of January and July of each year, at the Ohio State Agency in the City of New-York, with the principal reimbursable at the same place; and which, as to the rate per cent. of interest and the time of final redemption, shall be in accordance with such of the three conditions following as, on the opening of the proposals, the Commissioners may deem to be most advantageous to the State—that is to say:

1. Bearing interest at the rate of FIVE per cent. per annum, and redeemable at the pleasure of the State after the THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1890.
2. Bearing interest at the rate of SIX per cent. per annum, and redeemable at the pleasure of the State after the THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1870.
3. Bearing interest at the rate of SIX per cent. per annum, and redeemable at the pleasure of the State after the THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1880.

Each proposal must state distinctly for which of these classes of certificates it is made, the amount of either which is desired, and the price for each one hundred dollars of each class proposed to be taken, and must be accompanied by a certified check on, or certificate of deposit of one of the banks of New-York City, payable to the order of the Commissioners, for a sum equal to five per cent. of the amount of certificates bid for, which sum shall be forfeited if the bidder shall fail, in case all the certificates are awarded to him, to pay the residue of his bid at the time hereinafter specified for that purpose. No bid at less than the par value of the certificates, or for an amount less than five thousand dollars, will be considered, and each bid shall be deemed as made either for the whole sum named therein, or for such pro rata amount thereof, as, at the rate specified, may be assignable to the bidder, regard being had to the other proposals.

Interest on the deposit, at the rate for which the certificates are awarded to him, will be allowed to each successful bidder, and adjusted on the delivery of the certificates, and each will be required to pay the residue of the amount bid by him on the 29th day of December, 1860, at the Ohio State Agency, in the City of New-York, at which time and place the certificates awarded will be ready for delivery. Certificates of the Funded Debt of the State of Ohio, redeemable on the 1st day of January, 1861, will be received in payment of any part of the loan hereby contemplated.

The deposits of the unsuccessful bidders will be returned to them upon application at the Ohio State Agency on the day next subsequent to the opening of the proposals.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all of the bids if they shall deem it necessary in order to protect or promote the interests of the State.

Proposals for this loan must be inclosed in a sealed envelope, directed to the "Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of the State of Ohio," and indorsed "Proposals for the Ohio Loan."

In order to secure uniformity, and for the convenience of bidders, the Commissioners have prepared a form of proposal, which, together with a copy of the act authorizing the loan, and any information desired in the premises, may be obtained at the Ohio State Agency in New-York City, or at the office of the Commissioners in Columbus, Ohio.

R. W. TAYLER, Auditor of State.
A. P. RUSSELL, Secretary of State.
C. P. WOLCOTT, Attorney-General.
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of the State of Ohio.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 5 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,
AND
No. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
Grant LETTERS OF CREDIT for mercantile purposes. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on the principal towns and cities of EUROPE. Also, on Alexandria, Cairo, Beyrout, Jerusalem, Algiers, &c. Bills on Paris and Sterling Bills, in sums to suit.

WILLIAM HOGE & CO.
Have removed to
No. 58 WALL-STREET.
LETTERS OF CREDIT ISSUED FOR TRAVELERS, and available in any part of Europe, and Bills at Sight and 60 days on OVEREND, GURNEY & CO., London.

S. DRAPER,
No. 36 Pine-st.,
INSURANCE AND BANK STOCKS,
And Scrips of all kinds, negotiated.
Auction sales of Stocks whenever desired. Securities bought and sold at Board of Brokers.

OFFICE OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE BONDHOLDERS AND CREDITORS OF THE MILWAUKEE AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD CO., No. 29 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

TO THE MORTGAGE AND OTHER CREDITORS of the Milwaukee and Mississippi Railroad Company, Signers to the Agreement of July 30, 1860: The undersigned, having been duly elected Trustees and Attorneys under an agreement made July 30, 1860, to purchase the Milwaukee and Mississippi Railroad at any foreclosure sale of said Railroad, which may be made, and "to do any and all things which we deem for your benefit, as fully as you might do if personally present," (subject to the restrictions and limitations named in said agreement,) would respectfully inform you that the agreement under which we have been appointed has been signed by so large a majority of all classes of the First and Second Mortgage Bondholders, that there is no reasonable doubt but that we shall be able to carry out the plan which you have adopted. It is expected by us, that within a brief period of time, the Road and its franchises will be sold by order of the United States District Court, for the payment of its First Mortgage Bonds.

It is necessary that we have the immediate control and possession of the Bonds and Claims which you have subscribed to the agreement.

We therefore request you, at your earliest convenience, and before the 31st day of October, 1860, to deposit your Bonds and transfer your Claims to us at our office, No. 29 William-st., City of New-York.

You will receive therefor a certificate to bearer, and your Bonds will be carefully kept in some Bank in the City of New-York.

The Stockholders will, at some future day, be required to assign and surrender their respective certificates of stock.

JOHN CATLIN,
LOUIS A. VON HOFFMANN,
L. H. MEYER,
W. SCHALL,
ALLAN CAMPBELL,
JOHN WILKINSON,
Trustees.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 1, 1860.

Parties in interest who have not yet signed the agreement can do so at any time previous to Sept. 15, 1860. Those who do not sign within the time limited will not have any of the advantages of the purchase.
N. A. COWDREY, Sec.

PROPOSALS FOR $3,000,000 OF THE FLOATING-DEBT FUND STOCK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's Office until TUESDAY, the 18th day of September, 1860, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the amount of Three Million Dollars of the Floating-Debt Fund Stock of the City of New-York, authorized by chapter 408 of the Laws of 1860, and by an ordinance of the Common Council, approved by the Mayor, Aug. 11, 1860, for the purpose of liquidating and funding the Floating Debt of the corporation.

The said stock will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable quarter-yearly, the principal redeemable on the first day of May, in the year 1878.

The proposals will state the amount of stock desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof; and the persons whose proposals are accepted will be required to deposit with the Chamberlain of the City, within ten days after the opening of the bids, the sum awarded to them respectively, including the premiums on the same.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain, for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive certificates for equal amounts of the par value of the stock, bearing interest from the dates of payments.

Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for the Floating Debt Fund Stock of the City of New-York," and the same inclosed in a second envelope addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved on the part of the Comptroller to reject any or all bids, if considered necessary to protect or promote the interests of the City.

Holders of Revenue Bonds of the Corporation may make the same available in the purchase of this Stock, if they desire so to do.
ROBERT T. HAWS, Comptroller.
City of New-York, Department of Finance, Comptroller's Office, Aug. 14, 1860.

SANDUSKY, DAYTON AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD.—NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Sandusky, Dayton and Cincinnati (late Mad River and Lake Erie) Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Sandusky, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of September next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of any other business that may be submitted to the meeting.
L. H. LATHAM, Secretary.
SANDUSKY, Aug. 18, 1860.

FOR SALE—AT PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST, EIGHT PER CENT. BONDS OF THE CITY OF MOBILE.—These Bonds are for $1,000 each, coupons payable semi-annually (July and January) at the Merchants' Bank, New-York. A special tax of $95,000 per annum has been levied by the city to insure the prompt payment of the interest and create a sinking fund of $15,000 per annum. For further particulars apply to DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., corner of Pine and Nassau sts., or E. WHITEHOUSE, SON & MORISONS, No. 38 William-st., Merchants' Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE McNary Knitting Machine Co., Room No. 17, No. 40 Exchange-place, Sept. 11, 1860.—A special election of five Trustees for the McNary Knitting Machine Company will be held at above named place on MONDAY, the 14th inst., at 12 o'clock M., in conformity with the order of the Board. WM. H. NEWTON, Secretary.

TOLEDO & WABASH RAILWAY COMPANY.—NOTICE.—The Coupons due Feb. 1, 1860, on the First Mortgage Bonds of the Toledo & Illinois and Lake Erie, Wabash & St. Louis Railroad Companies, will be paid on presentation at the office of CAMMANN & CO., No. 56 Wall-st., on and after the 13th inst.
B. WILSON, Treasurer.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK, NEW BOWERY, corner of Chatham-square, open daily, from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and from 4 to 7 P. M. Deposits from 25 cents to $5,000 received. Six per cent. interest paid on sums of $500 and under, and five per cent. on larger sums.
M. D. VAN PELT, President.
J. P. COOPER, Sec. CHARLES D. BAILEY, Treas.

NEW-YORK CONSOLIDATED STAGE COMPANY.—The Directors of this Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of four per cent., payable on and after the 15th inst., at the Pacific Bank. The transfer books will be closed until the 15th inst.
J. CAMPBELL, Jr., Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 10, 1860.

THE JEFFERSON INSURANCE COMPANY will pay a dividend of $3 per share to the stockholders on demand, at their office, No. 60 Wall-st.
SAMUEL E. BELCHER, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 3, 1860.

CALIFORNIA FUNDS AND COUPONS bought or collected by
A. BELMONT & CO., No. 50 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., BANKERS, corner of Pine and Nassau sts., New-York, issue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for travelers, available in the United States, Canada, West Indies, South America, and all the principal cities of the world. Also, Mercantile Credits for use in Europe, China, &c.

EUGENE THOMSON,
AUCTIONEER AND BROKER,
No. 37 William-st., buys and sells Stocks and Bonds at Brokers' Board; Insurance Stock at private sale. Price current of Insurance Stock issued semi-monthly.

P. W. GALLAUDET,
NOTE BROKER.
Business Paper Negotiated at Lowest Rates.
LOANS OBTAINED ON FIRST-CLASS SECURITIES.
NO. 11 PINE-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.

OFFICE OF THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 18 WILLIAM-STREET—NEW-YORK, Sept. 10, 1860.—The holders of the Second General Mortgage Bonds of this Company are hereby notified that the Treasurer will, after the 30th inst., fund all unpaid coupons of said class of Bonds of earlier date than November, 1859, and the 4 coupons of November, 1859, May and November, 1860, and May, 1861, by giving in exchange therefor the Second General Mortgage Bonds of this Company at par. For all coupons offered in full sets the Bonds given in exchange will bear interest as of November, 1860.

The holders of the Plain Unsecured Bonds of this Company are hereby notified that after the 30th inst. the Treasurer will exchange First Mortgage Bonds of the Detroit, Monroe and Toledo Railroad for said Plain Bonds at par. For the coupons now due thereon scrip will be issued convertible in like manner.
HENRY KEEP, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK, PROVIDENCE, & BOSTON RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 37 William-st., New-York, Sept. 12, 1860.

THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THIS COMPANY are hereby notified that the annual meeting for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held, in the Company's office, in the City of Providence, Rhode Island, on TUESDAY, 25th of September, next, at 10:30 A. M. The poll will be open from 10:30 to 11:30 o'clock A. M. The transfer books will be closed from Sept. 13 to Oct. 1.
W. R. PALMER, Jr., Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO., BROOKLYN, Sept. 11, 1860.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS day declared a semi-annual Dividend of Eight per cent., (8,) payable on demand at their Branch Office, No. 62 Wall-st., New-York.
PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. has accumulated funds amounting to over $3,500,000 and on the 1st of January, 1860, declared a Dividend of FORTY-FIVE per cent. Dividends are annual, and are paid in cash. Papers furnished (gratis) by JOS. L. & J. P. LORD, Agents, No. 11 Wall-st., N.Y.

LAND-WARRANTS WANTED—BY
GWYNNE & DAY, No. 12 Wall-st.,
Office of *Metropolitan Bank-Note Reporter.*

NEW-ORLEANS AND MOBILE FUNDS by AUGUST BELMONT & CO., No. 50 Wall-st.

RAILROADS

NEW-YORK AND FLUSHING RAILROAD.
On and after Sept. 3 trains will

LEAVE FLUSHING.	LEAVE NEW-YORK.
6:30 A. M.	(From Fulton-slip, by steamer *Mattano.*)
7:55 A. M.	
10:00 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
1:00 P. M., crossing 34th-st.	1:00 P. M.
2:45 P. M.	4:00 P. M.
4:55 P. M.	6:00 P. M.

Time of leaving Hunter's Point:
7:15, 9:20, and 11 A. M. 1:20, 4:20, and 6 20 P. M.
Passengers leaving James-slip Ferry at 6:30 or 10:30 A. M. reach Hunter's Point in season for the 7:15 or 11 o'clock trains to Flushing.
An extra train leaves Flushing at 7, and Hunter's Point at 7:30, connecting with the 7 P. M. ferry-boat from James-slip.
J. S. BOTTORFF, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.—FARE TO ALBANY $2.—On and after Monday, June 25, 1860, trains will leave 26th-st. station, New-York, as follows: For Williams' Bridge, and all way stations, 7:40 and 11 A. M., and 8:30 P. M.; for White Plains, and all way stations, 2:30, 4 and 5 P. M.; for White Plains and all way stations, 6:15, from White-st. dêpôt; for Croton Falls, from 26th-st. dêpôt, 8:15 A. M., stopping at Williams' Bridge and stations above; for Dover Plains, from 26th-st. dêpôt, 4:30 P. M., stopping at White Plains and stations above—(this train runs to Millerton every Saturday evening;) for Albany, from 26th-st. dêpôt, 10:15 A. M., Express Mail train, stopping at White Plains, Bedford, Croton Falls, and stations north. Returning, will leave Williams' Bridge, stopping at all way stations, 6:40 and 9 A. M., and 1 P. M.; White Plains, stopping at all way stations, 6 and 7 A. M., 4:15 and 7 P. M.; Dover Plains, stopping at all stations north of Fordham, 6 A. M.; this train leaves Millerton every Monday morning at 5:25; Croton Falls, 5 P. M., stopping at all stations north of Fordham; Albany, 9 A. M., stopping at all stations north of White Plains.
JOHN BURCHILL, Assist Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FOR ALBANY AND TROY, CONNECTING WITH TRAINS NORTH AND WEST.—From Monday, April 30, 1860, trains will leave Chambers-st. station as follows: Through Express trains at 7 and 11 A. M., and 5 P. M.; Albany Mail 6 A. M.; Sleeping-car train, 9:20 P. M. (Sundays included;) Way trains for Sing Sing, 9:45 A. M., and 4:15 and 7 P. M.; for Poughkeepsie, 1:15 and 3:20 P. M.; for Tarrytown, 3:35 and 10:45 P. M.; for Peekskill, 5:30 P. M., from 31st-st.—Buffalo and Northern Lightning News train, 3:20 A. M.; Emigrant, 6:15 P. M. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 4:45 (Sundays included) at 8:45 and 10:10 A. M., and 3:45 and 5:05 (Sundays included) and 8:30 P. M., and Albany about half an hour later.
A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD—Summer arrangement for pleasure travel. Trains leave 26th-st. station as follows:
10:15 A. M.—Express for Albany, Troy, Saratoga, Sharon Springs, Niagara Falls, Lake George, Lebanon Springs and Lake Mahopac, connecting at Albany with New-York Central Railroad for Sharon Springs, Niagara Falls, and all places West. Also, with trains for Saratoga and all points North.
8:15 A. M.—For Croton Falls, connecting at Golden's Bridge with stages for Lake Waccabuc, and at Croton Falls with stages for Lake Mahopac.
4:30 P. M.—For Dover Plains, connecting at Golden's Bridge with stages for Lake Waccabuc, and at Croton Falls with stages for Lake Mahopac.
JOHN BURCHILL, Ass't Sup't.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—Dunkirk Express at 7 A. M., for Dunkirk, Buffalo and Canandaigua and principal stations. Mail at 8:15 A. M., for Dunkirk and intermediate stations. This train remains over night at Elmira. Way, at 3:45 P. M., for Middletown, Newburgh, and intermediate stations. Night Express, daily, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua and principal stations. The train of Saturday stops at all Mail-train Stations, and runs only to Elmira.
CHARLES MINOT, General Superintendent.

NEW LINE FOR FLEMINGTON, N. J.—Via New-Jersey and Millstone Railroads. Fare $1. On and after Sept. 15 a stage will leave Millstone daily for Flemington on the arrival of the 11 A. M train from New-York. Returning, will leave Flemington at 8 A. M. and connect at Millstone with the 1:15 P. M. train for New-York. Tickets for sale at the New-Jersey Railroad Office, foot of Cortlandt-st., Jersey City and Newark.
WILLIAM STEWART, Proprietor.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD—For Long Branch, Shrewsbury, Red Bank, &c. On and after September 10, cars will leave Long Branch daily, at 7 A. M., connecting with steamboat TAMINEND, for New-York. Returning, the TAMINEND will leave foot of Robinson-st. at 4 P. M., connecting with cars for the above places.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY—Leaves foot of Cortlandt-st., Jersey City Ferry, daily (Sundays excepted,) 8 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M. for Piermont and Sufferns; 9 A. M. for Piermont. Leaves Sufferns at 6:50 A. M. and 7 P. M., and Piermont 6:15 and 7:40 A. M., and 3:40 and 8:15 P. M. Stages connect for Hackensack, Nyack, New City and Haverstraw.

LONG ISLAND R. R.—TRAINS LEAVE SOUTH Ferry, Brooklyn, for Greenpoint, at 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.; North Islip, 10 A. M., 3:30 and 5:35 P. M.; Syosset, 12 M. and 4:30 P. M.; Hempstead, 10 A. M., 12 M., 4, 4:30 and 5:35 P. M.; Jamaica, 10 A. M., 12 M., 4, 4:30, 5:35 and 6:46 P. M.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST, FROM JERSEY CITY—Mail and Express Line.—Leaves New-York at 7, 9 and 11 A. M.; 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3; 12 M., fare $2 25. Through baggage checked in 7 A. M. and 6 P. M.

MATRIMONIAL.

A BACHELOR OF 35, WHO HAS HITHERTO paid more attention to providing for a wife than in getting one, is not without hope that this may be the means of forming an acquaintance mutually desirable. Preferences for a lady under 25, of good health, American or English birth, of religious inclinations and a taste for music. Address R. S. T., Box No. 130 *Times* Office.

ASTROLOGY

N. B.—WHO HAS NOT HEARD OF THE CELEBRATED MADAME PREWSTER? She has been consulted by thousands in this and other cities, with entire satisfaction. She feels confident she has no equal. She tells the name of future wife or husband, also that of her visitor. If you wish the truth give her a call at No. 251 3d-av., above 21st-st. Ladies, 50 cents; gentlemen, $1.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE, POLYTECHNIC ASSOCIATION—Meets at the rooms of the Institute, in the Cooper Building, on THURSDAY, Sept. 13, at 7½ o'clock P. M. Subject—*The Great Eastern and Steam Cut-offs.*
H. MEIGS, Sec'y.

MEDICAL.

A NEW DISCOVERY!!

For the retention and radical cure of HERNIA or RUPTURE, &c., "WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS and SUPPORTER," A GREAT IMPROVEMENT—CLEAN, LIGHT and PERFECTLY SURE TO HOLD. FEMALE SUPPORTERS on the same principle, applied at No. 25 Bond-st., New-York. Descriptive pamphlets gratis. LADIES' DEPARTMENT attended by a lady.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES, MARRIED AND SINGLE, IN HEALTH OR DISEASE.—DR. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage-Guide upon Mental and Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Incapacity, all Genito-urinary Diseases, Physiological Researches, &c. 40th edition. 400 pages, and about 100 engravings. Price $1. Mailed free by H. G. LAWRENCE, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House.

All who would avoid unsuccessful and barbarous treatment with mercury, copaiba, injections, cauterizations, quack specifics, antidotes, instruments, &c., should purchase the Doctor's invaluable work, or consult him at No. 647 Broadway, up stairs, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., and Thursday evening from 7 to 9.

"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work."—*Courier des Etats Unis, German Die Reform, Sunday Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, National Democrat, Essex Standard, Rahway Advocate, Empire City, Police Gazette, New-Brunswick Times, Mercury, Atlas, &c.*

MEDICAL.

HUMPHREYS'
SPECIFIC
HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES.

The Remedies are carefully prepared under the direct supervision and inspection of Prof. HUMPHREYS, in order to meet that great and long realized want of the public, namely, remedies for all the more common and simple ailments of life.

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HUMPHREYS SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC
REMEDIES.

No.		Price of Single Boxes—Cents.
1	Cures Fever, Congestion and Inflammation	25
2	Cures Worm Fever, Voracious Appetite	25
3	Cures Colic, Teething, Crying and Wakefulness, Slow Growth and Feebleness of Infants	25
4	Cures Diarrhœa of Children or Adults, Cholera Infantum and Summer Complaints	25
5	Cures Dysentery or Bloody Flux, Colic, Gripings, Bilious Colic, Fall Dysentery	25
6	Cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Nausea and Vomiting, Asthmatic Breathing	25
7	Cures Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Influenza and Sore Throat	25
8	Cures Toothache, Faceache, Nervous Pains, Neuralgia and Tic Doloreaux	25
9	Cures Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo, Rush of Blood to the Head	25
10	Cures Dyspepsia, Weak, Acid or Deranged Stomach, Constipation, Liver Complaint	25
11	Cures Suppressed Menses, or Scanty, or Delaying, Green Sickness	25
12	Cures Leucorrhea or Whites, Bearing Down, too Profuse Mensus	25
13	Cures Croup, Hoarse Croupy Cough, Difficult and Oppressed Breathing	25
14	Cures Salt Rheum, Crusty Eruptions, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Barbers' Itch	25
15	Cures Rheumatism, Pain, Lameness or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Side or Limbs	25
16	Cures Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Old Inveterate Ague	50
17	Cures Piles, Internal or External, Blind or Bleeding, Recent or Obstinate	50
18	Cures Ophthalmy, Weak or Inflamed Eyes or Eyelids, Failing or Weak Sight	50
19	Cures Catarrh, Acute or Chronic, Dry or Flowing, Cold in the Head, Influenza	50
20	Cures Whooping Cough, Shortening and Palliating it, or Spasmodic Cough	50
21	Cures Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult, Labored Breathing, Cough and Expectoration	50
22	Cures Ear Discharges, Noise in the Head, Impaired Hearing, Earache	50
23	Cures Scrofula, Enlarged Glands and Tonsils, Swellings and Old Ulcers	50
24	Cures General Debility, Physical or Nervous Weakness	50
25	Cures Dropsy, Fluid Accumulations, Tumid Swellings, with Scanty Secretions	50
26	Cures Seasickness, Prostration, Vertigo, Nausea, Vomiting	50
27	Cures Urinary Diseases, Gravel, Renal Calculi, Difficult or Painful Urination	50
28	Cures Seminal Emissions, Involuntary Discharges, and Consequent Prostration and Debility	100
29	Cures Sore Mouth, or Stomach-ache, Cankered Mouths	50
30	Cures Urinary Incontinence, Wetting the Bed, too frequent Painful or Scalding Urination	50
31	Cures Painful Menses, Pressure, Cramp or Spasms at the time; or Itching and Irritation; Pruritis	50
32	Cures Sufferings at Change of Life: Irregularities, Flashes of Heat, Palpitations, and even Disease of the Heart	100

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Case of twenty-eight large vials in morocco, and book	$7
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N. B.—The boxes, Nos. 1 to 15, are small size. Nos. 16 to 32, large size, and in making up a $2 or $1 case, this must be remembered. The vials are uniform in size and price, and in sending for a vial-case, no attention is necessary on this point.

OUR REMEDIES BY MAIL OR EXPRESS.
Look over the list, make up a case of what kind you choose, and inclose the amount in a current note or stamps by mail to our address, at No. 562 Broadway, New-York, and the medicine will be duly returned by mail or express, free of charge.

VETERINARY HOMŒOPATHY.
HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES FOR HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, HOGS, DOGS, &c.
The case contains ten specific remedies, suitable for all diseases or ailments to which domestic animals are subject, together with a complete annual of directions for use, so plain and simple that every farmer or breeder can readily use them. The remedies are put up in large one-oz. vials of liquids, and the entire set, and book, will be sold at $8. Single vials, with directions, at $1 each. Sent by mail or express, free of charge, on the receipt of price.
Price of book singly, 50 cents.
AGENTS WANTED for the sale of our Remedies in every town or community in the United States. Address
F. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
No. 562 Broadway, New-York.

A SURE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.
A SURE CURE FOR GOUT.
A SURE CURE FOR NEURALGIA.
A SURE CURE FOR TIC DOULOUREUX.
The Great French Remedy—Dr. Roban's Rheumatic Cure.
It is a well established fact of the thousands of cases, even those of long standing which have assumed a chronic form, and universally pronounced incurable, not in a single instance, has it been known to fail of effecting a
RADICAL CURE.
Sold at Dr. Roban's Principal Office, No. 692 Broadway. Wholesale Depot, No. 9 Morris-st., and by Whitehead & Brothers, No. 152 Greenwich-street. Price $1 00 per Bottle.

BRANDRETH'S VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL PILLS
Cure Apoplexies, Bilious Diseases, and diseases generally. How? Because they purify the blood, and remove all obstructions from the bowels and circulation. Their timely use has saved many a life.
Sold at No. 294 Canal-st., (not the corner of Broadway,) but,
No. 294 Canal-st., Brandreth House,
No. 4 Union-square,
CAMPBELL'S, corner 8th-av. and 28th-st.,
And by all respectable dealers. Price 25c. per box.

DR. R. COBBETT, OWING TO THE EXTENSION of Chambers-st., has removed from his old office, at No. 19 Duane-st., to his present very convenient suite of offices at No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place, where he can be consulted with the fullest confidence on all diseases of a private character. Thirty years in his present specialty enables him to treat successfully such cases as have baffled the inexperienced, or those not having had such opportunities of acquiring a thorough knowledge of the treatment of diseases. Strictures, impotency, and seminal weakness treated after the most approved method. N. B.—Dr. C. is a member of the New-York University (Medical College) and College of Surgeons, London. To avoid mistakes, observe well the name and number. No charge unless perfectly cured. Hours, 8½ A. M. to 8½ P. M.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-STREET, may be confidentially consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 29 years devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial, and diseases of delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the Urethra and Seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured. N. B.—Dr. C. is a qualified Physician and Surgeon, and a Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, of New-York. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

DR. WATSON TREATS ALL FORMS OF a certain class of disease with a success which has won for him the confidence of the public. The remedies are safe, and cause no interruption from business. Dr. WATSON'S work—"The Cause and Cure"—has been pronounced by the reviewers the best popular compendium of all diseases of a private nature, including spermatorrhœa and debility, the results of early abuse, excess and other causes. "Should be read by all persons previous to marriage."—*Medical Gazette.* Fine colored plates. Price $1. Sold by CHARLES MILLER, No. 436 Broadway, New-York, and by the author at his private residence, No. 459 Broome-st., second block west of Broadway, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

DR. WARD, NO. 483 BROADWAY, PERFORMS the only permanent and satisfactory cure of private diseases. Remember, afflicted, that by consulting Dr. WARD you will immediately experience that Richard's himself again. All other remedies conquered by Dr. WARD'S UNFORTUNATE'S FRIEND. Price, $1, with book. Female diseases successfully treated. His monthly Pills, $1 per box, never fail of effect intended. Try them, ladies, in case of necessity. Office, No. 483 Broadway, adjoining Wallack's Theatre, up stairs. Arranged that patients never meet. Attendance till 10 P. M. Come, send or write.

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIA COMPOUND.—A permanent cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, has long been sought for, and it is only now that a medicine has been discovered which is highly prized by those persons who have used it. It is also beneficial to Scrofula and Salt Rheum. This magic exterminator is "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound." At wholesale by MACY & JENKINS, No. 67 Liberty-st., New-York; for sale by MILHAU & SON, No. 183 Broadway, and apothecaries generally.

LEARN OF A SUFFERER WHO HAS BEEN effectually cured of Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Dimness of Sight, resulting from early errors, by following the instructions given in a medical work, and who considers it his duty, in gratitude to the author, to publish and circulate 20,000 gratuitously. He will, therefore, send free to any address, on receipt of two stamps, a copy containing every information required. Address Box No. 579 Post-office, Albany, New-York.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DISEASES OF females exclusively treated by Dr. THIERS. Remedies for female derangement from $1 to $5. Relief guaranteed in all cases. Consultation and letters strictly confidential. Patients from a distance provided with board, nursing and exclusive attendance. Advice and medicine per mail. Send stamp for circular, and escape quackery. Office address No. 74 Bleecker-st., (near the corner of Broadway, west side,) New-York.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARDS GREAT BENEFACTOR.—The greatest periodical remedy yet discovered, infallible for the removal of all obstructions and irregularities. Office No. 483 Broadway, up stairs, where ladies may consult Dr. WARD in confidence, daily, till 10 P. M.

A NATURAL AND CONFIDENTIAL PHYSICIAN.—Dr. PHELPS, No. 66 West 13th-st., can be consulted on all diseases to which flesh is heir, at all seasonable hours, free of charge. No sickening or unpleasant remedies prescribed. No cure no pay.

HUNDREDS OF THE UNFORTUNATE are disappointed of a cure by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first. The Hunterian Dispensary, No. 2 Division-st., New-York City, established in 1834, for the Preservation of Human Life. PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—Dr. Hunter has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated not less than fifty thousand cases without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting or sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases, in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb, unless this remedy is used. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 2 Division-st. Book for nothing that treats of the evil effects of early abuse and indulgence, is embellished with elaborate colored engravings, portraying every feature and phase of disease, exposes the fallacy of the ordinary modes adopted for the cure of local as well as hereditary maladies, and gives the only safe and infallible remedy for expunging every trace of the virus from the system.

SHIPPING.

FOR KEY WEST AND HAVANA, VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.—The splendid, staunch, and favorite steamer ISABEL, WILLIAM ROLLINS, Commander, will depart with the United States mails for Key West and Havana, (touching at Charleston, to receive mails and passengers,) from Pier No. 4 North River, on MONDAY, Oct. 12. This steamer (unsurpassed for speed, safety, and comfort) has water-tight compartments entirely inclosing her engines, thus insuring to the public safety of vessel and passengers, in case of collision or stranding. Her cabins and staterooms are replete with all the modern conveniences and elegancies, and her table and wines are superior to any other vessel in the trade. For freight or passage, apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.
ATLANTIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
NEW-YORK AND GALWAY LINE.
TOUCHING AT ST. JOHNS, N. F.,
To land Passengers, and receive the Royal Mail and Government Dispatches.
The Steamers comprising this Line have been approved by the Admiralty, and are the
NEW IRON SIDE-WHEEL STEAMERS

CONNAUGHT	4,400 tons burthen.
LEINSTER	4,400 tons burthen.
MUNSTER	4,400 tons burthen.
ULSTER	4,400 tons burthen.
PARANA	4,400 tons burthen.

The next departure from Boston will be on Sept 25.
And from New-York, TUESDAY, Oct. 9,
From Pier No. 26 North River.
Rates of passage to any part of Ireland, on a Railway, and to the principal cities of England and Scotland:
First Class, $100, $90, and $75, according to stateroom accommodations. Third Class, $30, including cooked provisions.
And to St. Johns, N. F.: First Class, $35. Third Class, $20.
Children under 12 years half price; under one year free. Third Class passengers are required to furnish beds and tins.
Persons taking passage from New-York for the steamers sailing from Boston, will receive free passage from New-York to Boston.
The steamers of this Company have been constructed with the greatest care as regards safety and comfort, combined with model and propelling power, and are built with water-tight compartments. They are confidently expected to surpass, in speed and rough weather qualities, any vessels ever built, and are replete with elegancies and conveniences.
An experienced surgeon is attached to each ship. Persons wishing to send for their friends, can obtain return tickets at the following greatly reduced prices:
In third cabin, from Galway, $30. In third cabin, from any town in Ireland on a railway, $32 50. In third cabin, from the principal cities of England and Scotland, $35.
For freight or passage, apply to
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents,
Nos. 54 and 55 South-st.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
On SATURDAY Sept. 15th,
The United States Mail Steamship
FULTON,
J. A. WOTTON, Commander,
Will sail from pier No. 37, North River, foot of Beach-st., on SATURDAY, Sept. 15th, at noon.
This steamship (unsurpassed for safety and comfort) has double engines under deck, enclosed by water-tight compartments, which, besides other results, tend, in the event of collision or stranding, to keep the pumps free to work, and secure the safety of vessel and passengers.
Passage in Second Cabin, $75 and $60.
For freight or passage, apply to
SAMUEL M. FOX, GEO. MACKENZIE, Agents, No. 7 Broadway.
The steamer ARAGO will sail Oct. 13th.

STEAMER OF SEPT. 22.
FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP
ILLINOIS,
Capt. P. E. TERRY, Commander,
will sail from Pier No. 3 North River, New-York, at noon, on SATURDAY, Sept. 22, with mails, passengers and specie for England and France.

First Cabin, to Havre . . $80; to Southampton	$75
Third Cabin, to Havre . . 35; to Southampton	30

D. TORRANCE, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.
The steamship VANDERBILT sails October 20.

STEAMER OF OCTOBER 6.
FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
The United States Mail steamship
ADRIATIC,
JOSEPH J. COMSTOCK, Commander, will sail from the foot of Canal-st., on SATURDAY, October 6, with mails, passengers, and specie, for the above ports.
For freight or passage, apply at the office of the North Atlantic Steamship Company, Room No. 4, No. 88 Wall-st.
I. P. STEPHENS, Secretary.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$130
Second Cabin Passage	75
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$110
Second Cabin Passage	60

The ships from New-York call at Cork Harbor.
The ships from Boston call at Halifax and Cork Harbor.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins.	CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone.	AMERICA, Capt. Millar.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott.	NIAGARA, Capt. Anderson.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon.	EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.

SCOTIA, (now building.)
These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head, green on starboard bow, red on port bow.
ARABIA, Stone, leave Boston Wednesday, Sept. 5.
AFRICA, Shannon, leave N. York Wednesday, Sept. 12.
AMERICA, Moodie, leave Boston Wednesday, Sept. 19.
ASIA, Lott, leave New-York Wednesday, Sept. 26.
EUROPA, Little, leave Boston Wednesday, Oct. 3.
PERSIA, Judkins, leave N. York Wednesday, Oct. 10.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, jewelry, specie, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

THROUGH FREIGHT ARRANGEMENT.—For NORFOLK, PORTSMOUTH, CITY POINT and RICHMOND, connecting with Norfolk and Petersburg and Southside Railroads for LYNCHBURG, BRISTOL, MEMPHIS and intermediate stations. Freight received every day and through receipts furnished at Pier No. 13 North River.
Steamship JAMESTOWN, Capt. SKINNER, leaves every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M.
Steamship ROANOKE, Capt. COUCH, every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., calling at Old Point Comfort, to land passengers.
Steamship YORKTOWN, Capt. PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
Freight to Portsmouth or Norfolk, 7 cents per foot; to City Point, 8 cents, and to Richmond, 9 cents.
Passage to Norfolk, (stateroom and meals included,) $8; to Petersburg or Richmond, $10.
Excursion tickets to Norfolk and back, $13; to Petersburg or Richmond, $15.
LUDLAM & HEINEKEN, No. 115 Broadway.

FOR THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST, VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.—Three steamers a week.—TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS. Tri-weekly United States Mail Side-wheel steamship Line. The favorite steamship JAMES ADGER, J. D. PHILLIPS, Commander, will leave pier No. 4, North River, on THURSDAY, Sept. 13, at 4 o'clock P.M. Rates of passage, with through tickets, as follows: To Savannah, Ga., $16; Charleston, S. C., $15; New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, 35; Montgomery, Ala., $25; Nashville, Tenn., $27 75; Memphis, $31 75; Chattanooga, $25; Knoxville, $25 50; Augusta, Ga., $17 50; Atlanta, $21; Charlotte, N. C., $22; Columbia, S. C., $20. For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway. The NASHVILLE, L. M. MURRAY, Commander, will succeed on SATURDAY, Sept. 15, and the COLUMBIA, Capt. BERRY, TUESDAY, Sept. 18. The Adams Express Company's Great Southern Express are carriers on this line. The Express agents South will give information as to sailing days, fare, &c.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYDS STEAMSHIP BREMEN, H. WESSELS Commander, carrying the United States mail, will sail on
SATURDAY, Sept. 29, at 12 o'clock, P. M.,
FOR
BREMEN, VIA SOUTHAMPTON,
Taking passengers for
LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN,
At the following rates:
First cabin, $100; second cabin, $60; steerage, $35.
For freight or passage apply to
GELPCKE, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 82 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH AND THE SOUTH.—THE steamship MONTGOMERY, Capt. W. C. BERRY, will leave Pier No. 12 North River, on THURSDAY, Sept. 13, at 4 P. M.
Passage to Savannah, with accommodations unequaled, $15; through tickets to New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35: Montgomery, $25; Memphis, $31 75; Nashville, $29 75; Knoxville, $25 50; Chattanooga, $25; Eufala, $24; Albany, $25; Columbus, $21; Atlanta, $21; Macon, $20; Augusta, $17 50, including carriage fare in Savannah.
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st., and No. 335 Broadway.
The R. R. CUYLER succeeds on Saturday, Sept. 15.

FOR SAVANNAH AND OTHER POINTS, AS BELOW.—The first-class side-wheel steamship AUGUSTA, Capt. M. S. WOODHULL, will leave on SATURDAY, Sept. 15, at 4 P. M., from Pier No. 4 N. R. Through tickets can be had for the following places:
To New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $25; Columbus, $21; Albany, $21; Atlanta, $21; Eufaula, $24; Chattanooga, $25; Nashville, $27 50; Knoxville, $25 50; Memphis, $31 75; Augusta, $17 50; Macon, $20; Savannah, $15.
For freight and passage, apply at No. 13 Broadway.
SAMUEL L. MITCHILL & SON.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.—THE British and North American Royal Mail steamship KARNAK, Capt. BROWNLESS, will sail for the above ports from the Company's wharf at Jersey City on

SATURDAY	Sept. 15
MONDAY	Oct. 15
MONDAY	Nov. 12
Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	60

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

U. STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, NO. 262 BROADWAY.—Passports issued through J. B. NONES. Adopted citizens must produce certificates.

DENTISTRY.

N. B. GRIFFIN & BROTHERS, DENTISTS, No. 376 Grand-st., N. Y., and No. 267 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, insert full or partial sets of Teeth on their improved atmospheric plate, with or without extracting the roots—on silver, $8; amber or rubber, $10; gold, $25; platina, $30; partial sets on gold, $2 per tooth; silver, $1. Teeth filled with gold, $1; quartz, bone, silver and tin, 50 cents. Teeth extracted without pain, 25 cents.

A CLEAN AND WHOLESOME APPEARANCE OF THE MOUTH IS THE STRONGEST LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION.—Pain and loss of teeth entirely prevented by my new method of filling, which is warranted. Teeth and fangs ingeniously removed without sensation. Old sets exchanged, fitted or repaired; and new sets in handsome style.
VINCENT W. BATE, Dentist,
No. 835 Broadway, corner of 13th-st.

THE TURF.

$20,000.—PLANET, DANIEL BOONE AND CONGAREE.—The Fall races over the Fashion Course will commence Sept. 25, with the above sweepstake.
D. C. GRINNELL, Proprietor.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
TO-NIGHT, (Thursday,) Sept. 13, at 8 o'clock,
Mme. ADELAIDE CORTESI.
In her celebrated rôle of Violetta,
THIS (Thursday) EVENING, Sept. 13, at 8.
Only night of Verdi's popular opera of
LA TRAVIATA.
Mme. ADELAIDE CORTESI
In her great rôle of Violetta.
Sig. MUSIANI . . . . as . . . . Alfredo.
Sig. AMODIO . . . . as . . . . Germont.
Musical Director and Conductor . . . . MAX MARETZEK.
TO-MORROW (Friday) Sept. 14, at 8,
Miss ADELINA PATTI,
IN HER GREAT ROLE OF LADY HENRIETTA,
in Flotow's celebrated Opera of
MARTHA.
Miss ADELINA PATTI,
Mme. STRAKOSCH, BRIGNOLI,
ON SATURDAY EVENING, SEPT. 15, AT 8,
GRAND GALA NIGHT.
MME. ADELAIDE CORTESI,
In her great rôle of Norma, when Bellini's most popular opera of
NORMA,
will be given with a great star cast, including
MADAME ADELAIDE CORTESI,
MME. STRAKOSCH, MUSIANI, SUSINI.
The sale of tickets for LA TRAVIATA and for MARTHA will commence THIS MORNING, at 8 o'clock, at the Office of the Academy of Music, at Sibell's stationery-store, No. 12 Wall-st., and at Breusing's, No. 701 Broadway.

In active preparation, and will be shortly produced,
THE SICILIAN VESPERS.
With all its splendor and magnificence, in which
MME. PAULINE COLSON,
the favorite Prima Donna, will make her first appearance this season.

MME. INEZ FABBRI,
the eminent Prima Donna will shortly make her début at the Academy of Music, in Donizetti's popular opera of
LUCREZIA BORGIA.

MISS ADELINA PATTI
in a new rôle.
The Directors take great pleasure in announcing that Miss ADELINA PATTI will shortly appear as Linda, in Donizetti's masterwork of
LINDA DI CHAMOUNIX.

BLONDIN'S ASCENSION

AT JONES' WOOD,

THIS AFTERNOON

AT 3 O'CLOCK P. M.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Mr. Wallack . . . . Lessee.
Mr. Lester Wallack . . . . Stage Manager.
NOTICE.
Mr. WALLACK
Begs to announce to his patrons and the public generally that the
ABOVE ESTABLISHMENT
WILL OPEN
For the usual
FALL AND WINTER SEASON,
under his
PERSONAL MANAGEMENT,
TO-NIGHT, THURSDAY, Sept. 13, 1860.
The Theatre
has been
THOROUGHLY RENOVATED, IMPROVED AND EMBELLISHED.
The following
GREAT AND TALENTED COMPANY
is engaged

Mr. Lester Wallack,	Mrs. Hoey,
Mr. Blake,	Miss Mary Gannon,
Mr. Walcot,	Mrs. Vernon,
Mr. A. H. Davenport,	Miss Fanny Morant,
Mr. Sloan,	Mrs. Sloan,
Mr. Norton,	Mrs. Walcot,
Mr. Moore,	Miss Julia Tree,
Mr. Floyd,	Mrs. Reeves,
Mr. Young,	Miss Carman,
Mr. T. Hamblin,	Mr. C. Parsloe,
Mr. Parks,	Mr. Oliver,
Mr. Coburn,	Mr. Henley.

Mr. Moore . . . . Prompter.
Mr. H. Isherwood . . . . Scenic Artist.
The costumes by Mr. Flaury and Mr. Benschoten. Properties and appointments by Mr. Timoney. Mechanical department by Mr. Van Hatten.
A NEW COMEDY,
adapted expressly for this Company, from the French of Scribe, the most popular and successful of Parisian authors, will be produced on the occasion, with
ENTIRELY NEW SCENERY,
NEW AND ELEGANT COSTUMES,
SPLENDID AND APPROPRIATE FURNITURE AND APPOINTMENTS.
The Comedy will be entitled
THE ROYALIST;
OR,
FORTY YEARS AGO.

Henri de Flavigneul, a Captain of Dragoons of the Guard	Mr. Lester Wallack
The Baron Montrichard, Prefect of the Department	Mr. Blake
M. De Grignon, a member of the Council	Mr. Walcot
Grenê, a sergeant	Mr. Parkes
Domville, a corporal	Mr. Coburn
Pierre	Mr. Oliver
The Countess D'Autreval, a Royalist Lady	Mrs. Hoey
Leonie, her neice	Miss Mary Gannon

Dragoons, servants, &c., &c.
The new and appropriate Music selected and arranged by Mr. NOLL.
Synopsis of Scenery and Events.
ACT I.
Drawing-room in the chateau D'Autreval.
The ladies and the portrait—The crime of the proscribed—M. De Grignon—Courage in theory and valor in practice—The ladies peril, and the groom's presumption—The revelation and the dawn of love—The reverie and the letter—The Birthday fête.
ACT II.
SALON AND ANTE-ROOM IN THE CHATEAU, ILLUMINATED FOR THE BALL.
An inopportune Arrival—The Diplomatist—The Tree and the Blossom—The Alarm—The Baron's Reception—My Lord and My Lady—The Prefect's Plot—An Unconscious Ally—Danger and Despair.
ACT III.
SALON IN THE CHATEAU.
The Appointed Hour—The Interview—Heroism of De Grignon—The Baron on the Track—The Disguise—The new Coachman—Startling Discovery—The Baron's Triumph.
ACT IV.
EXTERIOR OF THE CHATEAU, WITH VIEW OF THE GROUNDS AND GARDEN.
Henri's Gratitude—The Pledge—Leoni and the Countess—A new Lover—The Snake in the Grass—The Groom's Dismissal—The Escape—Saved! Saved!—The Prisoner—An ominous Interview—An Introduction—Discovery—Alarm—And Pursuit—An unforeseen Peril—Damon and Pythias—Wings and Feathers—The new Colonel.
STRIKING DENOUEMENT.
One of the latest productions in London, and other novelties, will shortly be produced.
Doors open at 7½; to commence at 8 o'clock. Box-book open one week in advance. Places may now be secured.

PALACE GARDEN.
CITAMORHCYLOP
CITAMORHCYLOP
CITAMORHCYLOP
PAINTINGS.
PAINTINGS.
PAINTINGS.
PALACE GARDEN
PALACE GARDEN
PALACE GARDEN
MUSIC HALL.
THIS EVENING. THIS EVENING.
THIS EVENING. THIS EVENING.
FOR 10 DAYS ONLY.
These BEAUTIFUL PRODUCTIONS contain
over 400 FIGURES,
over 400 FIGURES,
over 400 FIGURES,
and the subjects are taken from the History of the
AMERICAN REVOLUTION.
AMERICAN REVOLUTION.
AMERICAN REVOLUTION.
Brilliant Music, Witty Lecture.
Brilliant Music, Witty Lecture.
Brilliant Music, Witty Lecture.
Admission . . . . 25 cents.
Children under 12 . . . . 13 cents.
Doors open at 7½. Exhibition at 8.
Afternoon Exhibitions for families and children, commencing on THURSDAY, 13th, at 3 o'clock.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Sole Proprietors . . Messrs. G. L. FOX & J. W. LINGARD.
THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 13,
The performance will commence with the
SIEGE OF PALMYRA.
Concluding with the Melo-drama of
EL HYDER.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.

BROWN'S GREAT PICTURE.
The splendid view of New-York from Hoboken by the celebrated landscapist, GEORGE L. BROWN, called
THE BAY AND CITY OF NEW-YORK,
AT SUNRISE,
is now on view at the CRAYON ART GALLERY, corner Broadway and 8th-st.,
Admittance 25 cents. GEO. WARD NICHOLS.

HOOLEY & CAMPBELL'S MINSTRELS.
NIBLO'S SALOON.
CROWDED HOUSES! CROWDED HOUSES!
EVERY EVENING! EVERY EVENING!
Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cts.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
Under the personal supervision of P. T. BARNUM.
IMMENSE ATTRACTIONS—GREAT CROWDS.
Unqualified success of the great moral [illegible] drama of JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN, represented every afternoon at 3, and every evening at 7½, by one of the best Companies of artists in America. New Scenery, new Costumes, &c.

Also to be seen, at all hours, the great living BLACK SEA LION, weighing 800 pounds; the living ALBINO FAMILY of White Negroes; the living "WHAT IS IT?" or Man-Monkey; the living LEARNED SEAL; the living HAPPY FAMILY; the living ANACONDA FAMILY; GRAND AQUARIA of living Sea and River Fish; living ALLIGATORS; beautiful living ANGEL FISH; the extraordinary LIGHTNING CALCULATOR; living LADY WITH LONG HAIR; the wonderful and indescribable animals called the "WHAT CAN THEY BE?" NEW WAX STATUARY; and Seven Immense Halls, containing 850,000 CURIOSITIES. All—yes, all—to be seen for only 25 cents. Children under 10 years, 15 cents.

The attention of the patrons of the Museum is invited to the following extract from Mr. Barnum's speech at the opening of the dramatic season at the Museum last Monday:

"I am by no means unaware of the great influence for good which this establishment is capable of exerting upon the public mind. I feel the responsibility of my position, and I therefore gladly renew my pledge to families and the better portion of the community to keep the Museum always free from every objectionable feature, to permit no intoxicating drinks within its halls, no vulgar or profane allusions on the stage, no improper visitors of either sex, and to use the same precaution to protect any visitors while in the Museum that I would my own family, so that any lady or child shall be as safe here as in their own house."

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
JAMES M. NIXON . . . . Lessee and Manager.
THURSDAY, Sept. 13, 1860.
LAST APPEARANCE BUT ONE
OF
NIXON'S EQUESTRIAN TROUPE,
AND FAREWELL DAYLIGHT APPEARANCES
OF
ZOYARA,
THE HANLONS,
SEBASTIAN, QUAGLIENI, DeBACH,
WARD, CHARLTON,
DUVERNAY, PENTLAND,
AND THE STARS.
SPECIAL NOTICE.—This afternoon, at 3½ o'clock, the Auction Sale of Orchestra Chairs and Private Boxes, for Mr. Forrest's first night, will take place in the vestibule of Niblo's Garden, under the auspices of Mr. LEEDS.
MONDAY—First appearance of Mr. E. FORREST.

BOWERY THEATRE.
George Wood . . . . Manager.
Mr. and Mrs. J. W. WALLACK, Jr.,
In an entirely new version of the celebrated play, entitled
THE IRON MASK.
Mrs. W. H. LEIGHTON in the Fool of the Family.
THURSDAY, Sept. 13, 1860,
THE IRON MASK.
By particular request,
THE FOOL OF THE FAMILY.

BLONDIN! BLONDIN!!
The Wonderful BLONDIN'S first ascension on the tight-rope in New-York, will positively take place at Jones' Wood, on Thursday, 13th September, 1860, at 3 o'clock P. M. This ascension will be the greatest ever made by him, being 200 feet high and 2,000 long. Tickets 25 cents.

WHITLOCK'S
FREE GALLERY
OF OIL PAINTINGS,
No. 366 CANAL-ST.

STEAMBOATS.

FALL ARRANGEMENT.
FLUSHING, COLLEGE POINT AND NEW-YORK STEAM FERRY COMPANY.—On and after Sept. 1, 1860, the iron steamer FLUSHING will run daily, Sundays excepted. Leave Flushing at 7:45, 11 A. M., and 3 P. M.; leave Fulton-Market slip at 9:30 A. M., and 1 and 5 P. M., landing each way at College Point. Sunday Schools, pic-nics and excursion parties taken at reduced rates on application to the undersigned at Fulton Wharf, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M., daily.
WM. M. SMITH, Superintendent.

NO DUST. NO COAL GAS.
FOR MAMARONECK, NEW-ROCHELLE, CITY ISLAND, WHITESTONE AND THROGG'S NECK, (Zerega's Dock.)—Fare only 25 cents.—The swift steamer ISLAND CITY leaves James-slip every day at 4 P. M. No dust—no coal gas.

SEPTEMBER, 1860.—SHREWSBURY, HIGHLANDS, OCEAN HOUSE, PT. WASHINGTON, MOUNT'S AND BROWN'S DOCK, FAIRHAVEN, AND RED BANK.—The new and splendid steamer HIGHLAND LIGHT, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will run as follows from foot of Robinson-st., N. R.
The LAURA will connect with this boat for Ocean House and Long Branch.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.			LEAVE RED BANK.		
Thurs., Red Bank only,		9 A. M.	Thurs.,	Sept. 13,	3 P. M.
Thurs.,	Sept. 13,	3 P. M.	Friday,	Sept. 14,	7 A. M.
Friday,	Sept. 14,	3 P. M.	Friday,	Sept. 14,	2 P. M.
Friday,	Sept. 14,	7½ A. M.	Sat.,	Sept. 15,	7½ A. M.
Sat.,	Sept. 15,	3 P. M.	Sat.,	Sept. 15,	2½ P. M.
Sat.,	Sept. 15,	8 A. M.	Sun.,	Sept. 16,	3½ P. M.
Sund.,	Sept. 16,	8½ A. M.	Mon.,	Sept. 17,	7½ A. M.
Mon.,	Sept. 17,	4½ P. M.	Tues.,	Sept. 18,	8 A. M.

Fare 35 cents. Local River fare 10 cents.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY FROM FOOT OF ROBINSON-STREET.—On and after THURSDAY, Sept. 13, the People's Line will run the steamers KNICKERBOCKER and HENDRIK HUDSON, between New-York and Albany, for passengers and freight especially, at reduced rates. These steamers will leave Robinson-st. pier every evening (Saturdays excepted) at 6 o'clock P. M. For particulars, inquire on dock.
ELI HUNT, Agent.

DAY BOAT FOR WEST POINT, CORNWALL, NEWBURGH, MILTON AND POUGHKEEPSIE.—The steamboat ALIDA will leave Jay-st. Pier daily at 8:30 A. M., (touching at 30th-st.,) arriving at Poughkeepsie at 1 P. M., leaving Poughkeepsie at 3 P. M.; returning to the City at 6:30 P. M. Passengers for Albany, Troy, Saratoga, or any point West, can make sure connection at Poughkeepsie. Baggage transferred free. Fare 75 cents.

FOR BRIDGEPORT.—DAILY LINE—FARE 50 CENTS.—The steamer CATALINE, Capt. WILLIAM A. VAIL, leaves Oliver-slip DAILY at 12 o'clock, noon, running in connection with the Housatonic Railroad. The BRIDGEPORT leaves Peck-slip every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 12 o'clock noon, arriving in time to connect with all the Express trains.
G. W. CORLIES, Agent.

MORNING LINE TO PEEKSKILL.—THE AURORA leaves Jay-st. Pier, at 8 A. M., EVERY DAY, landing at Yonkers, Hastings, Dobb's Ferry, Tarrytown, Sing Sing, Haverstraw, Grassy Point, and Verplanck's. Returning, leaves Peekskill at 1½ P. M. Touches at West 10th (Amos-st.) and 30th-st.

FOR BRIGEPORT—DAILY LINE—THE steamer JOHN BROOKS will leave Peck-slip every day, (Sundays excepted,) at 1 P. M., arriving in Bridgeport in time for the cars of the Housatonic, Naugatuck and New-Haven Railroads. Fare, 50 cents. Freight taken. T. LOCKYER & CO., Agents, No. 113 South-st.

FOR SAG HARBOR, ORIENT, AND GREENPORT.—The MASSACHUSETTS, Capt. HAVENS, having unsurpassed passenger accommodations, will leave Pier No. 32 James-slip, East River, TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, at 6 o'clock. Will leave at 5 o'clock on and after the 11th inst.

FARE TO YONKERS, 10 CENTS—HASTINGS and Dobbs' Ferry 20 cents; Tarrytown, Sing Sing and Haverstraw, 25 cents. Steamer BROADWAY leaves pier foot of Jay-st., touching at Christopher, EVERY AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.—Steamer DANIEL DREW, from Jay-st., EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 7 A. M., connecting at Albany with trains for Saratoga and the West.

FOR WEST POINT, NEWBURGH AND POUGHKEEPSIE.—Steamer THOMAS POWELL, from foot of Jay-st., North River, EVERY AFTERNOON, at 3½ o'clock.

FOR CHARTER.—THE STEAMBOAT ALICE PRICE will be chartered until the closing of the North River either for a regular route or for towing. Apply at No. 191 Fulton-st., corner of Church-st., second floor.

FOR PERTH AMBOY—LANDING AT CHELSEA, Star Landing, Rossville, Woodbridge and Totten's Dock. The steamer THOMAS HUNT leaves the foot of Barclay-st., N. R., daily, at 3½ P. M.

FOR KEYPORT.—CHANGE OF HOUR.—ON and after MONDAY, Sept. 10, the steamboat KEYPORT will leave New-York, from the foot of Robinson-st., at 3 o'clock P. M. and Keyport at 8 A. M.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

BIBLE HOUSE—NO. 3—BIBLE HOUSE.
FOURTH-AVENUE, NEW-YORK.
Use the celebrated VESUVIUS COOKING AND HEATING RANGE. The heat which from ordinary ranges goes to waste up the chimney is saved, and made available to warm the rooms above, without in the least lessening its convenience or efficiency as a kitchen range. The ETNA HEATER is designed to set in the front basement fire-place, to warm the basement, parlors, and rooms over the parlors. For efficiency, economy, durability, and safety, they are unequaled. Abundant references furnished on application.
SPAULDING & STRATTON,
3 Bible House, 4th-av., Manufacturers and Proprietors.

121. IRON WAREHOUSE 121.
SAMPSONS & BALDWIN,
NO. 121 GREENWICH-ST., NEW-YORK,
Have in store and offer for sale a full assortment of
SWEDES AND HAMMERED IRON,
REFINED AND ENGLISH IRON,
BAND, SCROLL AND HOOP IRON,
OVAL, HALF-OVAL and HALF-ROUND IRON,
ANGLE AND T IRONS, WROUGHT-IRON BEAMS,
HORSE-SHOE IRON—PERU, "BBH," and STITT'S,
HORSE-NAIL RODS—TVF, XLT and N BRANDS,
PLOW, SPRING, TIRE, CAST and GERMAN STEELS.

NEW-YORK WIRE RAILING COMPANY.
HUTCHINSON & WICKERSHAM,
Removed to No. 594 Broadway, New-York,
Next door above Metropolitan Hotel.
Manufacturers and dealers in Iron Railing, Farm Fences, Iron Gates, Verandahs, Iron Furniture, Castings, and general variety of Ornamented Iron Work.

EXCURSIONS.

"FISHING BANKS AHOY."—THE COMMODIOUS, safe and fast sea-steamer CROTON, Capt. R. S. HOFFMIRE, assisted by Capt. NATHAN ANDERSON, Jr., having been put in complete order, will continue her regular trips to the Fishing Banks EVERY DAY except SATURDAY, leaving James-slip, E. R., at 7½ A. M.; Broome-st., E. R., 7¾; Fulton-st., Brooklyn, 8; Spring-st., N. R., 8½; Pier No. 4, N. R., 9. A fine Cotillion Band on board; also, refreshments, bait and fishing tackle supplied. Fare for the excursion 50 cents, affording a fine sail and view of the Bay, Islands, and Fortifications.

SPECIAL EXCURSION TO THE FISHING BANKS.—The Complimentary Benefit to Capt. N. ANDERSON, Jr. The steamer CROTON will make the usual landings on FRIDAY, Sept. 14, 1860. Fare for the excursion 50 cents.

SHOW CASES.—HOFFMAN & FERSCH'S SHOW case warerooms, No. 44 Chatham-st. A general assortment of show cases kept constantly on hand. Old cases taken in exchange. Orders promptly executed.

THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.

[Concluded from First Page.]

erson, Newark and elsewhere. Two of the City Ward Associations, came in the schooner *Stephen A. Douglas*, owned by Mr. John Murphy, which had been launched and christened during the morning. When the various associations had departed, there were still several thousand people on the ground, who remained until nightfall. When there was comparative quiet, the Committee, after having thanked Mr. Sommers, the proprietor of the House, for the excellence of his arrangements, escorted Messrs. Douglas and Johnson to a carriage, and accompanied them to their Hotel. So ended the great Douglas Barbecue.

SERENADE TO MESSRS. DOUGLAS AND JOHNSON.

After the meeting in Jones' Wood, which terminated at half-past five o'clock, the influential friends and supporters of Messrs. Douglas and Johnson followed them to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, which was the scene of much excitement and enthusiasm. Thousands were assembled in front of the hotel, and the different Wards paraded with torchlights. Judge Douglas was serenaded at 10 o'clock. The whole proceedings during the night at the hotel terminated in a most satisfactory manner; and the large crowd separated with giving three lusty cheers for Douglas and Johnson, and "The Union and Non-Intervention." After the serenade was over, Judge Douglas appeared in the balcony, and stated, that owing to exhaustion he could not address them as he should wish. Three lusty cheers were then given after which the proceedings terminated. After the meeting at Jones' Wood was over Mrs. McArthur entertained Judge Douglas and Governor Johnson, with many of their influential friends. While returning from Jones' Wood, the carriage containing Governor Johnson and Senator Spinola broke down, injuring Senator Spinola severely and Gov. Johnson slightly.

MASSACHUSETTS CONVENTIONS.

Douglas Democratic State Convention.

Springfield, Mass., Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The regular Democratic State Convention met here to-day. It was abandoned to the Douglas men by the other wing of the party. Oliver Stevens, of Boston, presided.

In the informal ballot for Governor Judge Pliny Merrick had a large plurality, but after some discussion Erasmus D. Beach, of this City, the candidate for several years previous to last year, was nominated by acclamation. Charles Thompson, of Charlestown, was nominated for Lieutenant-Governor; Isaac Adams, of Boston, as Treasurer; Jas. Easterbrook, of Worcester, for Auditor; Samuel W. Bowman, of Pittsfield, for Secretary of State; and Samuel O. Lamb, of Greenfield, for Attorney-General. Isaac Davis, of Worcester, and Charles Heebner, of Lee, were nominated for Electors at Large.

Strong Douglas and Non-intervention resolutions were adopted, and the feeling of the Convention was decidedly against fusion.

Breckinridge Democratic State Convention.

Boston, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The Breckinridge wing of the Democratic Party assembled in this city to-day, and organized by choosing Geo. B. Loring, of Salem, President.

About 600 delegate were present. The following State Ticket was nominated:

For Governor—B. F. Butler, of Lowell.
For Lieutenant-Governor—David N. Carpenter, of Greenfield.
For Secretary of State—W. W. Comstock, of Middleboro.
For Treasurer—George Dennett, of Boston.
For Auditor—J. W. Mansen, of Fitchburgh.
For Attorney-General—George Washington Warren, of Charlestown.
For Electors at Large—C. W. Chapin, of Springfield, and Eben Sutton, of Danvers.

The Convention was addressed by Isaac H. Wright, Collector Whitney, and others.

Bell and Everett State Convention.

Worcester, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The Bell and Everett Convention is presided over by R. Baker, of Northampton. The hall is crowded with delegates.

Connecticut Breckinridge Democratic State Convention.

New-Haven, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The Breckinridge Convention was organized this morning, by the choice of Hon. R. J. Ingersoll for President, who made a lengthy speech. It was chiefly an attack on the Republicans.

The Convention then adjourned for dinner.

The Convention reassembled at 2 o'clock, and nominated for electors at large, Ralph J. Ingersoll and Thos. H. Seymour; for District Electors, Ephraim H. Hyde, Edward A. Rupell, Joseph Laurence and Edward A. Phelps, with instructions to vote for Breckinridge, if it can elect him, if not, for any National candidate that can defeat Lincoln; also inviting the coöperation of other organizations. The Convention comprises the experienced men of the party, and is enthusiastic. Thirty guns are being fired on the public square.

The Convention advocated fusion strongly, and passed resolutions empowering a Committee to fill any vacancies which might occur. About 350 delegates were present.

Republican Demonstration at Erie, Pa.

Erie, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The Republican Demonstration here to-day was one of great enthusiasm. Some 15,000 people were in attendance, including "Wide-Awake" Clubs from Pittsburgh, Cleveland, nearly all the surrounding towns, and about five hundred from New-York State. Over 1,000 Wide-Awakes with lighted torches joined in a procession to-night, which was over half-an-hour passing a given point.

The meeting was addressed by Hon. B. F. Wade, Hon. Joshua R. Giddings, Gen. Simon Cameron, Cassius M. Clay, Gov. Reeder, and other distinguished gentlemen.

MR. SEWARD'S WESTERN TOUR.

His Reception in Kalamazoo—A Great Demonstration—Female Wide-Awakes—Arrival at Milwaukee—Charles Francis Adams Joins the Party, &c.

From Our Special Correspondent.

Kalamazoo, Saturday, Sept. 8, 1860.

"Welcome to Wm. H. Seward, the Defender of Freedom," meets the eye of the traveler in Michigan,—in city, town and hamlet. Detroit, the metropolis, was outdone by Lansing the Capital. Kalamazoo is hardly behind, although it is raining hard and the people are to be called together again next week to attend a Fair. Jackson was disappointed in being able to detain Mr. Seward only time enough to give him an escort by torch-light at midnight. The Agricultural College of Michigan honored Mr. Seward with the following address, which briefly indicates the sentiment of all classes of people in Michigan:

"In common with the young men of Michigan, we take pride in welcoming you to our State. We have learned to admire you for your talents, love you for your devotion to the cause of truth and humanity, and look to you for instruction in the great principles of civil liberty and equal rights.

We believe in a 'higher law;' we believe that Slavery and Freedom are incompatible, and that the conflict must be 'irrepressible' so long as they are elements of the same Government. We believe that right must finally triumph; that oppression must cease, and we look to the success of Republican principles to restore our Government to its original purity and foster the true spirit of national prosperity.

We take pleasure in addressing you from the halls of the first State Agricultural College in our land, and as a champion of human progress you cannot fail to be an earnest and sincere friend to the cause of education. We should have rejoiced to labor to secure your election to the Chief Magistracy of the nation, but we honor you none the less as the great expounder of the rights of man, and while, in the past, you have presented so clearly before our minds the truths which are at the foundation of every just and stable government, may you be spared many years to bless our common country with your counsels and efforts for the good of the race. Be assured that you live in the hearts of the freedom-loving young men of America."

A new and rather significant feature was introduced into the demonstration at Kalamazoo. Fifty young ladies on horseback, dressed in Wide-Awake uniform, composed a part of the cavalcade. They were all as remarkable for their intellectual and genteel appearance as for their accomplished style of horsemanship. Few ladies graduating from city riding-schools ride with such grace as these female Wide-Awakes of Michigan. Their horses, although spirited animals of the first class, were managed amid the music of countless bands with admirable skill and perfection.

All the usual accompaniments of a great celebration were found in the demonstration of to-day. The greatest sight of all, I think, is the multitude of people from the country, filling the streets through which Mr. Seward and the interminable procession passes. Another equally notable feature, of which Mr. Seward's party have frequently spoken, is the entire absence of intoxication among the people. Neither at Detroit, Lansing, Jackson, Kalamazoo, nor in the smaller towns, was a single drunken man to be seen among the tens of thousands of excited and enthusiastic men. The people of Michigan are in earnest in this ovation. Some persons have said: "O that such demonstrations could be drawn out in the doubtful States—Pennsylvania, Indiana, &c.!" But it can't be done. These manifestations are not "got up." They "whistle" themselves, as the boy said. It is in the nature of the people. Intelligence, love of Freedom and Right, are characteristics of this thriving State.

Mr. Seward, not anticipating such overwhelming attentions, finds that his appointments are too numerous and too near each other. He hardly has an hour for rest, day or night. But he never spoke with more vigor and effect than at Lansing, on Thursday. E.

Milwaukee, Sunday, Sept. 9, 1860.

This beautiful city is in mourning. More than 300 of its citizens were lost in the wreck of the *Lady Elgin*. In consequence of this most terrible disaster no public demonstrations are to be tendered to Gov. Seward. This is no less in accordance with his wish, than with the proprieties of the occasion. His two days' tarry here will afford him much needed rest after a week of excessive labor and excitement. The citizens are quietly showing him very marked and grateful attentions. Extensive preparations had been made for a grand public reception. A number of people on board the lost steamer were coming to Milwaukee from Chicago to see and hear Gov. Seward.

Gen. Rufus King, (son of the venerable President of Columbia College in your City,) the editor of the Milwaukee *Sentinel*, is among the most indefatigable of the leading Republicans of the city in devising means for the comfort and pleasure of Gov. Seward and his party.

Gen. Nye stopped over at Kalamazoo to address the multitude who would not be satisfied with Gov. Seward, Charles Francis Adams and Senator Wade, whose eloquent speeches were abbreviated by the necessity of taking the 2 o'clock train West to fulfill appointments. The General will rejoin the party to-morrow, and speak at Madison on Tuesday with Gov. Seward, Mr. Adams, Senator Doolittle, and others.

From Madison Gov. Seward goes to La Crosse, where he speaks on the 13th. He expects to reach St. Paul on Saturday, the 15th, and after visiting St. Anthony and vicinity he will speak at St. Paul on Tuesday, the 18th. Charles Francis Adams joined Mr. Seward at Kalamazoo; and on the way, at Niles, Michigan City, and other places where Mr. Seward was called out, he introduced Mr. Adams to the people, who received him with much regard and enthusiasm. Lieut.-Gen. Patterson has also been called upon to speak to the impatient multitudes at the various stopping-places on the road.

Gov. Seward's speech at Kalamazoo was the most concise and conclusive refutation of Douglas' pet theory yet made.

Ex-Senator Stuart, and other distinguished Democrats in this region, have at different places called on Mr. Seward, to pay him their personal respect. He alluded to this fact in his last speech, and in a feeling manner acknowledged the generous disposition they evinced.

All the railroad companies on the route extend the courtesy of their roads in every possible way to Gov. Seward—furnishing him with special trains, or delaying them, when possible, to suit his appointments. A new and beautiful sleeping-car was appropriated to the exclusive use of his party on the Michigan Central. The Great Western, the Detroit and Milwaukee, and others, were not less polite and accommodating.

One of the Southern gentlemen, from Alabama, I believe, who joined Mr. Seward's party at Niagara Falls, still remains with them, and attends all the meetings when Mr. Seward speaks. Although somewhat astonished at the manifestations of the people, he says he does not wonder at them. The intelligence, enterprise and thrift he sees among the people of Michigan, compared with those of Alabama, almost persuades him to become a Republican. E.

Political Miscellany.

SMOKED OUT.

The following card appears in the Boston *Journal*:

Boston, Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1860.

I observe that Hon. Henry Wilson, in a speech delivered by him last evening before a Lincoln and Hamlin Club, in Bowden-square, in this city, made use of the following language, as reported in the *Daily Advertiser*:

He had remarked that the Bell and Everett men walked up and down the street with "for sale or to be let" written on their foreheads, and he would again repeat it. The remark had been misinterpreted. He did not mean to apply the remark to the masses of the party, but to their leaders, the Brookses and others who are selling themselves to the Douglas party. Time has shown that they have been for sale, and that they have been bought. In New-Jersey they have done the same with the Breckinridge party. Here they are trying to do the same to defeat somebody in some districts. I do not hesitate to apply the remark to Mr. George Lunt.

The position of Mr. Wilson, as a Senator of Massachusetts in the Congress of the United States, and the specific character of the allegation, make it proper for me to pay some attention to it. It is sufficient for me to require of Mr. Wilson his proofs. I do so; and demand that he shall make good his assertion, or, in default thereof, to stand in that position before a candid public to which he will be subjected by the judgment of all just and good men. GEORGE LUNT.

WHOSE FAULT WILL IT BE?

The Mobile *Register*, edited by Hon. John Forsyth, makes the following emphatic expression: "If Lincoln is elected, it will be the fault of these bolters, who have divided the only party that could defeat him, and which it is now certain would have beaten him but for that treasonable bolt. We therefore say that these men, who pursue the sure means of electing a Black Republican, and then, taking advantage of their own wrong, proceed to rebel against the Government which they have placed in this terrible dilemma, will deserve before God and man to be hung as high as Haman. They will be guilty of a double treason—first, against the South, for compassing the triumph of its enemies in the Federal Administration, and, second, against the Government of their own making."

MR. DOUGLAS AND HIS FRIENDS.

The Richmond *Enquirer* says: It is time that deluded Democrats should begin to examine carefully the ground upon which they stand. The attitude of Douglas on the stump is more that of a supporter of Bell than a Presidential candidate. Will not the recent vote of his native State overpower him with shame? Can he hold his head up after his overwhelming defeat there. Vermont was to be, according to his clamorous friends, his first gun—a diminished majority of the Republicans, of at least ten thousand, was expected through the influence of his towering name! What is the result? A reported increase in their favor and directly adverse to himself of from three to five thousand! Verily, this is an auspicious beginning for the Vermont Democratic favorite of the Northern people. More and more are we confirmed in the belief that so great a favorite is he throughout the Union, that he will not receive a vote in a non-Slaveholding State, as, we repeat, he assuredly will not in a Slaveholding State.

ON A VISIT.

The Hartford Wide-Awakes are going to return the visit recently made them by their friends of Newark, N. J. They are to leave Hartford on Tuesday, the 25th inst., and will return home on the Wednesday night or Thursday morning following.

THE NEW-YORK FUSION.

Ex-Gov. Seymour, of Connecticut, writes as follows to Mr. Burr, of the Hartford *Times*:

Hartford, Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1860.

Mr. Burr—*Dear Sir*: I see it stated in the *Post* of this morning, on the authority of an article in the Albany *Argus*, that I have "promised to speak" at the Douglas demonstration to be held in Jones' Wood, New-York, on Wednesday of this week!

Never having been honored by an invitation to speak at any such meeting, you will see at once that the notice is quite premature. Besides, as I have engaged to attend the Mass Convention of the National Democracy of Connecticut, which is to be held at New-Haven on Wednesday, the 12th inst., the impossibility of my being at two places at the same time will strike you at once.

As it regards Democratic movements in New-York, they will have my best wishes just so far as they may help to bring about a *union* which would defeat Lincoln before the people, and no further. Without giving myself special trouble as to the political affairs of other States, I reserve what little aid I may be able to give to the Democratic Party, or any branch or reorganization of it, for things at home.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. H. SEYMOUR.

ADVICE TO REPUBLICANS IN MARYLAND.

Hon. W. Pinkney Ewing, of Elkton, Maryland, publishes a letter in the *Border State*, which he recently wrote to a friend who favors the election of Lincoln and Hamlin, but who expects to vote for Bell and Everett to keep the State out of the hands of the disunionists. He urges that the inability of Lincoln and Hamlin to carry Maryland is no reason at all for voting for Bell. Every vote cast for the former in a Slave State helps to crush out disunion sentiments in the South. Further than this, if Lincoln cannot be elected the Republican Party may be made the opposition party in Maryland by voting for him, and the foundation for such an organization cannot be laid there too early or too deeply. Principles, Mr. Ewing urges in conclusion, should be voted for regardless of consequences.

STARTLING.

The meeting to nominate Judge Taney for President, and Judge Nelson for Vice-President, called some time since, assembled at Leonardtown, Md., on the 1st inst. The St. Mary's *Beacon* says it was attended by a large number of Democrats of the county. George W. Morgan, Esq., presided, with Dr. Thomas J. Stone as Vice-President, and R. C. Coombs as Secretary. Speeches were made by B. G. Harris, G. C. Morgan, and Vernon Dorsey, after which resolutions were adopted requesting Breckinridge and Lane, and Douglas and Johnson, to withdraw from the contest, and nominating Chief-Justice Taney, of Maryland, and Judge Nelson, of New-York, as the Democratic candidates for President and Vice-President. A Committee of Correspondence, to carry out the object in view, was appointed, to report to an adjourned meeting.

SENATOR MASON.

Hon. J. M. Mason arrived in Wheeling, Va., on Friday last, and was serenaded on the same evening, at his hotel. He promised to address the citizens of the place to-day.

STILL THEY COME.

Over one hundred voters in the Ninth and Tenth Wards of Albany, who have been identified with the American Party hitherto, but who are now favorable to the election of Lincoln and Hamlin, sign a call which appears in the *Evening Journal*, urging their late associates to coöperate with them to secure the end for which they are now laboring.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

The Five Points Children at Palace Garden.—With the hope of replenishing the exhausted funds of the Five Points House of Industry, rendered so necessary by the near approach of cold weather, the managers yesterday held a Picnic and exhibition at Palace Garden. The National Guard Band was engaged for the occasion, and long before the hour for beginning the exercises, discoursed inviting music from the stand inside the inclosure. The children were there also at an early hour, to the number of over two hundred, tidily dressed, who rollicked, frolicked, danced and marched over the grounds, waiting for their friends and the needful quarters to come in. The day, however, was inauspicious, and few except some old familiar friends of the Home found their way through the gusty, dusty streets, to the place of exhibition. At the hour designated for the exercises to begin not over fifty or sixty persons had assembled, the large majority being ladies. Nothing discouraged, however, Mr. Barlow, the Superintendent of the Institution, proceeded with the programme, which consisted of singing by the children, interspersed by music from the band. The principal features of the entertainment were the performance of several very clever tricks of magic and attempts at ventriloquism by Mr. Bacon, who is connected with the Sunday School. Two bright little girls, named Kate and Lena Fox, were introduced by Mr. Barlow, and a brief but touching history given of the circumstances under which he found them, living in a miserable garret in Leonard-street, their mother having died, and the father being incapable, from drunkenness, of providing for them. They sang "I ought to love my mother," which moved many to tears. It is to be regretted that the exhibition should have realized so little.

Destructive Fire in Ann-street.—About 7½ o'clock last evening the chimney at No. 8 Ann-street took fire, and the firemen having got at work, it was thought that the flames were speedily extinguished. An hour had scarcely elapsed before the fire broke out again on the second floor of both Nos. 8 and 10, occupied by Calvin E. Hull, dealer in patent medicines, and it had attained considerable headway before it was discovered. Considerable damage resulted. Mr. Hull's loss amounts to about $1,000; insured. The third floor was used as a printing-office by Hilton & Gallagher; damage, $3,000; insured. The fourth floor was occupied by Dunham, Hiltz & Johnson as a book-bindery; loss, $500; insured for $1,000. Messrs. Sheldon & Co. had a quantity of books in the bindery which were damaged to the extent of $200; insured for $300 in the Homestead Company. There were also in the place a quantity of publications owned by various parties, the aggregate loss of whom will probably reach $1,000. H. B. Jones' boot and shoe store was on the first floor; loss on stock about $2,100; insured for $7,000 in the North American and Homestead Company. The buildings, owned by a Mr. Gillett, were damaged to the extent of about $500; insured. The stock of Mr. Bassford, manufacturer of pianos and billiard tables in No. 12 Ann-street, was slightly damaged by water. The fire being in the buildings adjoining Barnum's Museum, which as usual was thronged with people, occasioned for a time much excitement among the audience, many of whom deemed it prudent to leave the building.

British Appreciation of American Courage and Humanity.—On the 22d January last, Capt. Young, commanding the ship *Harvest Queen*, one of C. H. Marshall's liners, had the good fortune to rescue from certain death the captain, owner, crew and passengers of the British brig *Xiphies*, bound from St. John to Liverpool. On Monday Capt. Young and Mr. Stowell were the recipients, through the Hon. Secretary of State, of appropriate testimonials from the British Government, for the courage and humanity exhibited by them on this occasion. To Capt. Young was transmitted a beautiful gold chronometer watch, with an appropriate inscription, and to Mr. Stowell a valuable silver-mounted telescope, bearing the following inscription:—"Presented by the British Government to Mr. James C. Stowell, chief mate of the U. S. ship *Harvest Queen*, in testimony of his gallant conduct on the occasion of the rescue of the master and crew of the *Xiphies* of St. John, N. B., on the 22d Jan., 1860. The watch and telescope were accompanied by a very complimentary letter from Lord Lyons, the British Ambassador—the presentation being made through the Collector of the Port.

An Ominous Sign.—About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, the time appointed for Mr. Douglas to commence his long looked-for oration at Jones' Wood, his banner in front of Tammany Hall was lowered, amid the loud cheers of a few Breckinridge spectators. The banner has been for some time in a bad way, and appears to have been unequal, from the very commencement, to the duty imposed upon it. During yesterday and to-day, an adverse wind made terrible havoc with the Douglas Presidential canvas, and its supporters have, for the second time, taken it down, in order to mend the party split. We fear that new materials are wanted to make it wind and water-proof. In the disaster of yesterday, a horse was knocked over, but he picked himself up very quickly, without sustaining any serious damage. Nothing else was hurt.

Board of Police Commissioners.—The Board met yesterday, and made the following transfers of patrolmen: Edward Merrit, from the Nineteenth to the Twelfth Precinct; James Leary from the Sixth to the Ninth; Sam. L. Downing from the Sixth to the Seventeenth, and John G. Blauvelt from the Ninth to the Twenty-first. Officer O'Connor of the Fourteenth Precinct was temporarily appointed roundsman, vice Polly, transferred to Westchester Co. The following appointments were made: Caleb T. Foster, Seventeenth Precinct; Frederick Droge, Fourth; Henry Theobald, Fourth; Alfred West, Twenty-first; Henry Corlett, Fourteenth, and Obed Firth, Twenty-first. The four gentlemen connected with the telegraphic department as operators, were sworn in as policemen, in order to obviate the confusion that has existed with reference to paying their salaries. They have heretofore been paid by the Comptroller from the City Fund, hereafter they will receive their money from the police appropriation.

Croton Department.—Only one bid was opened at this Department yesterday, and that was for a sewer in Fifty-ninth-street, from Eighth-avenue to Hudson River, awarded to Jeremiah Croley, surety $8,000. Proposals for a sewer in Seventy-first-street, from Fourth-avenue to the East River, were withdrawn. With reference to the work on the Fourth-avenue mains, the Board, after a careful consideration of the Mayor's last communication, have decided not to resume the work until a more definite understanding shall have been reached as to the Mayor's intentions.

Fatal Casualty on a Steamship.—Coroner Jackman yesterday held an inquest on board the *City of Washington*, on the body of Mathew Gilmore, a native of Scotland, 30 years of age, who was struck on the head by the cross-beam of the engine and instantly killed. Deceased, it appeared, was one of the engineers of the vessel, and while leaning over among the machinery, which was in operation at the time, he received the fatal blow as stated. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

Rescued from Drowning—A Gallant Act.—Yesterday morning, a 'longshoreman accidentally fell overboard from the foot of old Slip, and being unable to swim he would no doubt have been drowned but for the timely appearance of Mr. P. E. Kelly, U. S. Revenue Inspector, who seeing his position instantly plunged into the water, and after a hard struggle succeeded in gaining the side of a vessel, when a rope was lowered, and both were hauled on board.

Supposed Slaver.—The bark *Weather Gage*, which had been loading at Pier No. 44 North River, hauled out last evening and anchored under Jersey City. Suspicions were entertained that she was about to be engaged in the slave-trade. Surveyor Hart this this morning, together with two United States officers, proceeded on board and seized her. She will remain in charge of the officers until an investigation can be had.

A Little Boy Drowned.—On Saturday last, John Sonday, Jr., a boy 6 years of age, residing at No. 209 Sixth-street, was sent on an errand by his mother, and a short time thereafter was seen, with other lads, following a funeral *cortége* to the Tenth-street Ferry. Nothing further could be learned of him until yesterday, when his body was found in the water at the foot of Eleventh-street. An inquest by Coroner O'Keefe resulted in a verdict of supposed accidental drowning.

The Result of a Fluid-Lamp Explosion.—On the 1st inst., Mrs. Sarah Bryden, residing at No. 201 East Twenty-first-street, was fatally burned by the explosion of a can of burning-fluid in her hands, and in her efforts to smother the flames she set fire to the clothing of her little boy, Alfred, aged 3 years. Mrs. Bryden died within a few hours after the occurrence of the accident, and yesterday the death of her child resulted. An inquest was held on the body by Coroner Schirmer.

Complimentary Fishing Excursion.—The numerous friends of Capt. N. Anderson, of the steamer *Croton*, who have been the recipients of his kindness and courtesy during the past season on the fishing excursions, have tendered to him the merited compliment of an excursion for his benefit, and which takes place on Friday. The Captain has made troops of friends, who will doubtless be glad to testify, by their presence, their appreciation of his worth. The advertisement will show the hours of departure.

Suicide.—A man named James Burns, residing at No. 487 Tenth-avenue, committed self-destruction yesterday by severing the arteries of both his arms with a razor. He had bled to death before his situation became known. Coroner Jackman will hold an inquest upon the body, and the cause which prompted the act will probably be developed by the testimony. Deceased leaves a widow and six children.

New-York Juvenile Asylum—An Interesting Service.—The thirty-six children sent out from this Institution to Western homes during the present week, attended Madison-square Church on Sabbath afternoon, and interested the congregation by their sweet singing and chaunting. Recent investigations of Mr. Allen, their indenturing agent, has satisfied the Directors that the children previously disposed of are generally giving satisfaction.

Swans for Central Park.—The Vintners' Society of the City of London have, through Mr. T. W. Kinnard, sent to Mr. August Belmont fifty swans for the use of the Central Park.

For Europe.—The Cunard steamer *Africa*, Capt. Shannon, left yesterday for Liverpool with 57 passengers, and $350,000 in specie and $30,000 in bank bills.

Consecration of a new Jewish Synagogue.

The consecration of the new building erected by the congregation "Shearith Israel," of this City, situated on Nineteenth-street, west of Fifth-avenue, took place yesterday afternoon. The edifice is a magnificent one, built of Dorchester drab stone, and combining the Corinthian and Doric styles of architecture. The interior is handsomely fitted up, and decorated with Scagliola columns and entablatures. The ark is a very beautiful structure of rich marbles and rosewood, flanked by four columns of marble, splendidly grained, and the whole is surmounted by a very handsome dome of iron, which is lit with 600 jets of gas. Among the gentlemen present were Rev. Dr. Beeswick of the Swedenborgian Church, Rev. Dr. Bardy, Rev. M. R. de Leeuven, Hon. Charles King, President of Columbia College, Messrs. R. L. Stuart, A.H. Green, P. J. Joachimssen, and many other prominent citizens. At 5 P. M. the ceremonies commenced by the chazan (minister) knocking at the door three times and chanting, "Open the door of righteousness that I may enter and praise the Lord. The choir responded, "This is the gate of the Lord; the righteous shall enter therin." The Trustees of the congregation then entered, bearing the scrolls of the Law handsomely decorated with silver ornaments. They made seven circuits of the building, the Reader and choir chanting a different hymn at each circuit. The ark was then opened, and the perpetual lamp lit. After the circuits were concluded the scrolls of the Law were returned to the Ark, when Rev. Dr. Fischell, the Rabbi preacher, ascended the pulpit and preached from the following text: "Those that be planted in the House of the Lord shall flourish in the courts of our God." (Psalm xcii., verse 13.) The minister then offered up a prayer for the welfare of the President of the United States and the General Government, followed by another for the congregation. A prayer was then chanted by the same gentleman, when the proceedings concluded with a hymn sung by the choir.

The Manufacture of Citizens—Business Active at the City Hall.

As the time of the National election approaches, its usual effect of increasing activity at the Naturalization Office becomes apparent. For the past few days the number of persons taking out papers of citizenship has been nearly double the ordinary rate. During the present week no less than a hundred and fifty American citizens have been manufactured at the City Hall from stock of various origin and growth. The books of the Commissioner show that nearly two-thirds of all the foreigners naturalized are from Germany, the remaining third consisting almost entirely of Irish. The patriotic spirit of Englishmen prevents the most of that class among us from renouncing allegiance to the plum pudding and roast beef of "Hold Hengland;" and our Gallic citizens are generally unwilling to exchange imperial glories for Republican freedom. Quite a number of Italians take out the "first papers," but for the most part remove to the more genial climate of California before the time arrives for taking the oath of allegiance. A private arrangement of the Commissioner for furnishing certificates of citizenship, executed in different styles of art, furnishes an excellent means for illustrating the difference of national characteristics belonging to the various patrons of his office. At first, in addition to the ordinarily printed forms which are furnished at the public expense, engrossed parchment certificates were provided, very elaborately adorned with illuminated headings, and colored seal and ribbon. This was furnished to those who were willing to pay a small amount for a more durable and showy evidence of their dignity as citizens of a free country, than the ordinarily printed form. Many of these were taken by the Germans, who deemed the event of their citizenship of sufficient importance to merit such commemoration. But the Celtic love of getting the best at the price of the poorest, induced the Commissioner to make a compromise between the two extremes, and furnish certificates less elaborate than the best, but more so than the forms provided by the office. The medium certificates are those which the Irish usually select.

Yesterday about fifty persons, nearly all Germans, took the oath of allegiance before Judge Hilton, and received their papers. As they left the Hall in groups, it was plain to be seen, by their animated conversation and expression of face, that they took a pride in the new responsibilities they had assumed, as citizens of a free Republic. In answer to inquiries, several of them expressed their political preferences. It is needless to say that they were disciples of Republicanism. The naturalized German vote, the country over, may be safely counted for Lincoln.

Police Reports.

PASSING COUNTERFEIT MONEY.

Harry Smith, an Englishman, who claims to have been a waiter at the Palace Garden ever since the establishment has been open, was taken before Justice Connolly on a charge of having passed a counterfeit $2 bill on the Bank of Middlebury, Vt., at the store of Benjamin Hadley, No. 70 Sixth-avenue, in payment for an earthenware jar, worth 37 cents, and also another bill, of similar description, for refreshments at the Charter Oak saloon, corner of Broadway and Eighth-street. The accused stated that the worthless bills had been given him by the proprietors of the Malta Saloon, Broadway, with directions to purchase hams and other provisions for the Douglas barbecue. He was committed for examination. Another man, named Thomas Flynn, attempted to swindle the keeper of the drinking-place, No. 80 West-street, with one of the same counterfeits. He was arrested by Officer Codett, of the First Ward, and Justice Kelly held him for trial.

A SOUL ABOVE WAX-ENDS.

John Edwards, a young shoemaker, desiring more money than he could earn by his trade, in a state of dissatisfaction with himself and his employment, sallied out in search of some cash. At the corner of Thirty-first-street and Second-avenue, he observed a gentleman, who wore a heavy watch chain, intently gazing at an approaching target company, and, deeming the opportunity a good one, he tore the chain, with the watch attached to it, from the gentleman's pocket, and ran. Officer Moore, of the Twenty-first Ward, witnessed the transaction, and, after chasing the thief a long distance, overtook and secured him. The prisoner was taken before Justice Connolly, who held him for trial. Mr. William Cully, of No. 291 Fifth-avenue, was the gentleman in question, and his property was not recovered, Edwards having disposed of it in some manner during his flight.

MAN'S ARM BROKEN IN A STREET ENCOUNTER.

A number of men engaged in a dispute yesterday morning at the corner of Bowery and Broome-street, and finally Patrick McCudden, one of the brawling individuals, who had a musket in his hand, raised it and struck Hugh Campbell, another of the party, a blow upon the arm, which fractured the bone. Campbell was otherwise so badly beaten that his life is endangered. Officer Ahrens, of the Tenth Precinct, heard the disturbance, and hastening to the spot arrested McCudden, who was held by Justice Steers, in $500 bail, to answer for the assault. The prisoner claims to be a special Deputy Sheriff, appointed to preserve order at Niblo's Garden.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

A Fight with Sledge-Hammers.—Two blacksmiths, named John Pumphrey and Patrick Doran, employed in a shop near the railroad depôt, Bedford, had a quarrel on Tuesday evening, when each seized a sledge-hammer and commenced the fight in earnest. Both were seriously, if not fatally, injured, and were carried away by their friends in an insensible condition.

New City Railroad.—The Newtown and Brooklyn Railroad Company has been fully organized, and work will be commenced on their road at the earliest practicable moment. This road will commence at Fulton ferry and pass by Catharine and Bridge-street ferry, and from thence through the Eastern District to Newtown.

Political.—John Snitkey has been placed in nomination for Assembly by the Breckinridge Democracy of the Sixth District—Thirteenth and Fourteenth Wards. The same party has nominated Oliver T. Beard in the Third Assembly District, and in the Fifth District, John Lynch is the nominee.

Shoplifter Arrested.—Jane Lilly, a well-known shoplifter, was arrested last evening by Officer Casler, of the Fourth Precinct, while in the act of stealing goods from Butler's dry-goods store, No. 399 Fulton-avenue. She was committed for trial.

Burglar Committed.—Geo. Wiley, arrested for committing burglary at the house of Charles Drake, on Clinton, near Carroll-street, was yesterday examined before Justice Cornwell, and committed in full for trial.

The New Gas Company.—The Citizen Gas Light Company have completed their works for the manufacture of gas, and are now laying their street mains.

Horticultural.—The annual Fall exhibition of the Brooklyn Horticultural Society will be opened at Montague Hall, (not at the Athenæum, as heretofore,) on the 19th inst.

Suicide.—The body of George Robinson, pocket-book manufacturer, No. 40 Fulton-street, who has been missing since Friday last, was found on Tuesday in the Bay, near Staten Island.

New Counterfeit.—Counterfeit $2 bills on the Middlebury Bank, Vermont, were circulated in this city yesterday.

Body Found.—The body of a male infant was found yesterday morning on a lot, corner of Hickory-street and Grand-avenue.

New-Jersey.

Appointments.—The Board of Aldermen of Jersey City, on Tuesday night, made the following appointments: Orestes Cleveland, a member of the Board of Education, to fill a vacancy; Wm. Birkbeck, a member of the Board of Water Commissioners.

Licensing Inns and Taverns.—The Common Council of Jersey City, at their last meeting, issued 38 licenses to keep inns and taverns.

Military and Naval Intelligence.

TWO INDIAN BATTLES.

Captain Sturges' report of a battle with the Kiowa Indians states that, accompanied by friendly red skins, he pursued the enemy for some days in the neighborhood of Fort Arbukle and Fort Cobb, and finally had an engagement, the result of which was the total route of the Kiowas, of whom 43 were found dead on the field. The battle took place near Fort Kearney. The soldiers who participated in the engagement belonged to companies A, B, C, D, E and I, First Cavalry, about 300 men all told. Captain Sturges, on the 27th of August, was at Fort Riley, Kansas Territory, where he arrived to recruit "man and horse." Like all other officers writing from the West, he complains of the emaciated condition of the horses of his regiment, owing to the dearth of grass, &c.

A new military post called the "Gila Copper Mines" has been established in New-Mexico. It is situated in the centre of a wild and sparsely populated district, not very congenial to the tastes of soldiers, as men are said to be deserting from it already. A strong force of the Seventh Infantry constitutes the garrison of the new station. The troops of the "Gila" have had no fighting to do thus far. Lieut. Weed, of the Fourth Artillery, reports from Shell Creek station, U. T., under date of the 15th of August, that the Indians ran away with the stock at his post, and wounded the express rider. He recommends, as suitable localities for cantonments, Willow Springs, Egan Cañon, Dry Creek and Smith's Creek. The Lieutenant and his party had an engagement with the Indians on the 12th of August, which resulted in the flight of the latter. Corporal Mitchell and privates Joseph Henry and Thomas Conly were dangerously wounded; one Indian was killed and four were wounded. Corporal Mitchell and privates Armstrong, Lackey and Henry are spoken of in strong terms of approbation for their conduct "in the fray."

Lieutenant-Colonel Smith, of the Tenth Infantry, at Camp Floyd, writing on the 14th of August, says that the scattered state of the troops under his command, and the many interests to be guarded at the regular Utah posts, prevent him from obeying that portion of the Secretary of War's order, which directed the establishment of several military stations in the Department. He hoped, however, on the arrival of the recruits and Col. Cooke, to be able to comply with Mr. Floyd's request.

A detachment of troops, recently going from Camp Floyd to Carson City, marched 545 miles. Grass and fuel were tolerably good on the way.

The brig-of-war *Perry*, which was attached to the Paraguay Expedition, not having been "cleared out" on her return, was yesterday taken in hands at the Brooklyn Navy-yard to be dismasted and made ready for further orders. The *Perry* is in good condition.

We have a letter from the Pacific Squadron, which says that the steam frigate *Saranac* may be considered virtually withdrawn from squadron duty until 1861. She is said to be in a wretched state, and a survey held on her, demonstrated the fact that it would take eight months, and cost some $50,000, to put her in proper trim. How her officers and men will be disposed of while she is undergoing repairs, has not transpired.

The Americans in Southern Europe are again exercised about the "shabby figure cut in the Mediterranean by the American navy," the little gunboat *Iroquois* being its only representative there. They expected the *Susquehanna* a month ago, and are now daily looking out for the *Richmond*. We have reason to believe that the new squadron in the Straits will consist of three vessels.

A naval general court-martial had at last advices convened on board the corvette *St. Marys*, for the trial of delinquent officers and men. All hands on the Pacific squadron are a little troublesome, as trials of offenders and desertions are the chief items of news we receive from it.

Applicants for admission to the navy are continually visiting the Navy-yard in dozens. When a ship is ordered for sea, the naval station at which she is to be equipped swarms for days with all sorts of unemployed landsmen and mariners. It is believed by those competent to judge, that, in case of necessity, we could muster 10,000 seamen, and ten times as many landsmen, within a month. Respectably dressed young men frequently come expressly from the country to enter the service. Over a dozen such, who enlisted especially for the Mediterranean in the *Susquehanna*, are now *en route* to Vera Cruz, where they will probably take French leave, in revenge for their disappointment.

[Advertisement.]

Knox's Hats.—The Fall and Winter fashion for gentlemen's Hats is a very becoming one, and Knox, the celebrated hatter, is turning out specimens calculated to gratify the most exacting taste. Knox's Hats are always popular with those who love an excellent article at a reasonable price, but his present novelty attracts unusual attention, and the daily crowd at the northeast corner of Broadway and Fulton-street, well attests his surprising success.

[Advertisement.]

Strangers in the City should not fail to visit the Phrenological Cabinet and Museum of Fowler & Wells, No. 308 Broadway. Here may be seen (admission free) busts and casts from the heads of many of the most distinguished and notorious men of the age—Statesmen, Orators, Philosophers, Murderers, Thieves, &c., &c. Complete Phrenological Delineations of Character, with full descriptions given when desired.

[Advertisement.]

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

AT GURNEY'S GALLERY.

The only correct likeness in the United States of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, on exhibition at Gurney's Gallery.

J. GURNEY & SON, No. 707 Broadway.

Copies for sale.

[Advertisement.]

Dr. C. D. Hammond, Author of *The Fallacy of Cauterization Exposed*, treats all affections of peculiar importance to the sexes. Varicocele radically cured by a new and painless process. (See his late Work on Special diseases.) No. 658 Broadway, corner of Bond-street, first floor, up stairs, from 9 to 3, and 6 to 9 evening. Consultation en Français.

[Advertisement.]

Diphtheria.—Distressing accounts reach us from all quarters of the frightful ravages of this disease. We confidently recommend Holloway's Pills and Ointment as the only medicines that have hitherto proved themselves capable of grappling successfully with it.

[Advertisement.]

Herring's Patent Champion Fire Proof Safes, No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-street, opposite City Hall, New-York.

Markets by Telegraph.

Oswego, Wednesday, Sept. 12—6 P. M.

Flour unchanged, at $5 50 for extra State; $7 for favorite double extra city brands. Wheat market closes with fair demand; sales 5,000 bushels Milwaukee Club, at $1 25; 12,000 bushels No. 2 Chicago Spring, at $1 16; 12,000 bushels Winter red Western, at $1 26. Corn is held at 58c., without sales. Other grades quiet. Canal Freights steady at 36c. on Flour; 12c. on Wheat; 11½c. on Corn, to New-York. *Lake Imports*—400 bbls. Flour; 116,900 bushels Wheat; 6,000 bushels Corn; 7,000 bushels Barley. *Canal Exports*—300 bbls. Flour; 42,700 bushels Wheat; 20.500 bushels Corn; 62,000 bushels Barley; 3,300 bushels Rye.

Buffalo, Wednesday, Sept. 12—6 P. M.

Flour scarce, firm and in good demand. Wheat less firm, but in moderate demand; sales 25,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club, at $1 16@$1 17; 5,000 bushels Red Winter, at $1 11; 12,000 bushels No. 1 Chicago Spring, at $1 12. Corn dull: sales 5,000 bush. at 55c. Other grains quiet and unchanged. Whisky nominal at 23c. Canal Freights—61c. on Flour, 17c. on Wheat, 16c. on Corn, to New-York. *Lake Imports*—900 bbls. Flour, 280,000 bush. Wheat, 12,000 bush. Corn. *Canal Exports*—77,000 bush. Wheat, 24,000 bush. Corn.

Chicago, Tuesday, Sept. 12—6 P. M.

Flour dull and tending downward. Wheat dull, and 4c.@5c. lower for Spring, and 2c.@3c. lower for Red; sales, 40,000 bushels at 90c.@91c., for No. 1 Spring; 87c.@88c., for No. 2, do.; $1 03 for No. 1 Red, in store. Corn dull: sales, 5,000 bushels at 37c.@39c., in store. Oats dull. *Receipts*—4,100 bbls. Flour, 168,000 bushels Wheat, 26,000 bushels Corn. *Shipments*—1,500 bbls. Flour, 95,000 bushels Wheat, 55,000 bushels Corn. Freights advancing—16c. on Wheat to Buffalo. Sight Exchange on New-York, ⅜ ℔ cent. premium.

Philadelphia, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

Flour firm at $6 25@$6 75 for superfine. Wheat unchanged; white, $1 45; red, $1 39@$1 43. Corn scarce; yellow, 75c. Bacon, 10c.@10¼c. for shoulders; 12c.@12¼c. for sides. Whisky is held at 24¼c.@25c. Coffee advanced ¼c.; Rio 13½c.@14⅛c.

Baltimore, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

Flour steady at $6 for superfine. Wheat active; red $1 30@$1 47; white $1 45@$1 75. Corn quiet; yellow 70c.@73c.; white 71c.@73c. Provisions quiet; Mess Pork, $19 75; Prime, $15; Rump, $14 50. Coffee active; Rio 13½c.@15c. Whisky steady at 23¾c.@24.

New-Orleans, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

Cotton market closed with a declining tendency, and declined ⅛c.; sales, to-day, 2,200 bales, at 10¾c.@10⅞c. for middling. Corn firm, at 75c.@80c. Whisky—Rectified at 23c. Freights—Cotton to Liverpool 11s-16d, The rest of the market unchanged.

New-Orleans, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

The quotations of Cotton, given on Monday as for middling, were incorrect. The true prices are 10¾c.@10⅞c. for middling; and 11c.@11¼c. for good middling.

Cincinnati, Wednesday, Sept. 12.

Flour very dull; quotations are nominal; sales unimportant. Wheat dull. Corn firm. Provisions dull; Mess Pork, $19. Money Market unchanged. Sight Exchange on New-York dull at ⅜ ℔ cent. prem.

Passengers Arrived.

Sept. 12—*In steamship Illinois, from Southampton and Havre*—R. Uhlman and lady, Miss B. Uhlman, Miss L. Uhlman, Miss J. Uhlman, Miss N. Uhlman, S. F. Mills and lady, Master S. Mills, Master J. Mills, Miss Mills and maid, Mrs. Ball, Miss Carrie Ball, Miss Jennie Ball, Miss E. H. Parsley, Miss G. E. Mitchell, A. Marchand, lady and child, Mr. Brandner, Mr. Bartholemew, C. Pamier, Mr. Baily, Jos. Nurgass, Mr. Locherpin and lady, Leon Chantard, Dr. Robt. J. Sponer, A. Schloss and wife, A. F. Bloch, J. V. Escott, W. H. Walker, Mrs. Osmond, Miss J. Sharl, Dr. T. H. Kinsman, P. Agnus, A. Berjnot, A. Ganot and wife, Miss Anna Von Berg, John Belcher and wife, G. N. Schultz, A. Duboec, S. Butasin, H. Fargneo and sister, G. Emmert, J. Siegel, Rev. L. de Sarasoeno, Rev. G. de Montetacatose, Mr. Kinsle, wife and child, Mrs. Marie Grozinger, Catherine Pefts, J. Lodergerber and son, Jos. Aguand, wife and child, O. Lattine, G. Lahr, Mrs. Garba, Mrs. Gluick, M. Martin, J. Handmiller, A. Arnaud, E. Gauchy, H. Hentermoister, Mrs. Grisham and daughter, Mrs. F. Naier, C. Guidici, P. Francioli, Mr. Ronneau, J. C. Muller, C. Wahl, L. Villiers, Mr. Hirsch and lady, and 231 in 3d cabin.

In Steamship North Star, from Aspinwall.—Wm. R. Garrison, lady and infant and servant; J. S. Wetherel and lady, Mr. Boveron, lady and daughter; J. H. Scranton, Mrs. Grow Stilwell and child, S. Figil, T. J. Pearce, Lieut. Reynolds, U. S. A., and child; S. S. Johnson, J. Cushman, J. J. Westbrook, St. Joseph; E. Fox, lady and infant and servant; Mons. Bouvier and wife, E. W. Cole and lady, Lewis Dibble, Leonard Western, J. F. Griffith, D. C. Haskin, F. Todd, B. Randall, G. D. Roberts, Thos. White, L. Miller, Louis D. Bevieceo, Mrs. Kimball and infant, Chas. Geigie, Capt. Ira F. Crowell, J. Hyman—27 Second Cabin and 132 Steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 5 38 | Sun sets.... 6 14 | Moon rises... 3 34

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 6 12 | Gov. Island. 7 01 | Hell Gate... 8 23

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, Sept. 12.

Cleared.

Steamer Octorara, Lampher, Baltimore.

Ships Hartford, Davis, Savannah, D. C. Murray; Alboni, Barnaby, London.

Barks France and Bretagne, (Fr.,) Lafontaine, Bordeaux, Funke & Meinke.

Brigs D. Trowbridge, Neal, Demerara, D. Trowbridge; Mary Ann, Cole, Jacksonville, P. I. Nevius; Helen Jane, Rogers, San Domingo City, J. & Smith; G. T. Ward, Briggs, St. Mark's, Brodie & Pettes.

Schooners Cactus, Furber, Brazos, J. & N. Smith; Caspian, Myer, Point-au-Petre, ——; Osprey, Smith, Washington, master; Kate L. Bruce, Stone, Lavacca, McCready, Mott & Co.; Wythe, Tuttle, Richmond, ——; M. Y. Davis, Johnson, Savannah, McCready, Mott & Co.; M. D. Lane, Dagard, East Harbor, H. Tappen; S. Bruen, Douglas, Georgetown, Dollner & Potter; D. B. Warren, Cannor, Charleston, McCready, Mott & Co.; E. L. Day, Hackney, Philadelphia, ——; Adele, Ireland, Wilmington, D. C. Murray; Plymouth Rock, Norris, Boston, Dayton & Co.; Ocean Wave, Flewelling, St. John, N. B., P. I. Nevius & Son; Col. Satterly, Kempton, Wilmington, ——.

Arrived.

Steamship North Star, Jones, Aspinwall Sept. 4, with specie and 202 passengers to D. B. Allen. The North Star sld. from New-York Aug. 21, at 12:30 P. M., arrived at Aspinwall Aug. 29, at 9 P. M.; sld. from thence Sept. 4, at 11 A. M.; arrived off the Battery at 10 A. M. Left at Aspinwall, U. S. frigate Sabine, U. S. storeship Falmouth, Br. brig Bolivar; bark Xantha, Capt. Tuthill, sld. for New-York on the morning of the 4th.

Steamship Illinois, Perry, Havre Aug. 29, and Southampton same night, with mdse. and passengers to D. Torrance. No date, lat. 40 30 N., lon. 68 03 W., signalized ship Rhine, strg. W.

Steamship Boston, Crocker, Philadelphia and Cape May, with mdse. and passengers to F. Perkins.

Steamer Anthracite, Jones, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer Wamsutta, Arey, New-Bedford, with mdse. and passengers to master.

Steamer Albatross, Jones, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Steamer Dawn, Ferry, New-Bedford, with mdse. to Barstow & Pope.

Steamer Concord, Norman, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Ship Helene, (Rus.,) Raschen, City Point 4 ds., with tobacco, &c., to E. Pavenstedt & Co.; is bound to Bremen; put into this port for repairs, having experienced a heavy N. E. gale, during which sprung a leak, and is at present leaking about 4 inches per hour. 9th inst., 15 miles E. of Nantucket Shoals, at 12:15 P. M., passed steamship Vanderbilt, hence for Southampton and Havre. Same day, at 1 P. M., passed steamship City of Baltimore, hence for Queenstown and Liverpool.

Bark Tonquin, (of Bath,) Batchelder, Cienfuegos 22 ds., with sugar to C. C. Duncan & Co. Aug. 29, Robert A. Westerbank, cook, of New-York, died. Aug. 22, Geo. Emmett, seaman, of Ireland, jumped overboard and was lost.

Brig Porto Plato, (Brem.,) Hachtman, Porto Platt 13 ds., with tobacco to Gelpcke, Keutgen & Reichalt. The brig Louisa, hence, sld. for St. Jago de Cuba Aug. 23.

Brig Allston, Carlson, Elizabethport, with coal, for Boston.

Schr. Tantic, Bancroft, New-Bedford, for Elizabeth port.

Schr. Edwin, Mitchill, Eastport 7 ds., with laths, &c., to Jed Frye.

Schr. Lewisville, (Br.,) Taylor, Dorchester, N. B., 13 ds., with stone to P. I. Nevius & Son.

Schr. A. P. Howe, Corson, Beaufort, N. C., 7 ds., with naval stores to D. C. Murray.

Schr. H. M. Shaddick, Williams, Philadelphia, with coal, for Norwich.

Schr. William Collyer, Rayner, Philadelphia, with coal, for Fall River.

Schr. Eudora, Treworgy, Ellsworth 6 ds., with spars to C. & E. J. Peters.

Schr. Ann Raynor, Raynor, Philadelphia, with coal, for Port Morris.

Schr. Mindoro, Sargent, Bonaire 16 ds., with salt to Miller & Houghton.

Schr. Levi Rome, (of New-Haven,) Thomas, Eletheura 10 ds., with fruit to J. Eneas.

Schr. Andrew Stewart, Abrams, Virginia 2 ds., with potatoes.

Schr. E. W. Parker, Parker, Virginia, with wood.

Schr. J. L. Raynor, Rogers, Baltimore, with coal.

Schr. Nelson Harvey, Briggs, Boston, for Albany.

Schr. H. Curtis, Smith, Providence 2 ds.

Schr. B. F. Brainerd, Brooks, Portland 2 ds., stone.

Schr. B. D. Pitts, Buchanan, New-Bedford 3 ds.

Schr. T. B. Smith, Briggs, New-Bedford, for Albany.

Schr. Granite Lodge, Gory, Rockport 3 ds., with fish.

WIND—During the day from N. W., strong.

Below.

Ship Black Hawk, Bowers, from Callao.

Brig Julia Ford, from Turks Island.—(Both by pilot-boat Christian Bergh.)

Ship Rhine, Moore, London and Deal Aug. 5.

Bark Overmann, Sterling, St. Jago.

Bark Wave Crest, Harmon, Buenos Ayres.

Bark Mary Bentley, Page, Sagua.

Brig Pio Nono, (Italian.) Also 1 ship and 1 brig.

Sailed.

Steamship Africa, Liverpool. Ships Genoa, Antwerp; South Carolina, New Orleans; Flying Childers, for San Francisco; Andover, for New-Orleans. Schr. Phebe, for Havana, and others.

By Telegraph.

NEW-ORLEANS, Sept. 12—Arr. ships Maid of Orleans, from New-York; Brandywine, from Boston; bark Delphos, from Boston.

NEW-ORLEANS, Sept. 12—Arr. bark Gen. Taylor, from Boston.

BOSTON, Sept. 12—Arr. steamer Massachusetts, Sampson, from Charleston; barks Speedwell, Mayo, from Beyrout; Osmanli, Gordon, from Algoa Bay; Oriental, Parker, from Sunderland.

Miscellaneous.

Antigua, Aug. 17.—The schr. Hiawatha, Evans, from New-York, arrived last evening. The captain reports that a heavy sea struck her when three or four days out "a stern," while scudding in a W. S. W. gale; lost boat, split mainsail, lost jib, and cabin filled with water. Sounded pumps, and found vessel leaking; proceeded on his voyage, and on the morning of the 16th touched on the lee side of the Island of Barbados; was on the reef one hour and a half; threw overboard some cargo, consisting of corn and candles, and succeeded in getting her off, and arrived here on the 16th. A survey has been held; found her making 1½ inches of water per hour. The Brem. brig J. T. Hayes, with coal, from Newport, Eng., bound to St. Thomas, was wrecked here on the 11th inst. Vessel and cargo sold for $244 80; rigging, &c., not yet sold. Insured in England.—(By telegraph to Ellwood Walter, Esq., Secretary Board of Underwriters.)

Foreign Ports.

At Havre, Aug. 29, Masconomo, of Boston, Swasey, for New-York Aug. 28; Germania, Townsend, do., Sept. 8; Guttenburg, of and for New-Orleans Sept. 5; Enterprise, McKean, for New-York Sept. 16; Charter Oak, of Searsport, Flitner, do., unknwn.; Pequot, of Saco, Davis, unknwn.; James L. Bogert, Couillard, do.; Elizabeth, Hamilton, Harding, do.; Admiral, Bliffen, for New-York; Sarah G. Hyde, of Bath, Bailey, unknwn.; Onward, Coombs, do.; Warwick, of New-Orleans, Durerger, do.; Nuremberg, of and for New-Orleans; Schniedan, Mercury, French, for New-York.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

$5. SPECIAL NOTICE. $5.

The ELLIPTIC BED-SPRING CO. have removed from Broadway to their new and spacious store, No. 154 Chatham-st., where, with greatly increased facilities, they will be enabled to supply hereafter the demand for their unrivaled

ELLIPTIC SPRING-BED BOTTOMS.

Parties who have been unable heretofore to procure our Beds may now order them with a certainty of their favors receiving prompt attention.

The immense number of Springs sold warrants us in reducing the price of the full size to $5 each. In addition to this, a liberal discount is made to dealers and agents buying by the quantity. Clergymen supplied at wholesale prices. Every reader should send for our descriptive Circular, Address

GEO. F. GRAY, Secretary,
No. 154 Chatham-st., N. Y.

P. S.—BEDSTEADS and BEDDING of every description, at lowest possible prices. Exclusive agency for Palmer's Portable and Adjustable Mosquito Canopies. This is decidedly the finest article for the purpose ever before offered to the public. The trade supplied.

CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS.

GRAND OPENING.

ALL THE NEW AND FASHIONABLE STYLES FOR THE SEASON, IN ENDLESS VARIETY,

At every price, from $3 upwards.

Ladies will find our garments, in style, quality and manufacture, equal to any house in Broadway, while our prices are at the usual low rates for which we have such an extended reputation.

W. K. PEYTON,
Wholesale and Retail Manufacturer,
No. 264 Bowery, near Houston-st.

GRAND RATIFICATION MEETING AT THE COOPER INSTITUTE.—The XXIId Ward Republican Association are requested to meet at No. 624 8th-av., at 7½ o'clock THIS (Thursday) EVENING, and proceed to the "Cooper Institute" The "Wide-Awake Club" and the "German Association" of the Ward are cordially invited to join the procession. By order.

JOHN IVES, President.
Alfred Lancaster, Chairman of Com. of Arr.

AS COOK, &c., CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Wanted, by two respectable girls, situations, one as cook and assist with the washing and ironing; the other as waitress, or chambermaid and fine washing; both have the best City reference, and can be highly recommended by the family they just left. Call at No. 159 25th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

A FINE SUITE OF ROOMS TO RENT—At the Madison Park House, No. 2 West 25th-st., corner of Broadway, opposite Worth Monument. Private tables furnished if preferred. The best of reference required.

BOARDING IN A PRIVATE FAMILY FOR a gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, at No. 107 Christopher-st. Reference required.